

68603

Delaval, Jan

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**From:** Roark, Jessica  
**Sent:** Wednesday, June 12, 2002 10:45 AM  
**To:** Delaval, Jan  
**Subject:** 09/780035

Jan,

Please search the following from 09/780,035 in all protein databases

SEQ ID NOS:9-14.

Results on paper please.

Thanks!

*Jessica H. Roark*

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Jan Delaval  
Reference Librarian  
Biotechnology & Chemical Library  
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100-20

100-20

100-20

100-20



PS Claim 1: Page 88; 91pp; English.

XX The present invention provides the protein and coding sequences of  
CC anti-CD40 antibodies. These can be used in the treatment of cancer and  
CC inflammatory and immune system diseases, including systemic lupus  
CC erythematosus, scleroderma, inflammatory myositis, Sjogren's syndrome,  
CC mixed connective tissue disease, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple  
CC sclerosis, inflammatory bowel disease, acute respiratory distress  
CC syndrome, pulmonary inflammation, osteoporosis, delayed type  
CC hypersensitivity, asthma, primary biliary cirrhosis and idiopathic  
CC thrombocytopenic purpura.

XX Sequence 6 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 22; Length 6;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIHH 6  
1 tgyyih 6

# RESULT 2

ID AAG65299 standard; protein; 6 AA.

AC AAG65299;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy chain CDR1 fragment.

XX IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antineoplastic; cerebroprotective;  
KW neurotropic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;  
KM immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.  
XX Homo sapiens.

OS WO200158956-A2.

PN 16-AUG-2001.

PD 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

PE 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

PR (BADI) BASF AG.

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;  
PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;  
PI Lennard SN;

DR WPI; 2001-550020/61.

XX Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human  
XX interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,  
XX neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
XX autoimmune diseases -

PS Claim 25; Page 37; 91pp; English.

XX The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
CC inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease,  
CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders  
CC (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease,  
CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
CC as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders  
CC (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18

CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy  
CC chain CDR1 fragment.

XX Sequence 6 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 22; Length 6;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIHH 6  
1 tgyyih 6

# RESULT 3

ID AAG65308 standard; protein; 113 AA.

AC AAG65308;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy chain sequence.

XX IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antineoplastic; cerebroprotective;  
KW neurotropic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;  
KM immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.  
XX Homo sapiens.

OS WO200158956-A2.

PN 16-AUG-2001.

PD 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

PE 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

PR (BADI) BASF AG.

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;  
PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;  
PI Lennard SN;

DR WPI; 2001-550020/61.  
N-PSDB; AAH47511.

XX Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human  
XX interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,  
XX neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
XX autoimmune diseases -

PS Example 2; Page 37; 91pp; English.

XX The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
CC inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease,  
CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders  
CC (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease,  
CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
CC as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders  
CC (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18  
CC antibody may occur before, concurrently, or after administration of a  
CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory



CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy  
 CC chain sequence.  
 XX  
 XX Sequence 113 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 22; Length 113;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 7.5;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYIYH 6  
 |||||  
 Db 30 tgyyih 35

RESULT 4  
 AAG65352  
 ID AAG65352 standard; Protein: 113 AA.  
 XX  
 XX AAG65352;

XX 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

XX Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy chain.

DE IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;  
 KW neurotropic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;  
 KM immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200158956-A2.

PD 16-AUG-2001.

PF 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

PR 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

PA (BADI) BASF AG.

XX Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;  
 PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorroock CP, Thompson JR;  
 PI Leonard SN;

DR WPI: 2001-550020/61.  
 N-PSDB: AAH47511.

XX Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human  
 PI interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,  
 PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
 PT autoimmune diseases -

PS Example 2; Page 86; 91pp; English.

CC The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
 CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
 CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
 CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
 CC inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease,  
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders  
 CC (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and  
 CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
 CC as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders  
 CC (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18  
 CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
 CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
 CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
 CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
 CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy  
 CC chain.

XX Sequence 113 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 22; Length 113;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 7.5;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYIYH 6  
 |||||  
 Db 30 tgyyih 35

RESULT 5  
 AAB50793  
 ID AAB50793 standard; Protein: 114 AA.  
 XX  
 XX AAB50793;

XX 21-MAR-2001 (first entry)

DE Murine antibody S2C6 heavy chain variable region.

XX Mouse; antibody; S2C6; heavy chain variable region; CD40; cancer;  
 KW inflammatory disease; immune system disorder.

OS Mus musculus.

PN WO200075348-A1.

PD 14-DEC-2000.

PF 08-JUN-2000; 2000WO-US15749.

PR 08-JUN-1999; 99US-0328296.

PA (SEAT-) SEATTLE GENETICS INC.

XX Siegal CB, Wahl AF, Francisco JA, Fell HP;

DR WPI: 2001-071080/08.  
 N-PSDB: AAC91890.

XX Anti-CD40 antibodies which immunospecifically bind CD40, useful for  
 PT prevention and treatment of cancer, inflammatory diseases and disorders  
 PT or deficiencies of immune system -  
 PT  
 PS Claim 3; Fig 2; 91pp; English.

CC The present invention provides the protein and coding sequences of  
 CC anti-CD40 antibodies. These can be used in the treatment of cancer and  
 CC inflammatory and immune system diseases, including systemic lupus  
 CC erythematosus, scleroderma, inflammatory myositis, Sjogren's syndrome,  
 CC mixed connective tissue disease, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple  
 CC sclerosis, inflammatory bowel disease, acute respiratory distress  
 CC syndrome, pulmonary inflammation, osteoporosis, delayed type  
 CC hypersensitivity, asthma, primary biliary cirrhosis and idiopathic  
 CC thrombocytopenic purpura.

XX Sequence 114 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 22; Length 114;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 7.5;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYIYH 6  
 |||||  
 Db 30 tgyyih 35

RESULT 6  
 AAE03752  
 ID AAE03752 standard; Protein: 121 AA.

XX

AC AAE03752;

XX 07-AUG-2001 (first entry)

XX Murine PSCA Ab heavy chain variable region domain from clone 6B8.1D7.2B3.

XX Murine; prostate stem cell antigen; PSCA; cytostatic; gene therapy;  
KW glycoprotein; cancer; prostate; bladder; lung; tumour; Ab; antibody;  
KV heavy chain variable domain; VH.

XX Mus musculus.

FH Key Location/Qualifiers  
FT 26..35  
FT Region /label= CDRIFT /note= "Complementarity determining region 1"  
FT 50..66  
FT Region /label= CDR2FT /note= "Complementarity determining region 2"  
FT 99..103  
FT Region /label= CDR3

FT /note= "Complementarity determining region 3"

XX WO200140309-A2.

XX 07-JUN-2001.

XX 27-OCT-2000; 2000WO-US29603.

XX 29-OCT-1999; 99US-0162558.

XX 16-FEB-2000; 2000US-0182872.

XX (GETH ) GENENTECH INC.

XX Devaux B, Keller G, Koeppen H, Lasky LA;

XX WPI; 2001-389954/41.

XX Novel anti-prostate stem cell antigen (PSCA) antibody that internalizes  
PT on binding to PSCA on mammalian cell and inhibits growth of  
PT PSCA-expressing cancer cells in vivo, useful for killing  
PT PSCA-expressing cancer cells -

XX Claim 22; Fig 12; 112pp; English.

XX The present sequence is murine prostate stem cell antigen (PSCA)

XX antibody (Ab) heavy chain variable region domain (VH) from hybridoma  
CC clone 6B8.1D7.2B3, Asc# 2761. PSCA is a single subunit glycoprotein that  
CC is expressed on the cell surface as a glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-  
CC anchored protein. The present invention relates to anti-PSCA antibody  
CC composition and methods of killing PSCA-expressing cancer cells. PSCA is  
CC useful for inhibiting and killing the growth of PSCA-expressing cancer  
CC cells such as prostate cancer, bladder cancer or lung cancer cells.  
CC Humanised antibody conjugated to a toxin or a radioactive isotope is used  
CC for killing the cancer cells. PSCA is useful for specifically targeting  
CC PSCA-expressing tumour cells in vivo and for inhibiting or killing these  
CC cells. The antibodies are also useful for treating the above mentioned  
CC cancers and for diagnosing and staging of PSCA-expressing cancer, for  
CC purification or immunoprecipitation of PSCA from cells, and for detection  
CC and quantitation of PSCA in vitro. PSCA DNA is also useful for treating  
CC cancers by gene therapy techniques.

SQ Sequence 121 AA;

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 37; DB 22; Length 121;  
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYTTH 6

DB 30 Tgytth 35

RESULT 7  
AAU02587  
ID AAU02587 standard; Protein; 123 AA.

XX AAU02587;

XX 29-AUG-2001 (first entry)

XX Anti-adipocyte monoclonal antibody heavy chain, FAT 74.

XX Antibody; adipocyte; heavy chain; light chain; obesity; fat;  
KW heart disease; complementarity determining region; CDR.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO200127279-A1.

XX 19-Apr-2001.

XX 11-OCT-2000; 2000WO-GB03900.

XX 12-OCT-1999; 99US-0158812.

XX (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

XX Edwards BM, Main SH, Vaughan TJ;

XX WPI; 2001-282031/29.

XX N-PSDB; AAS03487.

XX Claim 1; Page 147; 182pp; English.

XX AAU02501-AAU02635, and AAU02641-AAU02748 represent the amino acid  
CC sequences of anti-adipocyte monoclonal antibody heavy chain, light  
CC chain, and heavy chain complementarity determining regions (CDR) of the  
CC invention. The antibodies can be used in the treatment of obesity and  
CC obesity related diseases. The antibodies can be used to deliver drugs or  
CC pro-drugs directly to the fat mass of an obese patient or the antibody  
CC can be used as a therapeutic itself. Antibodies binding specifically to  
CC adipocytes can be used to activate the immune system to destroy the cells  
CC by complement mediated lysis. The antibodies may be labeled with a  
CC detectable label such as radiolabel, fluorescent or chemical group and  
CC used in methods of diagnosis in human subjects e.g. to determine the  
CC presence of adipocyte antigen on the surface of an adipocyte to detect or  
CC determine the presence or level of adipocytes in a cell or tissue sample.  
CC The antibodies can be used as an alternative means of treatment for obese  
CC patients other than undergoing surgery to remove excess fat. Antibodies  
CC for different types of fat deposits can also be produced e.g. intra-  
CC abdominal fat associated with heart disease.

SQ Sequence 123 AA;

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 37; DB 22; Length 123;  
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYTTH 6

DB 30 Tgytth 35

RESULT 8

AAE03757  
ID AAE03757 standard; Protein; 222 AA.

XX AAE03757;

DT 07-AUG-2001 (first entry)  
 XX Chimeric antibody 6B8 Fab heavy chain (6B8.1D7.2B3).  
 DE Chimeric antibody 6B8 Fab heavy chain (6B8.1D7.2B3).  
 XX Murine: prostate stem cell antigen; PSCA; cytostatic; gene therapy;  
 KM glycoprotein; cancer; prostate; bladder; lung; tumour; Ab; antibody;  
 KM human; antibody binding fragment; Fab; heavy chain region.  
 XX Chimeric - Mus musculus.  
 OS Chimeric - Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 FH Key location/Qualifiers  
 FT Region 1..115  
 FT /note="Derived from mouse heavy chain variable  
 FT region (VH)"  
 FT 116..222  
 FT Region  
 FT /note="Derived from human heavy chain constant  
 FT region"  
 FT  
 FT WO200140309-A2.  
 XX  
 XX 07-JUN-2001.  
 XX  
 XX 27-OCT-2000; 2000WO-US29603.  
 XX  
 XX 29-OCT-1999; 99US-0162558.  
 XX 16-FEB-2000; 2000US-0182872.  
 XX  
 XX (GETH ) GENENTECH INC.  
 XX  
 XX Devaux B, Keller G, Koeppen H, Lasky LA;  
 PI WPI: 2001-389954/41.  
 DR  
 XX Novel anti-prostate stem cell antigen (PSCA) antibody that internalizes  
 PT on binding to PSCA on mammalian cell and inhibits growth of  
 PT PSCA-expressing cancer cells in vivo, useful for killing  
 PT PSCA-expressing cancer cells  
 PT  
 XX Claim 5; Fig 13; 112pp; English.  
 PS  
 XX The present chimeric sequence is full length 2761 antibody binding  
 CC fragment (Fab) heavy chain (6B8.1D7.2B3) derived from murine heavy  
 CC chain variable region (VH) and human heavy chain constant region.  
 CC This antibody binds to prostate stem cell antigen (PSCA) which is a  
 CC single subunit glycoprotein that is expressed on the cell surface as a  
 CC glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchored protein. The present  
 CC invention relates to anti-PSCA antibody composition and methods of  
 CC killing PSCA-expressing cancer cells. PSCA is useful for inhibiting and  
 CC killing the growth of PSCA-expressing cancer cells such as prostate  
 CC cancer, bladder cancer or lung cancer cells. Humanized antibody  
 CC conjugated to a toxin or a radioactive isotope is used for killing the  
 CC cancer cells. PSCA is useful for specifically targeting PSCA-expressing  
 CC tumour cells in vivo and for inhibiting or killing these cells. The  
 CC antibodies are also useful for treating the above mentioned cancers and  
 CC for diagnosing and staging of PSCA-expressing cancer, for purification  
 CC or immunoprecipitation of PSCA from cells, and for detection and  
 CC quantitation of PSCA in vitro. PSCA DNA is also useful for treating  
 CC cancers by gene therapy techniques.  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 222 AA;  
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 22; Length 222;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 15;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
 IIIIII  
 Db 30 tgyyih 35  
 RESULT 9

ABBS8739  
 ID ABB58739 standard; Protein; 1471 AA.  
 XX  
 XX ABB58739;  
 AC  
 XX 26-MAR-2002 (first entry)  
 DT  
 XX Drosophila melanogaster polypeptide SEQ ID NO 3009.  
 DE  
 XX Drosophila: developmental biology; cell signalling; insecticide;  
 KM pharmaceutical.  
 KM Drosophila melanogaster.  
 OS  
 XX Drosophila melanogaster.  
 XX WO200171042-A2.  
 XX 27-SEP-2001.  
 XX  
 XX 23-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US09231.  
 XX  
 XX 23-MAR-2000; 2000US-191637P.  
 XX 11-JUL-2000; 2000US-0614150.  
 XX  
 XX (PEKE ) PE CORP NY.  
 XX  
 XX Venter JC, Adams M, Li PWD, Myers EW;  
 PI WPI: 2001-656860/75.  
 DR N-PSDB; ABL02842.  
 DR  
 XX New isolated nucleic acid detection reagent for detecting 1000 or more  
 PT genes from Drosophila and for elucidating cell signalling and cell-cell  
 PT interactions -  
 PT  
 XX Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 3009; 21pp + Sequence Listing; English.  
 PS  
 XX The invention relates to an isolated nucleic acid detection reagent  
 CC capable of detecting 1000 or more genes from Drosophila. The invention is  
 CC useful in developmental biology and in elucidating cell signalling and  
 CC cell-cell interactions in higher eukaryotes for the development of  
 CC insecticides, therapeutics and pharmaceutical drugs. The invention  
 CC discloses genomic DNA sequences (AB16176-AB130511), expressed DNA  
 CC sequences (AB101840-AB16175) and the encoded proteins  
 CC (ABBS7737-ABBS2072).  
 CC The sequence data for this patent did not form part of the printed  
 CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIP0  
 CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published\_pt\_sequences.  
 CC  
 XX Sequence 1471 AA;  
 SQ  
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 22; Length 1471;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1e+02;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
 IIIIII  
 Db 679 tgyyih 684  
 RESULT 10  
 ABB64278  
 ID ABB64278 standard; Protein; 608 AA.  
 XX  
 XX ABB64278;  
 AC  
 XX 26-MAR-2002 (first entry)  
 DT  
 XX Drosophila melanogaster polypeptide SEQ ID NO 19626.  
 DE  
 XX Drosophila: developmental biology; cell signalling; insecticide;  
 KM pharmaceutical.  
 KM

OS Drosophila melanogaster.  
 XX WO200171042-A2.  
 XX 27-SEP-2001.  
 XX 23-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US09231.  
 XX 23-MAR-2000; 2000US-191637P.  
 XX 11-JUL-2000; 2000US-0614150.  
 XX (PEKE ) PE CORP NY.  
 XX Venter JC, Adams M, Li PWD, Myers EW;  
 XX WPI; 2001-656860/75.  
 XX N-PSDB; ABL08381.  
 XX New isolated nucleic acid detection reagent for detecting 1000 or more  
 XX genes from Drosophila and for elucidating cell signalling and cell-cell  
 XX interactions -  
 PS Disclosure; SEQ ID NO 19626; 21pp + Sequence Listing; English.  
 XX  
 CC The invention relates to an isolated nucleic acid detection reagent  
 CC capable of detecting 1000 or more genes from Drosophila. The invention is  
 CC useful in developmental biology and in elucidating cell signalling and  
 CC cell-cell interactions in higher eukaryotes for the development of  
 CC insecticides, therapeutics and pharmaceutical drugs. The invention  
 CC discloses genomic DNA sequences (ABL01840-ABL16175), expressed DNA  
 CC sequences (AB01840-AB01840) and the encoded proteins  
 CC (AB01840-AB01840).  
 CC The sequence data for this patent did not form part of the printed  
 CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO  
 CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published\_pct\_sequences.  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 608 AA;

Query Match 97.3%; Score 36; DB 22; Length 608;  
 Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 67;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYIYH 6  
 ||||:|  
 Db 509 tgyiyh 514

ULT 11  
 79244  
 ID AAR79244 standard; Protein: 114 AA.  
 XX AAR79244;  
 AC XX  
 XX 21-DEC-1995 (first entry)  
 DT XX  
 XX Heavy chain variable region for monoclonal antibody 23F8.  
 DE XX  
 XX Monoclonal antibody; heavy metal; mercury; variable region;  
 KM heavy chain.  
 XX  
 OS Synthetic.  
 XX  
 XX W09520607-A.  
 PN  
 XX 03-AUG-1995.  
 PD  
 XX 27-JAN-1995; 95WO-US01199.  
 PF  
 XX 27-JAN-1994; 94US-0187407.  
 PR  
 XX (BION-) BIONBRASKA INC.  
 PA  
 XX

PI Lopez O, Wagner FW, Wylie DE;  
 XX WPI; 1995-275415/36.  
 DR N-PSDB; AA097501.  
 XX  
 XX New polypeptide(s) which bind heavy metals, esp. mercury - derived from  
 PT monoclonal antibodies, used for detecting, removing, adding or  
 PT neutralising heavy metals  
 PS  
 PS Claim 13; Page 58; 106pp; English.

Hydridoma antibodies have been produced with the spleen cells of  
 CC BALB/c mouse that had received multiple injections of mercuric ions  
 CC reacted with glutathione to produce a mercuric ion coordinate  
 CC covalent compound which was covalently bound to keyhole limpet  
 CC hemocyanin (KLH). Eight hydridomas (1F10, 4A10, 1C11, 5G4, 23F8, 2D5,  
 CC 5B6 and 3E8) were producing MAb's that were strongly positive  
 CC against glutathione-mercuric ions but negative against glutathione  
 CC without mercuric ions. RNA was isolated from hydridoma cells with  
 CC guanidine isothiocyanate. First strand cDNA synthesis was catalysed  
 CC by MolV reverse transcriptase. The primers used for cDNA synthesis  
 CC were complementary to the 5' end of the CH1 domain of the heavy  
 CC chain expressed by the hydridoma of interest, or to the 5' end of  
 CC the C kappa domain. Some of the primers used for cDNA synthesis are  
 CC shown in AA097511-097518. The primer used for cDNA synthesis are  
 CC variable region of a particular antibody polypeptide was also used  
 CC for PCR amplification of that variable region, in conjunction with  
 CC an appropriate V-region primer. In addition, the VH primer AA097518  
 CC was used to amplify the mab 2D5 and 5B6 heavy chains. The sequences  
 CC of the PCR amplified nucleotides were determined. These are given  
 CC in AA097498-097510 and the deduced AA sequences in AAR79241-R79250 &  
 CC AAR78970-R78971. The descriptions of the SEQ ID nos given on pp 44-45  
 CC and in the claims are different from the descriptions in the  
 CC sequence listings. The descriptions in the sequence listings are  
 CC used here.

SQ Sequence 114 AA;

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 16; Length 114;  
 Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 28;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYIYH 6  
 ||||:|  
 Db 24 tgyiyh 29

RESULT 12  
 AAR66296  
 ID AAR66296 standard; Protein: 117 AA.  
 XX AAR66296;  
 AC XX  
 XX 07-AUG-1995 (first entry)  
 DT XX  
 XX Human immunoglobulin variable heavy chain #2.  
 DE XX  
 XX Primer: PCR; amplify; human; immunoglobulin; variable; heavy chain;  
 KM cosmid; placenta; vector; pub81; E.coli; mammalian.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 XX W09426895-A.  
 PN  
 XX 24-NOV-1994.  
 PD  
 XX 10-MAY-1993; 93WO-JP00603.  
 PF  
 XX 10-MAY-1993; 93WO-JP00603.  
 PR  
 XX (NISB ) JAPAN TOBACCO INC.  
 PA  
 XX

PI Horiyo T, Matsuda F;  
 XX  
 PS WPI; 1995-006791/01.  
 DR N-PSDB; AAO78940.  
 XX  
 PT DNA fragment comprising human immunoglobulin Vh genes - for the  
 PT production of human immunoglobulin in mammalian hosts  
 PS  
 XX Disclosure; Page 32-33; 130pp; Japanese.  
 CC  
 CC Protein sequences (AA066295-51) are novel human immunoglobulin heavy  
 CC chain sequences encoded by novel isolated genes. The genes  
 CC (AA079939-79002) were isolated and cloned from a series of cosmid  
 CC constructs: Y202; Y103; Y21; Y6; Y24; 3-31; M84; M18 and M31, by PCR  
 CC amplification using primers AAO78917-38. The genes are subdivided into 5  
 CC families of Vh genes. The fragments cover a region of 800 kb. The DNA  
 CC fragments were isolated from high molecular weight DNA from human  
 CC placenta. The DNA was partially digested with TaqI restriction enzyme.  
 CC The fragments were separated by gel electrophoresis and 5-45 kb fractions  
 CC were collected. The fragments were ligated with ClaI-digested cosmid  
 CC vector pIB81. The ligation products were then subcloned by colony  
 CC into E.coli 490A. The fragments were then subcloned by colony  
 CC hybridisation. The Vh genes and the DNA fragments encoding them are  
 CC useful in producing human immunoglobulin in mammalian hosts.  
 SQ  
 XX Sequence 117 AA;

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 16; Length 117;  
 Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 29;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYIYH 6  
 ||||:|  
 Db 49 tgyymh 54

## RESULT 13

AAW79228  
 ID AAW79228 standard; Protein; 123 AA.

XX  
 AC AAW79228;

XX  
 DT 21-DEC-1998 (first entry)

XX  
 DE Heavy chain variable region of human Amu 5-3.

XX  
 KM Monoclonal antibody; Mab; IO-CD2a; humanised antibody; chimeric;

XX  
 KM T-cell; Immune response; CD2 antigen; graft-versus-host disease;  
 XX human lymphocyte; transplant rejection; autoimmune disease; Amu 5-3.

XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.

XX  
 PN US5817311-A.

XX  
 PD 06-OCT-1998.

XX  
 PF 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX  
 PR 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX  
 PR 05-MAR-1993; 93US-0027008.

XX  
 PR 09-SEP-1993; 93US-0119032.

XX  
 PR 29-MAR-1995; 95US-0407009.

XX  
 PA (UYLO-) UNIV CATHOLIQUE LOUVAIN.

XX  
 PI Bazin H, Latime D;

XX  
 DR WPI; 1998-556337/47.

XX  
 PT Inhibition of T-cell mediated immune response with anti-CD2  
 PT monoclonal antibody IO-CD2a - used for preventing transplant  
 PT rejection or for treating graft-versus-host disease or auto-immune

PT diseases  
 XX  
 PS Example 7; Fig 33; 96pp; English.

CC This represents the amino acid sequence of the light chain variable  
 CC region of human antibody clone Amu 5-3. This is used to construct a  
 CC monoclonal antibody LO-CD2a. The invention relates to the use of the  
 CC monoclonal antibody (Mab) LO-CD2a or a humanised or a chimeric version  
 CC of the LO-CD2a antibody for the inhibition of a T-cell mediated immune  
 CC response in a patient. The Mab LO-CD2a (produced by hybridoma cell line  
 CC ATCC HB 11423) can bind to an epitope on the CD2 antigen of the human  
 CC lymphocytes. The T-cell mediated immune response in a patient can be  
 CC inhibited by administering the Mab LO-CD2a or an antibody that binds to  
 CC the same human lymphocyte epitope as LO-CD2a. The method is used for  
 CC preventing transplant rejection or for treating graft-versus host  
 CC disease or for treating autoimmune diseases.

SQ  
 XX Sequence 123 AA;

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 19; Length 123;  
 Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 31;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYIYH 6  
 ||||:|  
 Db 30 tgyymh 35

## RESULT 14

AAW87655  
 ID AAW87655 standard; Protein; 124 AA.

XX  
 AC AAW87655;

XX  
 DT 11-AUG-2000 (first entry)

XX  
 DE Murine PIP3 recognizing Mab variable region heavy chain protein.

XX  
 KM PIP3; phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-triphosphate; variable region;  
 XX immunogen; antibody; heavy chain.

XX  
 OS Mus sp.

XX  
 PN JP2000083664-A.

XX  
 PD 28-MAR-2000.

XX  
 PF 07-SEP-1998; 98JP-0252921.

XX  
 PF 07-SEP-1998; 98JP-0252921.

XX  
 PR (FUKU/) FUKUI Y.  
 XX (IGAK-) IGAKU SEIBUTSUGAKU KENKYUSHO KK.

XX  
 PA WPI; 2000-353334/31.

XX  
 DR N-PSDB; AAA12202.

XX  
 PT A monoclonal antibody recognizing  
 PT phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-triphosphate -

XX  
 PS Claim 5; Page 11; 15pp; Japanese.

CC This invention describes a novel antibody specifically recognizing  
 CC phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-triphosphate (PIP3). The antibody of the  
 CC invention is used in immunogenic compositions in which a dead  
 CC Salmonella genus microbe is used as an adjuvant and mixed with PIP3. The  
 CC antibody can be used in an immunoassay containing a step in which the  
 CC above antibody or its variable region is reacted with PIP3 present in a  
 CC sample and the bond based on their immunological reaction. The method  
 CC can determine PIP3 easily in a high sensitivity. This sequence represents  
 CC the murine PIP3 recognizing monoclonal antibody variable region heavy  
 CC chain described in the method of the invention.

XX Sequence 124 AA;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 91.9%; Score 34; DB 21; Length 124;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYVTH 6  
||||:|  
DB 30 tgyymh 35

OY 1 TGYVTH 6  
||||:|  
DB 49 tgyymh 54

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:23:31  
Job time: 316 sec

## RESULT 15

AAW22841 ID AAW22841 standard; Protein; 146 AA.

AC AAW22841;

DT 12-SEP-1997 (first entry)

Human anti-tumour antigen antibody heavy chain variable region.

Human: tumour antigen; cancer; monoclonal; antibody; heavy chain;  
variable region; medicine; pharmacology; biochemistry; CDR;  
complementarity determining region.

Homo sapiens.

Key	Location/Qualifiers
Peptide	1..19
Peptide	/label= sig_peptide
Peptide	20..146
Peptide	/label= mat_peptide
Region	50..54
Region	/label= CDR_1
Region	69..85
Region	/label= CDR_2
Region	118..139
Region	/label= CDR_3

JP09100300-A.

15-APR-1997.

03-OCT-1995; 95JP-0278266.

03-OCT-1995; 95JP-0278266.

(HAGI/) HAGIWARA Y.

WPI; 1997-276726/25.

N-PSDB; AAT75422.

Anticancer human monoclonal antibody variable region sequences - and  
related DNA and RNA

Claim 3; Page 10; 14pp; Japanese.

The present sequence is a human anti-tumour antigen  
monoclonal antibody (Mab) heavy chain variable region, useful in  
medicine, pharmacology and biochemistry. The isotype of a Mab  
secreted by the human/human hybridoma HT was determined to be mu  
and kappa. Human Mab was purified, and the antigen recognised by  
human Mab CLN-1gm identified by western blotting.

Sequence 146 AA;

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 18; Length 146;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. NO. 37;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:24:36 ; Search time 29.47 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
7.883 Million cell updates/sec

Title: us-09-780-035-9

Perfect score: 37

Sequence: 1 TGYIYH 6

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 105224 seqs, 38719550 residues

number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 105224

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt\_40:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	34	91.9	117	1	HVIG_HUMAN
2	33	89.2	231	1	Q92D54_RICPR
3	33	89.2	524	1	VL2_HPV17
4	32	86.5	87	1	VPR_HV2BE
5	32	86.5	182	1	GRPE_AQDNE
6	32	86.5	209	1	RANA_LOTJA
7	32	86.5	209	1	RANB_LOTJA
8	32	86.5	221	1	RANL_ARATH
9	32	86.5	221	1	RANL_LYCES
10	32	86.5	221	1	RAN2_ARATH
11	32	86.5	221	1	RAN2_LYCES
12	32	86.5	221	1	RANA_TOBAC
13	32	86.5	221	1	RANB_TOBAC
14	32	86.5	221	1	RANL_VICFA
15	32	86.5	632	1	ATEL_ARATH
16	31	83.8	590	1	HMDE_DROME
17	31	83.8	643	1	VP4B_VACCV
18	31	83.8	644	1	VP4B_VACCC
19	31	83.8	644	1	VP4B_VACCV
20	31	83.8	195	1	TRIN_SULTO
21	30	81.1	232	1	EY2A_HUMAN
22	30	81.1	263	1	YC56_PORPU
23	30	81.1	289	1	SOXR_ARSP
24	30	81.1	324	1	YFDA_ARSP
25	30	81.1	420	1	DHE3_PYRO
26	30	81.1	486	1	PHOQ_ECOLI
27	30	81.1	487	1	PHOQ_SALTY
28	30	81.1	638	1	SCAD_HUMAN
29	30	81.1	638	1	SCAD_PANTR
30	30	81.1	762	1	ACCY_BOVIN
31	30	81.1	846	1	PAC_ECOLI
32	30	81.1	5376	1	ZAN_MOUSE
33	29	78.4	168	1	PRD5_DROME

34	29	78.4	312	1	DHRK_MOUSE
35	29	78.4	314	1	MIAA_CHLU
36	29	78.4	314	1	MIAA_CHLTR
37	29	78.4	317	1	YG00_HAEN
38	29	78.4	340	1	MYMS_BOVIN
39	29	78.4	496	1	ERGI_CANAL
40	29	78.4	512	1	ER24_SEPYL
41	29	78.4	591	1	SYFB_CAEEL
42	29	78.4	919	1	RPO2_CAPVK
43	29	78.4	1451	1	MYMI_HUMAN
44	29	78.4	1666	1	MYMI_MOUSE
45	29	78.4	3038	1	TRIO_HUMAN

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	
HVIG_HUMAN	
ID HVIG_HUMAN	STANDARD; PRT; 117 AA.
AC P23083;	
DT 01-NOV-1991 (Rel. 20, Created)	
DT 01-NOV-1991 (Rel. 20, Last sequence update)	
DT 15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 38, Last annotation update)	
DE Ig heavy chain V-I region V35 precursor.	
OS Homo sapiens (Human)	
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;	
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.	
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;	
XP MEDLINE-88296408; PubMed-2841108;	
RA Matsuda F., Lee K.H., Nakai S., Sato T., Kodaira M., Zong S.O.,	
RA Ono H., Fukuhara S., Honjo T.;	
RT "Dispersed localization of D segments in the human immunoglobulin	
RT heavy-chain locus."	
RL EMBO J. 7:1047-1051(1988).	
CC -----	
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CC or send an email to <a href="mailto:license@sib-sib.ch">license@sib-sib.ch</a> ).	
CC -----	
CC EMBL; X07448; ; NOT_ANNOTATED_CDS.	
DR PIR; S00476; HVH035.	
DR InterPro; IPR003006; IG_MHC.	
DR InterPro; IPR003596; IG_V.	
DR Pfam; PF00047; Ig_V.	
DR SMART; SM00406; IGV; 1.	
KW Immunoglobulin V region; Signal.	
FT SIGNAL	
FT CHAIN	
FT NON_TER	
FT SEQUENCE	
QY 1 TGYIYH 6	
Db 49 TGYIYH 54	
Query Match	91.9%; Score 34; DB 1; Length 117;
Best Local Similarity	83.3%; Pred. No. 2.5;
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;	
RESULT 2	
Y493_RICPR	
ID Y493_RICPR	STANDARD; PRT; 231 AA.
AC Q92D54;	
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Created)	

DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last sequence update)  
 DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)  
 DE Hypothetical aldolase class II protein RP493.  
 GN RP493.  
 OS Rickettsia prowazekii.  
 CC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; alpha subdivision; Rickettsiales;  
 CC Rickettsiaceae; Rickettsiinae; Rickettsia.  
 CC NCBI\_TaxID=782;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=MADRID E;  
 RX MEDLINE=99039499; PubMed=9823893;  
 RA Andersson S.G.E., Zomorodipour A., Andersson J.O.,  
 RA Slicheritz-Ponten T., Alsmark U.C.M., Podowski R.M., Naeslund A.K.,  
 RA Eriksson A.-S., Winkler H.H., Kurland C.G.;  
 RT "The genome sequence of Rickettsia prowazekii and the origin of  
 RT mitochondria."  
 RL Nature 396:133-140(1998).  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE ALDOLASE CLASS II FAMILY.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE ALDOLASE CLASS II FAMILY.

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DR EMBL: AJ235272; CAA14945.1;  
 DR InterPro: IPR001303; Aldolase-II.  
 DR Pfam: PF00596; Aldolase-II; 1.  
 KW Hypothetical protein; Zinc; Complete proteome.  
 FT METAL 94 94 ZINC (BY SIMILARITY).  
 FT METAL 96 96 ZINC (BY SIMILARITY).  
 FT METAL 158 158 ZINC (BY SIMILARITY).  
 SO SEQUENCE 231 AA; 26849 MW; F48D03ADCB36DD08 CRC64;

Query Match 89.2%; Score 33; DB 1; Length 231;  
 Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 8;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
 DB 74 TGYFIH 79

-----  
 ID V02\_HPV17 STANDARD; PRT; 524 AA.  
 AC P36751;  
 DT 01-JUN-1994 (Rel. 29, Created)  
 DT 01-JUN-1994 (Rel. 29, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last annotation update)  
 DE Minor capsid protein L2.  
 GN L2.  
 OS Human papillomavirus type 17.  
 CC Viruses; dsDNA viruses, no RNA stage; Papillomaviridae;  
 CC Papillomavirus.  
 CC NCBI\_TaxID=10607;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RA MEDLINE=94265501; PubMed=8205838;  
 RA Delius H., Hofmann B.;  
 RT "Primer-directed sequencing of human papillomavirus types."  
 RT Curr. Top. Microbiol. Immunol. 186:13-31(1994).  
 CC -----  
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 CC -----  
 DR EMBL: X74469; CAA52516.1; -.  
 DR PIR: S36483; S36483.  
 DR InterPro: IPR000784; Late\_L2.  
 DR Pfam: PF00513; Late\_protein\_L2; 1.  
 KW Coat protein; Late protein.  
 SO SEQUENCE 524 AA; 56865 MW; 7EDAFCL17FEBD9C5 CRC64;

Query Match 89.2%; Score 33; DB 1; Length 524;  
 Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 19;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
 DB 476 TGYFIH 481

-----  
 ID VPR\_HV2BE STANDARD; PRT; 87 AA.  
 AC P18100;  
 DT 01-NOV-1990 (Rel. 16, Created)  
 DT 01-NOV-1990 (Rel. 16, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-JUL-1993 (Rel. 26, Last annotation update)  
 DE VPR protein (R ORF protein).  
 OS VPR.  
 GN Human immunodeficiency virus type 2 (Isolate BEN) (HIV-2).  
 CC Viruses; Retrovirdae; Retroviridae; Lentivirus.  
 CC NCBI\_TaxID=11714;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RA MEDLINE=90281594; PubMed=2353457;  
 RA Kirchhoff F., Jentsch K., Bachmann B., Stuke A., Laloux C.,  
 RA Lueke W., Stahl-Hennig C., Schneider J., Niselt K., Eigen M.,  
 RA Hunsman G.;  
 RT "A novel proviral clone of HIV-2: biological and phylogenetic  
 RT relationship to other primate immunodeficiency viruses."  
 RL Virology 177:305-311(1990).  
 CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: THIS ISOLATE IS FROM A GERMAN AIDS PATIENT (WITH  
 CC PREDOMINANTLY NEUROLOGICAL COMPLICATIONS) WHO WAS PROBABLY  
 CC INFECTED IN MALI.  
 CC -----

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 -----

DR EMBL: M30502; AAB0740.1; -.  
 DR HIV: M30502; VPR32BEM.  
 DR InterPro: IPR000012; HIV\_ORFPR.  
 DR Pfam: PF00522; VPR; 1.  
 DR PRINTS: PR00444; HIVVPRVPX.  
 KW AIDS.  
 SO SEQUENCE 87 AA; 10071 MW; CB3424E9A171DA5 CRC64;

Query Match 86.5%; Score 32; DB 1; Length 87;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.8;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 GYIYH 6  
 DB 48 GYFIH 52

RESULT 5  
 GRPE\_AQUAE



GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:23:36 ; Search time 107.96 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
9.614 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-9

Sequence: 1 TGYIH 6

1 TGYIH 6

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Searched: 562222 seqs, 172994929 residues

number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 562222

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Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 20000000000
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Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Database

```

1:  sp.archaea:*
2:  sp.bacteria:*
3:  sp.fungi:*
4:  sp.human:*
5:  sp.invertebrate:*
6:  sp.mammal:*
7:  sp.mmc:*
8:  sp.organelle:*
9:  sp.phage:*
10: sp.plant:*
11: sp.rodent:*
12: sp.virus:*
13: sp.vertebrate:*
14: sp.unclassified:*
15: sp.virus:*
16: sp.bacteriap:*
17: sp.archaeap:*

```

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	37	100.0	206	12	065297	065297 amapari vira
2	37	100.0	558	12	084169	084169 oliveros vira
3	37	100.0	1471	5	09VA99	09VA99 drosophila
4	36	97.3	218	5	015936	015936 aedes aegypti
5	36	97.3	608	5	09VWMS	09VWMS drosophila
6	34	91.9	119	4	09UL94	09UL94 homo sapien
7	34	91.9	125	4	09UL95	09UL95 homo sapien
8	33	89.2	231	16	092HU3	092HU3 rickettsia
9	32	86.5	114	10	042161	042161 arbidopsis
10	32	86.5	133	10	0947D3	0947D3 prunus persica
11	32	86.5	170	10	09ZPJ5	09ZPJ5 zea mays (m
12	32	86.5	221	10	032495	032495 arbidopsis
13	32	86.5	221	10	09XJ44	09XJ44 oryza sativa
14	32	86.5	221	10	09PS75	09PS75 cicer ariet
15	32	86.5	221	10	09XJ45	09XJ45 oryza sativa
16	32	86.5	221	10	004148	004148 arbidopsis

17	32	86.5	221	10	004664	004664	arabidopsis
18	32	86.5	221	10	094K33	094K33	arabidopsis
19	32	86.5	221	10	094AC6	094AC6	triticum aestivum
20	32	86.5	361	5	09VHR2	09VHR2	schizosaccharomyces
21	32	86.5	351	3	014133	014133	schizosaccharomyces
22	32	86.5	408	12	09J575	09J575	fowlipox virus
23	32	86.5	416	5	P09094	P09094	caenorhabditis elegans
24	32	86.5	421	16	09JY05	09JY05	neisseria meningitidis
25	32	86.5	421	16	09JTP6	09JTP6	neisseria meningitidis
26	32	86.5	605	10	09C776	09C776	arabidopsis
27	32	86.5	628	12	09O139	09O139	maestra brachycephalus
28	32	86.5	747	5	020046	020046	caenorhabditis elegans
29	32	86.5	807	10	09C7K4	09C7K4	arabidopsis
30	32	86.5	915	5	09VDR3	09VDR3	drosohila melanogaster
31	31	83.8	151	2	09RDA6	09RDA6	streptomyces
32	31	83.8	157	4	09S978	09S978	streptomyces
33	31	83.8	232	5	020030	020030	homo sapiens
34	31	83.8	241	12	09J572	09J572	fowlipox virus
35	31	83.8	272	8	033574	033574	trypanosoma brucei
36	31	83.8	272	8	033574	033574	trypanosoma brucei
37	31	83.8	307	16	09ICT4	09ICT4	pseudomonas aeruginosa
38	31	83.8	311	17	027048	027048	methanothermobacter
39	31	83.8	347	8	034096	034096	citridium
40	31	83.8	369	17	09Y9L9	09Y9L9	aeropyrum
41	31	83.8	437	12	089223	089223	variola major
42	31	83.8	449	5	020031	020031	caenorhabditis elegans
43	31	83.8	451	10	021801	021801	caenorhabditis elegans
44	31	83.8	459	10	09SYR3	09SYR3	arabidopsis
45	31	83.8	460	10	09LJ33	09LJ33	arabidopsis

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT	1		
065297			
ID	Q65297	PRELIMINARY;	ERT; 206 AA.
AC	Q65297;		
DT	01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)		
DT	01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, last sequence update)		
DT	01-DEC-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 19, last annotation update)		
DE	NCU60CAPSID PROTEIN (FRAGMENT).		
OS	Amariari virus.		
OC	Viruses; ssRNA negative-strand viruses; Arenaviridae; Arenavirus		
OX	NCBI_TaxId=45218;		
RN	[1]		
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.		
RC	STRAIN=BEAN 70563;		
RX	MEDLINE=96204596; PubMed=8623541;		
RA	Bowen M.D., Peters C.J., Nichol S.T.;		
RT	"The phylogeny of New World (Teararibe complex) arenaviruses.";		
RL	Virology 219:285-290(1996).		
DR	EMBL; U43685; AAC54828.1.		
DR	InterPro; IPR000223; Arena_nucleocap.		
DR	Pfam; PF00843; Arena_nucleocap. 1.		
DR	Prodom; PD004728; Arena_nucleocap. 1.		
FT	NON_TER	1	1
FT	NON_TER	206	206
SO	SEQUENCE	206 AA; 23256 MW; 7D64BBB31DC74D08 CRC64;	

Query Match	100.0%;	Score 37;	DB 12;	Length 206;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%;	Pred. No. 12;		
Matches	6;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches 0;
			Indels	0;
			Gaps	0;

QY	1	TGYIHH	6
Db	85	TGYIHH	90
RESULT	2		
Q84169			
ID	Q84169		PR

AC Q84169;  
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBlrel. 01, Created)  
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBlrel. 01, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBlrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
 DE NUCLEOCAPSID PROTEIN.  
 OS OLIVEROS VIRUS.  
 OC Viruses; ssRNA negative-strand viruses; Arenaviridae; Arenavirus.  
 RN NCBI\_TaxID=42764;  
 RP [1]  
 RC SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=3229-1;  
 RX MEDLINE=96177154; PubMed=8599223;  
 RA Bowen M.D., Peters C.J., Mills J.N., Nichol S.T.;  
 RT "Oliveros virus: a novel arenavirus from Argentina."  
 RL Virology 217:362-366(1996).  
 DR EMBL: U34248; AAC54655.1; -;  
 DR InterPro: IPR000229; Arena\_nucleocap.  
 DR InterPro: IPR001998; Xylose\_isom.  
 DR Pfam: PF00843; Arena\_nucleocap. 1.  
 DR Prodom: PD004728; Arena\_nucleocap. 1.  
 DR PROSITE: PS00172; XYLOSE\_ISOMERASE 1; UNKNOWN.1.  
 SQ SEQUENCE 558 AA; 62154 MW; 3F617AA78396A3D7 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 12; Length 558;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 31;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYTH 6  
 |||||  
 Db 398 TGYTH 403

RESULT 3  
 Q9VA99 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 1471 AA.  
 AC Q9VA99;  
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBlrel. 13, Created)  
 DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMBlrel. 16, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBlrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
 DE CG2176 PROTEIN.  
 GN CG2176.  
 OS Drosophila melanogaster (Fruit fly).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Tracheata; Hexapoda; Insecta;  
 OC Pterygota; Neoptera; Endopterygota; Diptera; Brachycera; Muscomorpha;  
 OC Ephydroidea; Drosophilidae; Drosophila.  
 RN NCBI\_TaxID=7227;  
 RP [1]  
 RC SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=BERKELEY;  
 RX MEDLINE=20196006; PubMed=10731132;  
 RA Adams M.D., Pelincker S.E., Holt R.A., Evans C.A., Gocayne J.D.,  
 RA Amanatides P.G., Scherer S.E., Li P.W., Hoskins R.A., Galle R.F.,  
 RA George R.A., Lewis S.E., Richards S., Ashburner M., Henderson S.N.,  
 RA Sutton G.G., Wortman J.R., Yandell M.D., Zhang Q., Chen L.X.,  
 RA Brandon R.C., Rogers Y.-H.C., Blazer V.G., Champe M., Pfeiffer B.D.,  
 RA Wan K.H., Doyle C., Baxter E.G., Helt G., Nelson C.R., Miklos G.L.G.,  
 RA Abill J.F., Agbayani A., An H.-J., Andrews-Piankoff C., Baldwin D.,  
 RA Balow R.M., Basu A., Baxendale J., Bayraktaroglu L., Beasley E.M.,  
 RA Beeson K.Y., Benos P.V., Berman B.P., Bhandari D., Bolshakov S.,  
 RA Borkova D., Botchan M.R., Bouck J., Brokstein P., Brotter P.,  
 RA Butts K.C., Busam D.A., Butler H., Cadieu E., Center A., Chandra I.,  
 RA Cherry J.M., Cawley S., Dahlke C., Davenport L.B., Davies P.,  
 RA de Pablos B., Delcher A., Deng Z., Mays A.D., Dew I., Dietz S.M.,  
 RA Dodson K., Doup L.E., Downes M., Dugan-Rocha S., Dunkov B.C., Dunn P.,  
 RA Durbin K.J., Evangelista C.C., Ferraz C., Ferrelia S., Fleischmann W.,  
 RA Foster C., Gabriellian A.E., Garg N.S., Gelbart W.M., Glasser K.,  
 RA Glodek A., Gong F., Gorrell J.H., Gu Z., Guan P., Harris M.,  
 RA Harris N.L., Harvey D., Heiman T.J., Hernandez J.R., Houck J.,  
 RA Hostin D., Houston K.A., Howland T.J., Wei M.-H., Ibegwam C.,  
 RA Jajali M., Kalush F., Karpen G.H., Ke Z., Kennison J.A., Ketchum K.A.,  
 RA Kimmel B.E., Kodira C.D., Kraft C., Kravitz S., Kulp D., Lai Z.,  
 RA Laako P., Lei Y., Levitsky A.A., Li J., Li Z., Liang Y., Lin X.,

RA Liu X., Mattei B., McIntosh T.C., McLeod M.P., McPherson D.,  
 RA Merkulov G., Milshina N.V., Moberly C., Morris J., Moshrefi A.,  
 RA Mount S.M., Moy M., Murphy B., Murphy L., Muzny D.M., Nelson D.L.,  
 RA Nelson S.M., Nelson K.A., Nixon K., Nusskern D.R., Paclet J.M.,  
 RA Palazzolo M., Pittman G.S., Pan S., Pollard J., Puri V., Reese M.G.,  
 RA Reinert K., Remington K., Saunders R.D.C., Scheeler F., Shen H.,  
 RA Shue B.C., Siden-Kiamos I., Simpson M., Skupski M.P., Smith T.,  
 RA Slier E., Spradling A.C., Stapleton M., Strong R., Sun E.,  
 RA Sytkas R., Tector C., Turner R., Venter E., Wang A.H., Wang X.,  
 RA Wang Z.-T., Wassarman D.A., Weinstein G.M., Weissbach J.,  
 RA Williams S.M., Woodage T., Worley K.C., Wu D., Yang S., Yao Q.A.,  
 RA Ye J., Yeh R.-F., Zaveri J.S., Zhan M., Zhang G., Zhao Q., Zheng L.,  
 RA Zheng X.H., Zhong F.N., Zhong W., Zhou X., Zhu S., Zhu X., Smith H.O.,  
 RA Gibbs R.A., Myers E.W., Rubin G.M., Venter J.C.;  
 RT "The genome sequence of Drosophila melanogaster."  
 RL Science 287:2165-2195(2000).  
 DR EMBL: AE003772; AAF57015.2; -;  
 DR HSSP: P00442; ICB4.  
 DR FlyBase: FBgn0039750; CG2176.  
 SQ SEQUENCE 1471 AA; 164755 MW; 503CC84AE99EB2FD CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 5; Length 1471;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 83;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYTH 6  
 |||||  
 Db 679 TGYTH 684

RESULT 4  
 O15936 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 218 AA.  
 AC O15936;  
 DT 01-JAN-1998 (TREMBlrel. 05, Created)  
 DT 01-JAN-1998 (TREMBlrel. 05, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBlrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
 DE HEXAMERIN 2 BETA (FRAGMENT).  
 GN AHX-2B.  
 OS Aedes aegypti (Yellowfever mosquito).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Tracheata; Hexapoda; Insecta;  
 OC Pterygota; Neoptera; Endopterygota; Diptera; Nematocera; Culicoidae;  
 OC Aedes.  
 RN NCBI\_TaxID=7159;  
 RP [1]  
 RC SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=ROCK STRAIN;  
 RA Gordanze A.V., Korochnik S.E., Zakharin S.O., Norton A.L., Benes H.,  
 RT "Molecular cloning and expression of two hexamerins from Aedes  
 RT aegypti."  
 RL Submitted (JUN-1997) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.  
 DR EMBL: AF010132; AAB64174.1; -;  
 DR HSSP: P04253; ILIA.  
 DR InterPro: IPR000896; Hemocyanin.  
 DR Pfam: PF00372; hemocyanin.1.  
 FT NON\_TER 1  
 FT NON\_TER 1  
 FT NON\_TER 1  
 SQ SEQUENCE 218 AA; 26026 MW; B72A1BA6D2A82EB3 CRC64;

Query Match 97.3%; Score 36; DB 5; Length 218;  
 Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 19;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYTH 6  
 |||||  
 Db 182 TGYTH 187

RESULT 5  
 Q9VWMS PRELIMINARY; PRT; 608 AA.  
 ID Q9VWMS

GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:20:35 ; Search time 61.61 seconds  
(without alignments)  
9.358 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-9

Perfect score: 37

Sequence: 1 TGYIYH 6

Scoring table: BIOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0, Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283138 seqs, 96089334 residues

number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283138

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :  
1: pir1:\*  
2: pir2:\*  
3: pir3:\*  
4: pir4:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length DB	ID	Description
1	37	100.0	104	2 S69899	Ig heavy chain V r
2	37	100.0	105	2 S67941	Ig heavy chain var
3	37	100.0	120	2 A49982	Ig heavy chain V r
4	36	97.3	108	2 PH0977	Ig heavy chain V r
5	35	94.6	126	2 I44151	Ig heavy chain V r
6	34	91.9	98	2 S26938	Ig heavy chain V r
7	34	91.9	98	2 S26912	Ig heavy chain V r
8	34	91.9	105	2 PH0978	Ig heavy chain V r
9	34	91.9	107	2 S26320	Ig heavy chain V r
10	34	91.9	109	2 PH1668	Ig heavy chain V r
11	34	91.9	110	2 PH1669	Ig heavy chain V r
12	34	91.9	117	1 HVB035	Ig heavy chain pre
13	34	91.9	117	2 S18551	Ig heavy chain V r
14	34	91.9	118	2 S36265	Ig heavy chain V r
15	34	91.9	129	2 S46393	Ig heavy chain V r
16	34	91.9	135	2 S49530	anti-Sm antibody V
17	33	89.2	231	2 G71652	erythrocyte adduct
18	33	89.2	231	2 F97784	erythrocyte adduct
19	33	89.2	524	2 S36483	L2 protein - human
20	32	86.5	182	2 E70339	heat shock protein
21	32	86.5	221	2 S46498	GTP-binding protei
22	32	86.5	361	2 T38693	probable trna prot
23	32	86.5	416	2 T23383	hypothetical prote
24	32	86.5	421	2 B81864	probable glutamate
25	32	86.5	421	2 B81079	glutamate dehydrog
26	32	86.5	629	2 T51729	arginine-tRNA prot
27	32	86.5	747	2 T16274	hypothetical prote
28	32	86.5	807	2 F96604	protein F14G9.10 l
29	31	83.8	104	2 S26466	Ig heavy chain V r

30	31	83.8	112	2 S26473	Ig heavy chain V r
31	31	83.8	117	2 S09960	Ig heavy chain V-D
32	31	83.8	126	2 S58121	Ig heavy chain V r
33	31	83.8	138	2 S21810	Ig heavy chain V r
34	31	83.8	232	2 T16258	hypothetical prote
35	31	83.8	258	2 E97453	surfeit 1 (Afl8295
36	31	83.8	258	2 AG2671	surfeit 1 (Importe
37	31	83.8	288	2 A05235	hypothetical prote
38	31	83.8	307	2 E83093	hypothetical prote
39	31	83.8	311	2 D69229	conserved hypotet
40	31	83.8	328	2 AH1894	hypothetical prote
41	31	83.8	347	2 F22845	hypothetical prote
42	31	83.8	369	2 A72453	hypothetical prote
43	31	83.8	449	2 T16259	hypothetical prote
44	31	83.8	451	2 T24018	hypothetical prote
45	31	83.8	459	2 H85031	probable glycosyl

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
S69899  
Ig heavy chain V region (clone RFTS7H), rheumatoid factor - human  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 14-Feb-1997 #sequence\_revision 13-Mar-1997 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
C:Accession: S69899  
R:Randem, I.; Pascual, V.; Victor, K.; Thompson, K.M.; Forre, O.; Capra, D.J.; Natvig  
Eur. J. Immunol. 23, 1220-1225, 1993  
A:Title: Synovial IgG rheumatoid factors show evidence of an antigen-driven immune re  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z34893; NID:9509803; PIDN:CAA84376.1; PID:9509804  
A:Reference number: S69896; MUID:93272805  
A:Accession: S69899  
A:Status: preliminary; translation not shown  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-104 <RAN>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z34893; NID:9509803; PIDN:CAA84376.1; PID:9509804  
C:Superfamily: Immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
F:15-98/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 2; Length 104;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8;  
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
DB 30 TGYIYH 35

RESULT 2  
S67941  
Ig heavy chain variable region, subgroup I (clone MH52) - human (fragment)  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 19-Mar-1997 #sequence\_revision 09-May-1997 #text\_change 30-May-1997  
C:Accession: S67941  
R:Hexham, J.M.; Furmaniak, J.; Pegy, C.; Burton, D.R.; Smith, B.R.  
Autoimmunity 12, 135-141, 1992  
A:Title: Cloning of a human autoimmune response: preparation and sequencing of a huma  
A:Reference number: S67940; MUID:92314301  
A:Accession: S67941  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-105 <HEX>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X73851  
C:Superfamily: Immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology

Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 2; Length 105;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8;  
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
|||||||

Db 12 TGYIHH 17

## RESULT 3

A4982

Ig heavy chain V region (BA7.1) - mouse (fragment)

C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)

C:Date: 10-Nov-1995 #sequence\_revision 10-Nov-1995 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000

C:Accession: A4982

R:Lin, C.; Kieber-Emmons, T.; Villalobos, A.P.; Foster, M.H.; Wahlgren, C.; Kleyman, T.F.

J. Biol. Chem. 269, 2805-2813, 1994

A:Title: Topology of an amiloride-binding protein.

A:Reference number: A4982; MUID:94132051

A:Accession: A4982

A:Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-120 &lt;LIN&gt;

A:Cross-references: GB:124802; NID:g452096; PIDN:AAA98740.1; PID:g452097

C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology

C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin

F:15-98/Domain: immunoglobulin homology &lt;IMM&gt;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 37; DB 2; Length 120;

Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIHH 6

Db 30 TGYIHH 35

## RESULT 4

PH0977

Ig heavy chain V region (clone 10-cl) - mouse (fragment)

C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)

C:Date: 30-Sep-1993 #sequence\_revision 30-Sep-1993 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000

C:Accession: PH0977

R:Tillman, D.M.; Jou, N.T.; Hill, R.J.; Marlon, T.N.

J. Exp. Med. 176, 761-779, 1992

A:Title: Both IgM and IgG anti-DNA antibodies are the products of clonally selective B

A:Reference number: PH0971; MUID:92381444

A:Accession: PH0977

A:Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-108 &lt;TIL&gt;

A:Experimental source: B cell, strain [NZB x NZW]P1

C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology

C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin

F:15-98/Domain: immunoglobulin homology &lt;IMM&gt;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 97.3%; Score 36; DB 2; Length 108;

Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIHH 6

Db 30 TGYIHH 35

## RESULT 5

1A4151

Ig heavy chain V region (BO) - human (fragment)

C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)

C:Date: 27-Jun-1994 #sequence\_revision 27-Jun-1994 #text\_change 28-May-1999

C:Accession: 1A4151

R:Sebedee, S.L.; Barbas III, C.F.; Hom, Y.L.; Caotchen, R.H.; Graff, R.; Degraw, J.; Pyz

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89, 3175-3179, 1992

A:Title: Human combinatorial antibody libraries to hepatitis B surface antigen.

A:Reference number: A44151; MUID:92228746

A:Accession: 1A4151

A:Status: preliminary; not compared with conceptual translation

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-126 &lt;ZEB&gt;

A:Cross-references: GB:M88309; NID:g183952; PIDN:AAA35967.1; PID:g183953

A&gt;Note: nucleotide translation not given

C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology

C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin

F:15-99/Domain: immunoglobulin homology &lt;IMM&gt;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 94.6%; Score 35; DB 2; Length 126;

Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIHH 6

Db 31 TGYIHH 36

## RESULT 6

S26938

Ig heavy chain V region (DP-75) - human (fragment)

C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)

C:Date: 22-Nov-1993 #sequence\_revision 17-Nov-1995 #text\_change 23-Jul-1999

C:Accession: S26938

R:Tomlinson, I.M.; Walter, G.; Marks, J.D.; Llewellyn, M.B.; Winter, G.

J. Mol. Biol. 227, 776-798, 1992

A:Title: The repertoire of human germline V(H) sequences reveals about fifty groups o

A:Reference number: S26885; MUID:93021117

A:Accession: S26938

A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown

A:Residues: 1-98 &lt;TOM&gt;

A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z14071; NID:g32969; PIDN:CAA78451.1; PID:g32970

A&gt;Note: the nucleotide sequence was submitted to the EMBL Data Library, July 1992

C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology

C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin

F:15-98/Domain: immunoglobulin homology &lt;IMM&gt;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 91.9%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 98;

Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIHH 6

Db 30 TGYIHH 35

## RESULT 7

S26912

Ig heavy chain V region (DP-8) - human (fragment)

C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)

C:Date: 22-Nov-1993 #sequence\_revision 10-Nov-1995 #text\_change 23-Jul-1999

C:Accession: S26912

R:Tomlinson, I.M.; Walter, G.; Marks, J.D.; Llewellyn, M.B.; Winter, G.

J. Mol. Biol. 227, 776-798, 1992

A:Title: The repertoire of human germline V(H) sequences reveals about fifty groups o

A:Reference number: S26885; MUID:93021117

A:Accession: S26912

A:Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-98 &lt;TOM&gt;

A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z12310; NID:g32979; PIDN:CAA78180.1; PID:g32980

C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology

C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin

F:15-98/Domain: immunoglobulin homology &lt;IMM&gt;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 91.9%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 98;

Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIHH 6

Db 30 TGYVMH 35

## RESULT 8

PH0978

Ig heavy chain V region (clone 17s.166) - mouse (fragment)

C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)

C:Date: 30-Sep-1993 #sequence\_revision 30-Sep-1993 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000

C:Accession: PH0978

R:Titman, D.M.; Jou, N.T.; Hill, R.J.; Marlon, T.N.

J. Exp. Med. 176, 761-779, 1992

A:Title: Both IgM and IgG anti-DNA antibodies are the products of clonally selective B cell

A:Reference number: PH0971; MUID:92381444

A:Accession: PH0978

A:Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-105 &lt;TTL&gt;

A:Experimental source: B cell, strain [NZB x NZW]F1

C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology

C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin

F:7-97/Domain: immunoglobulin homology &lt;IMM&gt;

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 105;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 7.2;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYVMH 6  
Db 29 TGYVMH 34

## RESULT 9

S26320

Ig heavy chain V region - mouse

C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)

C:Date: 13-Jan-1995 #sequence\_revision 13-Jan-1995 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000

C:Accession: S26320

R:Stark, S.E.; Caton, A.J.

J. Exp. Med. 174, 613-624, 1991

A:Title: Antibodies that are specific for a single amino acid interchange in a protein

A:Reference number: S26309; MUID:91341421

A:Accession: S26320

A:Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-107 &lt;STA&gt;

A:Cross-references: EMBL:X59206

C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology

C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin

F:3-86/Domain: immunoglobulin homology &lt;IMM&gt;

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 107;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 7.4;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYVMH 6  
Db 18 TGYVMH 23

## RESULT 10

PH1668

Ig heavy chain V region (clone 3G5) - human (fragment)

C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)

C:Date: 24-Feb-1994 #sequence\_revision 24-Feb-1994 #text\_change 16-Aug-1996

C:Accession: PH1668

R:Hillson, J.L.; Karr, N.S.; Opplinger, I.R.; Mannik, M.; Sasso, E.H.

J. Exp. Med. 178, 331-336, 1993

A:Title: The structural basis of germ-line-encoded VH3 immunoglobulin binding to staphylococcal

A:Reference number: PH1642; MUID:93301610

A:Accession: PH1668

A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-109 <HIL>  
A:Experimental source: B cell  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
F:7-90/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 109;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 7.5;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYVMH 6  
Db 22 TGYVMH 27

## RESULT 11

PH1669

Ig heavy chain V region (clone 3B2) - human (fragment)

C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)

C:Date: 24-Feb-1994 #sequence\_revision 24-Feb-1994 #text\_change 16-Aug-1996

C:Accession: PH1669

R:Hillson, J.L.; Karr, N.S.; Opplinger, I.R.; Mannik, M.; Sasso, E.H.

J. Exp. Med. 178, 331-336, 1993

A:Title: The structural basis of germ-line-encoded VH3 immunoglobulin binding to staphylococcal

A:Reference number: PH1642; MUID:93301610

A:Accession: PH1669

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-110 &lt;HIL&gt;

A:Experimental source: B cell

C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology

C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin

F:7-90/Domain: immunoglobulin homology &lt;IMM&gt;

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 110;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 7.6;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 TGYVMH 6  
Db 22 TGYVMH 27

## RESULT 12

HVHJ35

Ig heavy chain precursor V region (V35) - human (fragment)

C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)

C:Date: 30-Jun-1991 #sequence\_revision 30-Jun-1991 #text\_change 21-Jul-2000

C:Accession: S00476; S34013

R:Matsuda, F.; Lee, K.H.; Nakai, S.; Sato, T.; Kodaira, M.; Zong, S.Q.; Ohno, H.; Fuk

EMBO J. 7, 1047-1051, 1988

A:Title: Dispersed localization of D segments in the human immunoglobulin heavy-chain

A:Reference number: S00476; MUID:88296408

A:Accession: S00476

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-117 &lt;MATS&gt;

A:Cross-references: EMBL:X07448; NID:933104; PIDN:CAB56703.1; PID:96002173

A:Note: the authors translated the codon AGT for residue 89 as Met

R:Marlette, X.; Tsapis, A.; Broquet, J.C.

Eur. J. Immunol. 23, 846-851, 1993

A:Title: Nucleotide sequence analysis of the variable domains of four human mononucleotide

A:Reference number: S34001; MUID:93209281

A:Accession: S34013

A:Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 20-116 &lt;MAR&gt;

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: GDB:IGHV

A:Cross-references: GDB:128528; OMIM:147070

A:Map position: 14q32.33-14q32.33

A:introns: 16/1

C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
F:1-19/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>  
F:20-117/Product: Ig heavy chain V region (V35) #status predicted <MAT>  
F:34-117/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 1; Length 117;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 8.1;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
|||||:  
Db 49 TGYIYH 54

RESULT 13  
Ig heavy chain V region precursor (VI-2) - human (fragment)  
S18551  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 13-Jan-1995 #sequence\_revision 06-Jun-1997 #text\_change 23-Jul-1999  
C:Accession: S18551; S23625  
R:Shin, E.K.; Matsuda, F.; Nagaoka, H.; Fukita, Y.; Imai, T.; Yokoyama, K.; Soeda, E.; H  
EMBO J. 10, 3641-3645, 1991  
A:Title: Physical map of the 3' region of the human immunoglobulin heavy chain locus: cl  
A:Reference number: S18551; MUID:92037524  
A:Accession: S18551  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-117 <SHI>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X62106; NID:q37831; PIDN:CAA4016.1; PID:q37832  
R:Olee, T.; Lu, E.W.; Huang, D.F.; Soto-Gil, R.W.; Defcos, M.; Kozin, F.; Carson, D.A.;  
J. Exp. Med. 175, 831-842, 1992  
A:Title: Genetic analysis of self-associating immunoglobulin G rheumatoid factors from t  
A:Reference number: S23623; MUID:92156804  
A:Accession: S23625  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-117 <OLE>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X59704; NID:q32552; PIDN:CAA42225.1; PID:q32553  
C:Genetics:  
A:Insertions: 16/1  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
F:1-19/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>  
F:20-117/Product: Ig heavy chain V region (VI-2) #status predicted <MAT>  
F:34-117/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 117;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 8.1;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
|||||:  
Db 49 TGYIYH 54

RESULT 14  
S36265  
Ig heavy chain V region (clone alpha-MUC1-1) - human (fragment)  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 03-Feb-1994 #sequence\_revision 03-Feb-1994 #text\_change 23-Jul-1999  
C:Accession: S36265  
R:Griffiths, A.D.; Malmqvist, M.; Marks, J.D.; Bye, J.M.; Embleton, M.J.; McCafferty, J.  
EMBO J. 12, 725-734, 1993  
A:Title: Human anti-self antibodies with high specificity from phage display libraries.  
A:Reference number: S36256; MUID:93178448  
A:Accession: S36265  
A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-118 <GRI>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z18846; NID:g33121; PIDN:CAA79298.1; PID:9939900  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin

F:15-98/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 118;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 8.1;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
|||||:  
Db 30 TGYIYH 35

RESULT 15  
S46393  
Ig heavy chain V region - human  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 27-Jan-1995 #sequence\_revision 27-Jan-1995 #text\_change 20-Jun-2000  
C:Accession: S46393  
R:Griffiths, M.; Marks, J.D.; Winter, G.; Griffiths, A.D.  
J. Mol. Biol. 239, 68-78, 1994  
A:Title: In vitro assembly of repertoires of antibody chains on the surface of phage  
A:Reference number: S46390; MUID:94254092  
A:Accession: S46393  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-129 <FIG>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z31680; NID:q509786; PIDN:CAA83485.1; PID:g1335146  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
F:15-98/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 129;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 8.9;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
|||||:  
Db 30 TGYIYH 35

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:25:35  
Job time: 300 sec

GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:20:05 ; Search time 49.09 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
2.985 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-9

Perfect score: 37

Sequence: 1 TGYTH 6

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 231628 segs, 2442594 residues

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 08  
Maximum Match 1008  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

1: /cgn2\_6/prodata/2/iaa/5A.COMB.pep:\*  
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3: /cgn2\_6/prodata/2/iaa/5A.COMB.pep:\*  
4: /cgn2\_6/prodata/2/iaa/5B.COMB.pep:\*  
5: /cgn2\_6/prodata/2/iaa/PCTUS.COMB.pep:\*  
6: /cgn2\_6/prodata/2/iaa/Backfile1.pep:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a  
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,  
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	34	91.9	114	2	US-08-888-366-8
2	34	91.9	117	3	US-08-545-809A-90
3	34	91.9	123	1	US-08-477-877B-94
4	34	91.9	123	2	US-08-472-281A-94
5	34	91.9	123	2	US-08-477-989B-94
6	34	91.9	124	4	US-09-257-069-2
7	34	91.9	243	1	US-08-330-843-4
8	34	91.9	243	4	US-08-636-936-4
9	32	86.5	288	4	US-09-423-439-38
10	32	86.5	445	1	US-08-353-400-33
11	32	86.5	464	1	US-08-353-400-36
12	32	86.5	585	4	US-09-370-807-4
13	32	86.5	611	4	US-09-370-807-2
14	32	86.5	673	4	US-09-423-439-32
15	31	83.8	116	2	US-08-561-521-41
16	31	83.8	116	5	PCT-US95-01219-41
17	31	83.8	135	1	US-08-137-117D-27
18	31	83.8	135	1	US-08-137-117D-100
19	31	83.8	135	1	US-08-137-117D-102
20	31	83.8	135	2	US-08-137-117D-112
21	31	83.8	135	2	US-08-436-717-27
22	31	83.8	135	2	US-08-436-717-100
23	31	83.8	135	2	US-08-436-717-102
24	31	83.8	135	2	US-08-436-717-112
25	30	81.1	275	2	US-08-645-193B-19
26	30	81.1	421	4	US-09-239-303-2
27	30	81.1	557	2	US-08-793-229-33

28	30	81.1	557	3	US-09-285-957-33	Sequence 33, Appl
29	30	81.1	846	1	US-07-731-157A-5	Sequence 5, Appl
30	30	81.1	846	2	US-08-541-780-5	Sequence 5, Appl
31	29	78.4	69	4	US-09-308-003-15	Sequence 15, Appl
32	29	78.4	119	1	US-08-300-386A-65	Sequence 65, Appl
33	29	78.4	119	1	US-08-931-645-65	Sequence 65, Appl
34	29	78.4	119	5	PCT-US95-11235-65	Sequence 65, Appl
35	29	78.4	634	1	US-07-779-049-3	Sequence 3, Appl
36	29	78.4	634	1	US-08-080-240-3	Sequence 3, Appl
37	29	78.4	1025	2	US-08-530-792D-23	Sequence 23, Appl
38	29	78.4	1026	2	US-08-530-792D-22	Sequence 22, Appl
39	29	78.4	2860	2	US-08-826-267-2	Sequence 2, Appl
40	28	75.7	35	2	US-08-765-179B-5	Sequence 5, Appl
41	28	75.7	117	3	US-08-545-809A-128	Sequence 128, App
42	28	75.7	117	4	US-09-157-370-2	Sequence 2, Appl
43	28	75.7	117	4	US-09-025-769B-22	Sequence 32, Appl
44	28	75.7	120	4	US-09-025-769B-36	Sequence 36, Appl
45	28	75.7	120	4	US-09-025-769B-59	Sequence 59, Appl

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
US-08-888-366-8  
; Sequence 8, Application US/08888366  
; Patent No. 5972656  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Lopez, Osvaldo  
; APPLICANT: Wyllie, Dwane E.  
; APPLICANT: Wagner, Fred W.  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Mercury Binding Polypeptides and Nucleotides Coding Therefo  
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 39  
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
; ADDRESSEE: Merchant & Gould  
; STREET: 90 South 7th Street, 3100 No. 5972656west Ctr.  
; CITY: Minneapolis  
; STATE: MN  
; COUNTRY: USA  
; ZIP: 55402  
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25  
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/888,366  
; FILING DATE: 03-JUL-1997  
; CLASSIFICATION: 435  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/187,407  
; FILING DATE: 27-JAN-1994  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/990,542  
; FILING DATE: 14-DEC-1992  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/493,299  
; FILING DATE: 14-MAR-1990  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/324,392  
; FILING DATE: 14-MAR-1989  
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
; NAME: Carter, Charles G.  
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 35,093  
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 8648.39USC1  
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
; TELEPHONE: 612-332-5300  
; TELEFAX: 612-332-9081  
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:  
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
; LENGTH: 114 amino acids  
; TYPE: amino acid  
; TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: protein  
US-08-888-366-8

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 114;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 9.7;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
||||:|  
Db 24 TGYIYH 29

RESULT 2  
US-08-545-809A-90  
Sequence 90, Application US/08545809A  
Patent No. 6096878  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Honjo, Tasuku  
TITLE OF INVENTION: HUMAN IMMUNOGLOBULIN VH GENE  
TITLE OF INVENTION: SEGMENTS AND DNA FRAGMENTS CONTAINING THE SAME  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 145  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: Fish & Richardson, P.C.  
STREET: 225 Franklin Street  
CITY: Boston  
STATE: MA  
COUNTRY: US  
ZIP: 02110-2804  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette  
OPERATING SYSTEM: Windows95  
SOFTWARE: FASTED for Windows Version 2.0  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/545, 809A  
FILING DATE: 27-MAR-1996  
PRIORITY APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/JP93/00603  
FILING DATE: 10-MAY-1993  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Freeman, John W.  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,066  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 06501/004001  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: 617-542-5070  
TELEFAX: 617-542-8906  
TELEX: 200154  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 90:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 117 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
TOPOLOGY: linear  
MOLECULE TYPE: protein  
US-08-545-809A-90

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 3; Length 117;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 9.9;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
||||:|  
Db 49 TGYIYH 54

RESULT 3  
US-08-477-877B-94  
Sequence 94, Application US/08477877B  
Patent No. 5730979  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Bazin, Herv

APPLICANT: Latine, Dominique  
TITLE OF INVENTION: LO-CD2a Antibody and Uses Thereof for Inhibiting T-Cell Act  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 96  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: Carella, Byrne, Bain, Gilfillan,  
ADDRESSEE: Cecchi, Stewart & Olstein  
STREET: 6 Becker Farm Road  
CITY: Roseland  
STATE: New Jersey  
COUNTRY: U.S.A.  
ZIP: 07068  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5 inch diskette  
COMPUTER: IBM PS/2  
OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: Wordperfect 5.1  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/477, 877B  
FILING DATE: 07-JUN-1995  
CLASSIFICATION: 424  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/407,009  
FILING DATE: 29-MAR-1995  
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/119,032  
FILING DATE: 09-SEP-1993  
APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/027,008  
FILING DATE: 05-MAR-1993  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Olstein, Elliot M.  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 24,025  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 61750-146  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: 201-994-1700  
TELEFAX: 201-994-1744  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 94:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 123 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
STRANDEDNESS:  
TOPOLOGY: linear  
MOLECULE TYPE: polypeptide  
FEATURE:  
NAME/KEY: Human Amu 5-3 heavy chain variable region.  
US-08-477-877B-94

Query Match 91.9%; Score 34; DB 1; Length 123;  
Best Local Similarity 83.3%; Pred. No. 10;  
Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 TGYIYH 6  
||||:|  
Db 30 TGYIYH 35

RESULT 4  
US-08-472-281A-94  
Sequence 94, Application US/08472281A  
Patent No. 5817311  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Bazin, Herv  
TITLE OF INVENTION: LO-CD2a Antibody and Uses Thereof for Inhibiting T-Cell Act  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 96  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: Cecchi, Stewart & Olstein  
STREET: 6 Becker Farm Road  
CITY: Roseland  
STATE: New Jersey  
COUNTRY: U.S.A.  
ZIP: 07068  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:



GenCore version 4.5  
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2000 CompuGen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:23:31 ; Search time 136.11 Seconds

(without alignments)  
13.873 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-10  
Sequence: 1 GRUNPTTGDNFAKFKQ 17

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0, Gapext 0.5

Searched: 747574 seqs, 111073796 residues

Number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 747574

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

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Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
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2	91	100.0	113	22	AA65308
3	91	100.0	113	22	AA65352
4	85	93.4	17	22	AA65306
5	79	86.8	17	22	AA65307
6	63	69.2	123	19	AAW79228
7	58	63.7	115	21	AA12168
8	58	63.7	115	21	AA12169
9	58	63.7	115	21	AA12172
10	58	63.7	118	22	AA02619
11	58	63.7	123	17	AA92992

12	58	63.7	123	17	AA92990	Monoclonal antiod
13	56	61.5	123	22	AA02552	Anti-adipocyte mon
14	55	60.4	117	16	AA66296	Human immunoglobul
15	55	60.4	120	18	AAW2751	Human Ab heavy cha
16	55	60.4	120	22	AA64976	Anti-PP4/heparin c
17	55	60.4	128	15	AA65428	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
18	55	60.4	128	15	AA65428	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
19	55	60.4	128	15	AA65428	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
20	55	60.4	128	17	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
21	55	60.4	128	17	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
22	55	60.4	128	17	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
23	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
24	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
25	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
26	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
27	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
28	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
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33	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
34	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
35	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
36	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
37	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
38	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
39	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
40	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
41	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
42	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
43	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
44	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm
45	55	60.4	128	21	AAW01236	Anti-HIV gp120 imm

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	AA65300	standard; protein; 17 AA.
ID	AA65300;	
AC	AA65300;	
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DT	30-NOV-2001	(first entry)
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DE	Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy chain CDR2 fragment.	
XX		
XX	IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;	
KW	neurotropic; neurological; antinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiac;	
KW	immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.	
XX		
OS	Homo sapiens.	
XX		
PN	WO200158956-A2.	
XX		
PD	16-AUG-2001.	
XX		
PF	09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.	
XX		
PR	10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.	
XX		
PA	(BADI) BASF AG.	
XX		
PI	Chayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;	
PI	Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;	
PI	Lennard SN;	
XX		
DR	WPI; 2001-550020/61.	
XX		
PT	Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human	
PT	interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,	

PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
PT autoimmune diseases -  
PS Claim 25; Page 37; 91pp; English.  
XX  
CC The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), Crohn's disease,  
CC Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and  
CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
CC as autoimmune hepatitis and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18  
CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy  
CC chain CDR2 fragment.

Sequence 17 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 91; DB 22; Length 17;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.7e-09;  
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GRINPTGDANFAEFQ 17  
Db 1 grlnptgdanfaefq 17  
|||||

RESULT 2  
AA65308  
ID AAG65308 standard; protein; 113 AA.

AC AAG65308;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy chain sequence.

XX IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;

KM neurotropic; neurological; antinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;

KM immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.

XX Homo sapiens.

PN WO200158956-A2.

PD 16-AUG-2001.

PF 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

PR 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

PA (BADI ) BASF AG.

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfield J;  
PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;  
PI Lennard SN;

DR WPI: 2001-550020/61.

DR N-PSDB; AAH47511.

PT Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human  
PT interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,  
PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
PT autoimmune diseases -

PS Example 2; Page 37; 91pp; English.

XX  
CC The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), Crohn's disease,  
CC Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and  
CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
CC as autoimmune hepatitis and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18  
CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy  
CC chain sequence.

Sequence 113 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 91; DB 22; Length 113;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.6e-08;  
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GRINPTGDANFAEFQ 17  
Db 49 grlnptgdanfaefq 65  
|||||

RESULT 3  
AAG65352  
ID AAG65352 standard; protein; 113 AA.

AC AAG65352;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy chain.

XX IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;

KM neurotropic; neurological; antinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;

KM immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.

XX Homo sapiens.

PN WO200158956-A2.

PD 16-AUG-2001.

PF 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

PR 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

PA (BADI ) BASF AG.

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfield J;  
PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;  
PI Lennard SN;

DR WPI: 2001-550020/61.

DR N-PSDB; AAH47511.

PT Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human  
PT interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,  
PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
PT autoimmune diseases -

PS Example 2; Page 86; 91pp; English.

CC The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a

disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in a human subject suffering from, inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease, inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18 antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids, cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy chain.

Sequence 113 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 91; DB 22; Length 113;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.6e-08;  
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1 GRINPTGDANFAEKQ 17  
|||||  
49 grlnptgdanfaekfq 65

#### RESULT 4

AAG65306  
ID AAG65306 standard; protein; 17 AA.

AC AAG65306;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody variable region fragment.

IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;

neurotropic; neurological; antinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;

immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200158956-A2.

PD 16-AUG-2001.

PF 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

PI 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

PI (BADI) BASF AG.

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;  
Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;  
Lennard SN;

PI WPI; 2001-550020/61.

Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders, neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and autoimmune diseases -

Claim 29; Page 76; 91pp; English.

The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions, that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from, inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease, inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such

as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18 antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids, cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody variable region fragment.

Sequence 17 AA;

Query Match 93.4%; Score 85; DB 22; Length 17;  
Best Local Similarity 94.1%; Pred. No. 5.3e-08;  
Matches 16; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GRINPTGDANFAEKQ 17  
|||||  
Db 1 grlnptgdanfaekfq 17

#### RESULT 5

AAG65307  
ID AAG65307 standard; protein; 17 AA.

AC AAG65307;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody variable region fragment.

IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;

neurotropic; neurological; antinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;

immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200158956-A2.

PD 16-AUG-2001.

PF 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

PI 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

PI (BADI) BASF AG.

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;  
Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;  
Lennard SN;

PI WPI; 2001-550020/61.

Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders, neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and autoimmune diseases -

Claim 29; Page 76; 91pp; English.

The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions, that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from, inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease, inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18 antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,

CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
 CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody variable  
 CC region fragment.  
 CC  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 17 AA;

Query Match 86.8%; Score 79; DB 22; Length 17;  
 Best Local Similarity 88.2%; Pred. No. 5.9e-07;  
 Matches 15; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GRNPPTGDANFAEKQ 17  
 ||||| ||||| |||||  
 Db 1 grlnptgdanfaekfq 17

RESULT 6  
 AAW79228  
 ID AAW79228 standard; Protein; 123 AA.  
 XX  
 AAW79228;

DT 21-DEC-1998 (first entry)

DE Heavy chain variable region of human Amu 5-3.

XX Monoclonal antibody; Mab; LO-CD2a; humanised antibody; chimeric;  
 KW T-cell; immune response; CD2 antigen; graft-versus-host disease;  
 KM human lymphocyte; transplant rejection; autoimmune disease; Amu 5-3.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.

XX US5817311-A.

XX 06-OCT-1998.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

XX 07-JUN-1995; 95US-0472281.

Best Local Similarity 58.8%; Pred. No. 0.0031;  
 Matches 10; Conservative 4; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GRNPPTGDANFAEKQ 17  
 ||||| ||||| |||||  
 Db 49 grlnpsgntnyaqkfq 65

RESULT 7  
 AAB12168  
 ID AAB12168 standard; Protein; 115 AA.  
 XX  
 AAB12168;

DT 17-JAN-2001 (first entry)

DE Humanised HBV pre-S1 antibody HKR127HC(I) heavy chain variable region.

XX Humanised antibody; HBV surface antigen pre-S1; mouse;

KW human; hepatitis B; liver cirrhosis; liver cancer.

XX Chimeric - Homo sapiens.

XX Chimeric - Mus sp.

XX WO200031141-A1.

XX 02-JUN-2000.

XX 19-NOV-1999; 99WO-KR00699.

XX 19-NOV-1998; 98KR-0049663.

XX (KOAD ) KOREA ADV INST SCI & TECHNOLOGY.

XX (GREG ) KOREA GREEN CROSS CORP.

XX Hong HJ, Ryu CJ, Hur H;

XX WPI: 2000-400048/34.

XX N-PSDB: AAA62118.

XX Humanized antibody specific for hepatitis B virus surface antigen

PT pre-S1, containing humanized heavy and light chain regions, useful for

PT preventing hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection and for treating chronic

PT hepatitis B -

XX Claim 2; Fig 1; 61pp; English.

XX Hepatitis B virus (HBV) is responsible for hepatitis infection in

XX humans, which may progress to liver cirrhosis or cancer. One of HBV's

XX surface antigens is pre-S1. Monoclonal antibodies specific for pre-S1

XX antigen may efficiently neutralise HBV. The present invention relates to

XX humanised antibodies specific for HBV surface antigen pre-S1. The

XX humanised antibodies are useful for preventing HBV infection and for

XX treating chronic hepatitis B. The Complementarity Determining Regions of

XX mouse pre-S1 antibody KR127 were grafted onto human antibody to produce

XX the humanised antibodies of the present invention. The present sequence

XX is the humanised pre-S1 antibody HKR127HC(I) heavy chain variable region

XX (VH). The coding sequence for the present sequence was produced from the

XX coding sequence of the mouse pre-S1 antibody VH sequence (AAA62115).

Query Match 63.7%; Score 58; DB 21; Length 115;  
 Best Local Similarity 58.8%; Pred. No. 0.022;  
 Matches 10; Conservative 3; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GRNPPTGDANFAEKQ 17  
 ||||| ||||| |||||  
 Db 49 grllypsgntnyaqkfq 65

RESULT 8

AA12169  
ID AA12169 standard; Protein: 115 AA.  
XX  
XX  
AC AA12169;  
XX  
DT 17-JAN-2001 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Humanised HBV pre-S1 antibody HKR127HC(III) heavy chain variable region.  
XX  
KW Humanised antibody; HBV surface antigen pre-S1; mouse;  
KM human; hepatitis B; liver cirrhosis; liver cancer.  
XX  
OS Chimeric - Homo sapiens.  
OS Chimeric - Mus sp.  
XX  
PN WO200031141-A1.  
XX  
PD 02-JUN-2000.  
XX  
PE 19-NOV-1999; 99WO-KR00699.  
XX  
PI 19-NOV-1998; 98KR-0049663.  
XX  
PA (KOAD ) KOREA ADV INST SCI & TECHNOLOGY.  
PA (GREG ) KOREA GREEN CROSS CORP.  
XX  
PI Hong HJ, Ryu CJ, Hur H;  
XX  
DR WPI: 2000-400048/34.  
DR N-PSDB: AAA62119.  
XX  
XX Humanized antibody specific for hepatitis B virus surface antigen  
PT pre-S1, containing humanized heavy and light chain regions, useful for  
PT preventing hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection and for treating chronic  
PT hepatitis B -  
XX  
PS Claim 3; Fig 1; 61pp; English.  
XX  
CC Hepatitis B virus (HBV) is responsible for hepatitis infection in  
CC humans, which may progress to liver cirrhosis or cancer. One of HBV's  
CC surface antigens is pre-S1. Monoclonal antibodies specific for pre-S1  
CC antigen may efficiently neutralise HBV. The present invention relates to  
CC humanised antibodies specific for HBV surface antigen pre-S1. The  
CC humanised antibodies are useful for preventing HBV infection and for  
CC treating chronic hepatitis B. The Complementarity Determining Regions of  
CC mouse pre-S1 antibody KR127 were grafted onto human antibody to produce  
CC the humanised antibodies of the present invention. The present sequence  
CC is the humanised pre-S1 antibody HKR127HC(III) heavy chain variable  
CC region (VH). The coding sequence for the present sequence was produced  
CC from the coding sequence of the mouse pre-S1 antibody VH sequence  
CC (AAA62115).  
XX  
SQ Sequence 115 AA;

Query Match 63.7%; Score 58; DB 21; Length 115;  
Best Local Similarity 58.8%; Pred. No. 0.022;  
Matches 10; Conservative 3; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GRUNPTGDANFAERQ 17  
||:| ||:|:|  
Db 49 grlypgddtnyqkfq 65

RESULT 9  
AA12172  
ID AA12172 standard; Protein: 115 AA.  
XX  
AC AA12172;  
XX  
DT 17-JAN-2001 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Humanised HBV pre-S1 antibody HKR127HC(II) heavy chain variable region.

XX  
KW Humanised antibody; HBV surface antigen pre-S1; mouse;  
KM human; hepatitis B; liver cirrhosis; liver cancer.  
XX  
XX  
OS Chimeric - Homo sapiens.  
OS Chimeric - Mus sp.  
XX  
PN WO200031141-A1.  
XX  
PD 02-JUN-2000.  
XX  
PE 19-NOV-1999; 99WO-KR00699.  
XX  
PI 19-NOV-1998; 98KR-0049663.  
XX  
PA (KOAD ) KOREA ADV INST SCI & TECHNOLOGY.  
PA (GREG ) KOREA GREEN CROSS CORP.  
XX  
PI Hong HJ, Ryu CJ, Hur H;  
XX  
DR WPI: 2000-400048/34.  
DR N-PSDB: AAA62117.  
XX  
XX Humanized antibody specific for hepatitis B virus surface antigen  
PT pre-S1, containing humanized heavy and light chain regions, useful for  
PT preventing hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection and for treating chronic  
PT hepatitis B -  
XX  
PS Disclosure; Fig 1; 61pp; English.  
XX  
CC Hepatitis B virus (HBV) is responsible for hepatitis infection in  
CC humans, which may progress to liver cirrhosis or cancer. One of HBV's  
CC surface antigens is pre-S1. Monoclonal antibodies specific for pre-S1  
CC antigen may efficiently neutralise HBV. The present invention relates to  
CC humanised antibodies specific for HBV surface antigen pre-S1. The  
CC humanised antibodies are useful for preventing HBV infection and for  
CC treating chronic hepatitis B. The Complementarity Determining Regions of  
CC mouse pre-S1 antibody KR127 were grafted onto human antibody to produce  
CC the humanised antibodies of the present invention. The present sequence  
CC is the humanised pre-S1 antibody HKR127HC(II) heavy chain variable  
CC region (VH). The coding sequence for the present sequence was produced  
CC from the coding sequence of the mouse pre-S1 antibody (AAA62115).  
XX  
SQ Sequence 115 AA;

Query Match 63.7%; Score 58; DB 21; Length 115;  
Best Local Similarity 58.8%; Pred. No. 0.022;  
Matches 10; Conservative 3; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GRUNPTGDANFAERQ 17  
||:| ||:|:|  
Db 49 grlypgddtnyqkfq 65

RESULT 10  
AAU02619  
ID AAU02619 standard; Protein: 118 AA.  
XX  
AC AAU02619;  
XX  
DT 29-AUG-2001 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Anti-adipocyte monoclonal antibody heavy chain, FAT 106.  
XX  
KW Antibody; adipocyte; heavy chain; light chain; obesity; fat;  
KM heart disease; complementarity determining region; CDR.  
XX  
OS Homo sapiens.  
XX  
PN WO200127279-A1.  
XX  
PD 19-APR-2001.

PF	11-OCT-2000;	2000OWO-GB03900.	
XX			
PR	12-OCT-1999;	99US-0158812.	
XX			
PA	(CAMP-)	CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.	
PI	Edwards BW, Main SH, Vaughan TJ;		
XX			
DR	MP1: 2001-282031/29.		
XX	N-PSDB: AAS03519.		
PT	Panel of specific binding members of antibody molecules which bind to		
PT	whole adipocytes is used in the treatment of obesity and obesity		
PT	related diseases -		
XX			
PS	Claim 1; Page 167; 182pp; English.		
CC			
CC	AAU02501-AAU02635, and AAU02641-AAU02748 represent the amino acid		
CC	sequences of anti-adipocyte monoclonal antibody heavy chain, light		
CC	chain, and heavy chain complementarity determining regions (CDR) of the		
CC	invention. The antibodies can be used in the treatment of obesity and		
CC	obesity related diseases. The antibodies can be used to deliver drugs or		
CC	pro-drugs directly to the fat mass of an obese patient or the antibody		
CC	can be used as a therapeutic itself. Antibodies binding specifically to		
CC	adipocytes can be used to activate the immune system to destroy the cells		
CC	by complement mediated lysis. The antibodies may be labeled with a		
CC	detectable label such as radiolabel, fluorescent or chemical group and		
CC	used in methods of diagnosis in human subjects e.g. to determine the		
CC	presence of adipocyte antigen on the surface of an adipocyte to detect or		
CC	determine the presence or level of adipocytes in a cell or tissue sample.		
CC	The antibodies can be used as an alternative means of treatment for obese		
CC	patients other than undergoing surgery to remove excess fat. Antibodies		
CC	for different types of fat deposits can also be produced e.g. intra-		
CC	abdominal fat associated with heart disease.		
XX			
SQ	Sequence	118 AA;	
QY	Query Match	63.7%;	Score 58; DB 22; Length 118;
Db	Best Local Similarity	58.8%;	Pred. NO. 0.022;
	Matches 10; Conservative	3;	Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
	1 GRLNPTTGDAKFAKFO 17		
	:     :     :		
	49 gwinpsgctnycakftg 65		
SOULT 11			
ID	AAK92992		
AC	AAK92992 standard; Protein; 123 AA.		
XX			
XX	18-MAY-1996 (first entry)		
DT			
XX			
XX	Humanised antibody IOR-R3 variable region heavy chain.		
XX			
KM	Humanised antibody; IOR-R3; monoclonal antibody; mouse; heavy chain;		
KM	variable region; epidermal growth factor receptor; hybridoma;		
KM	framework; cloning; computer; algorithm; human; immunogenicity;		
KM	site-directed mutagenesis; T-lymphocyte epitope;		
KM	complementarity determining region; tertiary structure; point mutation;		
KM	antibody engineering; protein engineering; antitumour; cancer; therapy.		
OS	Mus musculus.		
XX			
XX			
Key	Location/Qualifiers		
FT	Misc-difference 11..12		
FT	/note="Mutated amino acids"		
FT	26..30		
FT	/note="Amino acids involved in tertiary structure"		
FT	31..35		
Region			

Query	Subject	Score	DB	Length	Matches	Conservative	Mismatches	Indels	Gaps
QY	1 GRUNPTTGDANFAEKFO 17	63.7%	Score 58	Length 123	Best local similarity 58.8%	Pred. No. 0.023			
Db	49 ggnlptsygsnfnkfk 65								
AAAR92990	AAAR92990 standard	Protein: 123 AA							



## RESULT 1.5

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:23:32

Job time: 317 sec



GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:25:35 ; Search time 61.61 Seconds  
(without adjustments)

Title: US-09-780-035-10

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

```

Searched:      283138 segs, 96089334 residues
              number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283138

```

```
Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 20000000000
```

```
Post-processing:  Minimum Match 0%
                  Maximum Match 100%
                  Listing first 45 summaries
```

```
Database :
1: pir_71:*
2: pir2:*
3: pir3:*
4: pir4:*
```

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	63	69.2	98	2	S26910	Ig heavy chain V R
2	63	69.2	117	1	HVH035	Ig heavy chain pre
3	58	63.7	104	2	S69899	Ig heavy chain V R
4	58	63.7	123	2	D33548	Ig heavy chain V-1
5	57	62.6	288	2	S29690	Ig heavy chain VDJ
6	55	60.4	98	2	PH1123	Ig heavy chain V R
7	55	60.4	98	2	S26938	Ig heavy chain V R
8	55	60.4	98	2	S26912	Ig heavy chain V R
9	55	60.4	110	2	PH1669	Ig heavy chain V R
10	55	60.4	117	2	S11680	Ig heavy chain V R
11	55	60.4	117	2	S18551	Ig heavy chain V R
12	55	60.4	118	2	S36265	Ig heavy chain V R
13	55	60.4	129	2	S46393	Ig heavy chain V R
14	55	60.4	135	2	S49530	anti-Sm antibody V R
15	54	59.3	77	2	S46467	Ig heavy chain V R
16	54	59.3	101	2	S26314	Ig heavy chain V R
17	54	59.3	116	2	S55542	Ig heavy chain V R
18	53	58.2	97	2	PH0870	Ig heavy chain V R
19	53	58.2	98	2	S46463	Ig heavy chain V1
20	53	58.2	109	2	PH1671	Ig heavy chain V R
21	51	56.0	98	2	PH1157	Ig heavy chain V R
22	51	56.0	98	2	I28833	Ig kappa chain V R
23	51	56.0	98	2	S26918	Ig heavy chain V R
24	51	56.0	108	2	PH0985	Ig heavy chain V R
25	51	56.0	132	2	S31596	Ig heavy chain V R
26	51	56.0	136	2	S31600	Ig heavy chain V R
27	50	54.9	107	2	PH1013	Ig heavy chain V R
28	50	54.9	108	2	PH1012	Ig heavy chain V R
29	50	54.9	131	2	A27472	Ig heavy chain pre

30	49	53.8	67	2	PH1146	Ig heavy chain V
31	49	53.8	85	2	E37262	Ig heavy chain V r
32	49	53.8	97	2	PH1155	Ig heavy chain V r
33	49	53.8	98	2	PH1112	Ig heavy chain V r
34	49	53.8	98	2	S26920	Ig heavy chain V r
35	49	53.8	117	1	HVHDHG	Ig heavy chain pre
36	49	53.8	120	1	HMKS15	Ig heavy chain V r
37	49	53.8	136	2	PL0208	Ig heavy chain pre
38	49	53.8	138	1	ELHUND	Ig heavy chain pre
39	49	53.8	143	1	ELHUND	Ig heavy chain pre
40	48	52.7	56	2	PH1158	Ig heavy chain V r
41	48	52.7	86	2	S23544	Ig heavy chain V r
42	48	52.7	97	2	S16028	Ig heavy chain V r
43	48	52.7	98	2	S17604	Ig heavy chain V r
44	48	52.7	98	2	S26921	Ig heavy chain V r
45	48	52.7	109	2	PH0973	Ig heavy chain V r

## ALIGNMENTS

```

RESULT      1
S26910
Ig heavy chain V region (DP-1) - human (Fragment)
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C:Date: 22-Nov-1993 #sequence_revision 10-Nov-1995 #text_change 21-Jan-2000
C:Accession: S26910
R:Tomlinson, I.M.; Walter, G.; Marks, J.D.; Dlewyn, M.B.; Winter, G.
J. Mol. Biol. 227, 776-798, 1992
A:Title: The repertoire of human germline VH sequences reveals about fifty groups o
A:Reference number: S26885; MUID:93021117
A:Accession: S26910
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-98 <TOK>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z12303; NTD:932847; PIDD:CA78175.1; PID:932848
C:Superfamily: Immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin
P:15-98/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <Imm>

```

Query Match	69.2%;	Score 63;	DB 2;	Length 98;
Best Local Similarity	58.8%;	Pred. No. 0.0014;		
Matches 10; Conservative	4;	Mismatches 3;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;

```
QY      1  GRLNPTGDANFAEKFO 17
         ||:|| :| |:|||||
Db      49  GRINPNSGGTNYAQKFO 65
```

## RESULT

Ig heavy chain precursor V region (V35) human (fragment)  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 30-Jun-1991 #sequence\_revision 30-Jun-1991 #text\_change 21-Jul-2000  
C:Accession: S00476; S34013  
R:Matsumura, F.; Lee, K.H.; Nakai, S.; Sato, T.; Kodaira, M.; Zong, S.Q.; Ohno, H.; Fuk  
EMBO J. 7, 1047-1051, 1988  
A:Title: Dispersed localization of D segments in the human immunoglobulin heavy-chain  
A:Reference number: S00476; MUID:88296408  
A:Accession: S00476  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-117 <MATS>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X07448; NID:933104; PIDN:CAB56703.1; PID:96002173  
A:Note: the authors translated the codon AGT for residue 89 as Met  
R:Marlette, X.; Tsapis, A.; Brovet, J.C.  
Eur. J. Immunol. 23, 846-851, 1993  
A:Title: Nucleotide sequence analysis of the variable domains of four human monoclon  
A:Reference number: S34001; MUID:93209281  
A:Accession: S34013  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 20-116 <MAR>

C:Genetics: GDB:IGHV#  
A:Cross-references: GDB:128528; OMTM:147070  
A:Map position: 14q32.33-14q32.33  
A:Introns: 16/1  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin v region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotrimer; immunoglobulin  
F:1-19/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>  
F:20-117/Product: Ig heavy chain v region (V35) #status predicted <MAT>  
F:34-117/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IM>

Query Match	69.2%	Score 63;	DB 1;	Length 117;
Best Local Similarity	58.8%	Pred. No. 0.0017;		
Matches 10; Conservative	4;	Mismatches 3;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;

QY 1 GRINPTTGDANFAEKFQ 17  
11:11 : 1:1:111  
Db 68 GRINPNSGGTNYAQKFQ 84

668695  
SULT

Ig heavy chain V region (clone RFS7H), rheumatoid factor - human  
C/Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C/Date: 14-Feb-1997 #sequence\_revision 13-Mar-1997 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
C/Accession: S69899  
R/Random, I.; Pascual, V.; Victor, K.; Thompson, K.M.; Forre, O.; Capra, D.J.; Natvig, J.  
Eur. J. Immunol. 23, 1220-1225, 1993  
A/Title: Synovial IgG rheumatoid factors show evidence of an antigen-driven immune response  
A/Reference number: S69896; MUID:93272805  
A/Accession: S69899  
A/Status: preliminary; translation not shown  
A/Molecule type: mRNA  
A/Residues: 1-104 <RAN>  
A/Cross-references: EMBL:Z34893; NID:g509803; PIDD:CAA84376.1; PID:g509804  
C/Family: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
F,15-98/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IM>

Query Match	63.7%	Score 58;	DB 2;	Length 104;
Best Local Similarity	52.9%	Pred. No. 0.011;		
Matches	9;	Conservative	5;	Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0

```
QY      1 GRINPTGDANEAEKQ 17
          ||:::| :|::|::|
Db      49 GRINPNSGTHYAQKFQ 65
```

ULT  
D33548

Ig heavy chain-V-1 region (MIL2) - human  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 17-Jan-1990 #sequence\_revision 17-Jan-1990 #text\_change 16-Aug-1996  
C:Accession: D33548  
R:RIPPS, T.J.; Tomhave, E.; Pratt, L.F.; Duffy, S.; Chen, P.P.; Carson, D.A.  
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86, 5913-5917, 1989  
A:Title: Developmentally restricted immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region gene expression  
A:Reference number: A35548; MIMD:89345575  
A:Accession: D33548  
A>Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; not compared with conceptual translation  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-123 <RIP>  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
F:15-98/Domain: Immunoglobulin homology <IMV>

Query Match	63.7%	Score 58	DB 2	Length 123
Best Local Similarity	58.8%	Pred. No. 0.013		
Matches 10; Conservative	3	Mismatches 4	Indels 0	Gaps 0

QY 1 GRLNPTTGDANFAEKFQ 17

```

Db      49  GWINPNSGGTNYAEKQ  65
          | : | : | : | | | |

```

RESULT  
S29690

Ig heavy chain VDJ region - rat (fragment)  
 C/Species: Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)  
 C/Date: 06-Jan-1995 #sequence\_revision 30-Jan-1998 #text\_change 20-Jun-2000  
 C/Accession: S29690  
 R/Damers, P.M.; Bos, N.A.; Kroese, F.G.M.  
 submitted to the EMBL Data Library, October 1992  
 A/Description: Analysis of the rat B cell repertoire: cloning of rat vh genes  
 A/Reference number: S29690  
 A/Accession: S29690  
 A/Molecule type: mRNA  
 A/Residues: 1-288 <DAM>  
 A/Cross-references: EMBL:X68782, NID:g56442; PID:g1334294  
 A/Experimental source: strain D2B  
 C/Superfamily: immunoglobulin C region; immunoglobulin homology  
 C/Keywords: heterotrimer; immunogloblin  
 F;12-95/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match	62.68;	Score 57;	DB 2;	Length 288;
Best Local Similarity	52.98;	Pred. No. 0.05;		
Matches	9;	Conservative	4;	Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0

```
QY      1 GRNPPTGDANFAEKQ 17
         ||:|| | : ||||:
Db     46 GRNPANGNTYAEKFK 62
```

## RESULT 6

I9 heavy chain region (clone V2059.1) -mouse (fragment)  
 C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)  
 C:Date: 30-Sep-1993 #sequence\_revision 30-Sep-1993 #text\_change 16-Aug-1996  
 C:Accession: PH1123  
 R:Schltek, B.; Rajewsky, K.  
 J. Exp. Med. 176, 427-438, 1992  
 A:Title: Natural occurrence and origin of somatically mutated memory B cells in mice  
 A:Reference number: PH1105; MUID:92364545  
 A:Accession: PH1123  
 A:Molecule type: DNA  
 A:Residues: 1-98 <SCH>  
 A:Experimental source: B cell  
 C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
 C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
 E:15-98/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IM>

Query Match	60.48;	Score 55;	DB 2;	Length 98;
Best Local Similarity	52.9%;	Pred. No. 0.034;		
Matches	9;	Conservative	5;	Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0

```
QY      1  GRLNPPTGDANFAEFKQ  17
         ||::|:| ||: ||:
Db      49  GRIDPNSSGANYNEKFK  65
```

RESULT	7
S26938	

C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
 C:Date: 22-Nov-1993 #sequence\_revision 17-Nov-1995 #text\_change 23-Jul-1999  
 C:Accession: S26938  
 R:Tomlinson, I.M.; Maltzer, G.; Marks, J.D.; Llewellyn, M.B.; Winter, G.  
 J. Mol. Biol. 227, 776-798, 1992  
 A:Title: The repertoire of human germline V(H) sequences reveals about fifty groups o  
 A:Reference number: S26885; MIMD:93021117  
 A:Accession: S26938  
 A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown



DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Last sequence update)  
 DT 15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 38, Last annotation update)  
 DE Ig heavy chain V-I region HG3 precursor.  
 OS Homo sapiens (Human).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.  
 NCBI\_TaxID=9606;  
 RX MEDLINE=83144028; PubMed=6298778;  
 RA Rechavi G., Ram D., Glazer L., Zakut R., Givol D.;  
 RT "Evolutionary aspects of immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region  
 (VH) gene subgroups.";  
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80:855-859(1983).  
 CC -----  
 CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration  
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 CC or send an email to [license@sib-sib.ch](mailto:license@sib-sib.ch)).  
 CC -----  
 CC EMBL: J00240; AAA52988.1;  
 DR PIR: A02024; HVHHC.  
 DR InterPro: IPR003006; Ig\_MHC.  
 DR InterPro: IPR003596; Ig\_V.  
 DR Pfam: PF00047; Ig\_1.  
 DR SMART: SM00406; IgV\_1.  
 KW Immunoglobulin V region; Signal.  
 FT SIGNAL  
 FT CHAIN 1 19  
 FT NON\_TER 20 117 IG HEAVY CHAIN V-I REGION HG3.  
 FT RT 117 117  
 SQ SEQUENCE 117 AA; 12946 MW; 2D3F92FC60CD1FE7 CRC64;  
  
 Query Match 53.8%; Score 49; DB 1; Length 117;  
 Best Local Similarity 47.1%; Pred. No. 0.18;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 5; Mismatches 4; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
  
 QY 1 GRNPTTGDANFAEKQ 17  
 ID HV50\_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 120 AA.  
 P06329;  
 DT 01-JAN-1988 (Rel. 06, Created)  
 DT 15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 38, Last sequence update)  
 DE Ig heavy chain V region AC38.15.3.  
 OS Mus musculus (Mouse).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.  
 NCBI\_TaxID=10090;  
 RX MEDLINE=84182519; PubMed=6201362;  
 RA Dildrop R., Boyens J., Stekevitz M., Beyreuther K., Rajewsky K.;  
 RT "A V region determinant (idiotope) expressed at high frequency in B  
 RT lymphocytes is encoded by a large set of antibody structural genes.";  
 RL EMBO J. 3:517-523(1984).  
 DR PIR: A02037; MHMS15.  
 DR InterPro: IPR003006; Ig\_MHC.  
 DR InterPro: IPR003596; Ig\_V.  
 DR Pfam: PF00047; Ig\_1.  
 DR SMART: SM00406; IgV\_1.  
 KW Immunoglobulin V region.  
 FT DOMAIN 1 98 V SEGMENT.  
 FT DOMAIN 99 105 D SEGMENT.  
 FT DOMAIN 106 120 J SEGMENT.

FT DISULFID 22 96 BY SIMILARITY.  
 FT NON\_TER 120 120  
 SQ SEQUENCE 120 AA; 13311 MW; 914453F426F09834 CRC64;  
  
 Query Match 53.8%; Score 49; DB 1; Length 120;  
 Best Local Similarity 47.1%; Pred. No. 0.18;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 4; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
  
 QY 1 GRNPTTGDANFAEKQ 17  
 ID HV48\_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 138 AA.  
 P03980;  
 DT 23-OCT-1986 (Rel. 02, Created)  
 DT 23-OCT-1986 (Rel. 02, Last sequence update)  
 DT 15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 38, Last annotation update)  
 DE Ig heavy chain V region TEPC 1017 precursor.  
 OS Mus musculus (Mouse).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.  
 NCBI\_TaxID=10090;  
 RX MEDLINE=84248078; PubMed=6429663;  
 RA Gilliam A.C., Shen A., Richards J.E., Blattner F.R., Mushinski J.F.,  
 RA Tucker P.W.;  
 RT "Illegitimate recombination generates a class switch from C mu to C  
 RT delta in an IgD-secreting plasmacytoma.";  
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 81:4164-4168(1984).  
 DR PIR: A02033; HVMST7.  
 DR InterPro: IPR003006; Ig\_MHC.  
 DR InterPro: IPR003596; Ig\_V.  
 DR Pfam: PF00047; Ig\_1.  
 DR SMART: SM00406; IgV\_1.  
 KW Immunoglobulin V region; Signal.  
 FT SIGNAL 1 20  
 FT CHAIN 21 138 IG HEAVY CHAIN V REGION TEPC 1017.  
 FT DOMAIN 21 49 FRAMEWORK-1.  
 FT DOMAIN 50 54 COMPLEMENTARITY-DETERMINING-1.  
 FT DOMAIN 55 68 FRAMEWORK-2.  
 FT DOMAIN 69 85 COMPLEMENTARITY-DETERMINING-2.  
 FT DOMAIN 86 117 FRAMEWORK-3.  
 FT DOMAIN 118 127 COMPLEMENTARITY-DETERMINING-3.  
 FT DOMAIN 128 138 FRAMEWORK-4.  
 FT DISULFID 41 115 BY SIMILARITY.  
 FT NON\_TER 138 138  
 SQ SEQUENCE 138 AA; 15576 MW; 748157E4C6907B8E CRC64;  
  
 Query Match 53.8%; Score 49; DB 1; Length 138;  
 Best Local Similarity 47.1%; Pred. No. 0.21;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 4; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
  
 QY 1 GRNPTTGDANFAEKQ 17  
 ID HV1C\_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 147 AA.  
 P01744;  
 DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)  
 DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last sequence update)  
 DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)  
 DE Ig heavy chain V-I region ND precursor (Fragments).  
 OS Homo sapiens (Human).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;



Query Match:	Score 51;	DB 11;	Length 142;
Best Local Similarity:	47.18;	Pred. NO. 0.79;	
Matches	8;	Conservative	4; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
QY	1 GRNPPTGDANPAEKEQ	17	
DB	I : I I I : I : I I I :		
	49 GNINPSNGGTNNNEKEK	65	

Query Match	53.88;	Score 49;	DB 4;	Length 124;
Best Local Similarity	47.18;	Pred. No. 1.5;		
Matches	8;	Conservative	5;	Mismatches
			4;	Indels
			0;	Gaps
			0;	
QY	1	GRLNPTGDANFAEKQ	17	
		::::	::::	
Db	49	GIINPGGGSYAKQ	65	
RESULT	6			
096050				

GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:24:27 ; Search time 49.09 seconds

(without alignments)  
8.459 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-10

Sequence: 1 GRINPTGDANFAERFQ 17

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 231628 seqs, 2442594 residues

Number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 231628

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Database :

Issued Patents.AM:\*  
1: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/5A.COMB.pep.\*  
2: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/5B.COMB.pep.\*  
3: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/6A.COMB.pep.\*  
4: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/6B.COMB.pep.\*  
5: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/PCITUS.COMB.pep.\*  
6: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/backfile1.pep.\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a  
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,  
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	63	69.2	123	1	US-08-477-877B-94
2	63	69.2	123	2	US-08-472-281A-94
3	63	69.2	123	2	US-08-477-989B-94
4	58	63.7	123	1	US-08-497-312-15
5	58	63.7	123	1	US-08-497-312-17
6	58	63.7	123	2	US-08-560-558E-28
7	57	62.6	117	4	US-09-025-769B-22
8	55	60.4	117	3	US-08-545-809A-90
9	55	60.4	120	4	US-09-025-769B-36
10	55	60.4	120	4	US-09-025-769B-59
11	55	60.4	128	1	US-08-276-852-53
12	55	60.4	128	1	US-08-276-852-55
13	55	60.4	128	1	US-08-276-852-56
14	55	60.4	128	1	US-08-899-575-53
15	55	60.4	128	1	US-08-899-575-55
16	55	60.4	128	1	US-08-899-575-56
17	55	60.4	128	1	US-08-899-575-53
18	55	60.4	128	1	US-08-899-575-55
19	55	60.4	128	1	US-08-899-575-56
20	55	60.4	128	5	PCT-US95-08743-53
21	55	60.4	128	5	PCT-US95-08743-55
22	55	60.4	128	5	PCT-US95-08743-56
23	54	59.3	17	2	US-08-560-558E-33
24	54	59.3	105	2	US-08-793-490-10
25	54	59.3	117	4	US-09-157-370-2
26	54	59.3	118	2	US-08-232-081B-8
27	54	59.3	118	2	US-08-232-081B-38

28	54	59.3	128	1	US-08-276-852-58	Sequence 58, Appl
29	54	59.3	128	1	US-08-899-575-58	Sequence 58, Appl
30	54	59.3	128	1	US-08-899-575-58	Sequence 58, Appl
31	54	59.3	128	5	PCT-US95-08743-55	Sequence 55, Appl
32	53	58.2	102	1	US-07-834-539A-55	Sequence 55, Appl
33	53	58.2	102	1	US-08-053-131-63	Sequence 63, Appl
34	53	58.2	102	1	US-08-645-641-63	Sequence 63, Appl
35	53	58.2	102	1	US-07-853-408B-63	Sequence 63, Appl
36	53	58.2	102	2	US-08-096-762-63	Sequence 63, Appl
37	53	58.2	102	2	US-08-800-353-55	Sequence 55, Appl
38	53	58.2	102	2	US-08-308-865-63	Sequence 55, Appl
39	53	58.2	102	5	PCT-US92-06185-55	Sequence 55, Appl
40	53	58.2	102	5	PCT-US92-10983-93	Sequence 63, Appl
41	53	58.2	116	2	US-08-737-560A-7	Sequence 7, Appl
42	53	58.2	117	4	US-09-042-353-232	Sequence 232, App
43	53	58.2	117	4	US-08-758-417A-80	Sequence 80, Appl
44	53	58.2	147	2	US-08-579-940-4	Sequence 4, Appl
45	53	58.2	147	4	US-08-838-692-6	Sequence 6, Appl

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

US-08-477-877B-94

Sequence 94, Application US/08477877B

Patent No. 5730979

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Bazin, Herv

TITLE OF INVENTION: LO-CD2a Antibody and Uses Thereof for Inhibiting T-Cell Act

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 96

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: Carella, Byrne, Bain, Gillfillan,

STREET: 6 Becker Farm Road

CITY: Roseland

STATE: New Jersey

COUNTRY: U.S.A.

ZIP: 07068

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5 inch diskette

COMPUTER: IBM PS/2

OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: Morpheus 5.1

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/477, 877B

FILING DATE: 07-JUN-1995

CLASSIFICATION: 424

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/407, 009

FILING DATE: 29-MAR-1995

APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/119, 032

FILING DATE: 09-SEP-1993

APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/027, 008

FILING DATE: 05-MAR-1993

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: Olstein, Elliot M.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 24,025

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 61750-146

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: 201-994-1700

TELEFAX: 201-994-1744

INFORMATION FOR SEQ. ID NO: 94:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 123 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

STRANDEDNESS:

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: polypeptide

FEATURE:

NAME/KEY: Human Anu 5-3 heavy chain variable region.

US-08-477-877B-94

### RESULT 3

RESULT 4  
US-08-497-312-15  
; Sequence 15, Application US/08497312  
; Patent No. 5712120  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:



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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:25:35 ; Search time 61.61 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
6.239 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-11

Perfect score: 20  
Sequence: 1 KEGA 4

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283138 seqs, 96089334 residues

T number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283138

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :  
1: pir1:\*  
2: pir2:\*  
3: pir3:\*  
4: pir4:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length DB	ID	Description
1	20	100.0	40	2 E64988	hypothetical prote
2	20	100.0	40	2 H71330	hypothetical prote
3	20	100.0	44	2 I48942	cellular disintegr
4	20	100.0	47	2 A59009	diuretic hormone 2
5	20	100.0	52	2 H81124	hypothetical prote
6	20	100.0	54	2 S45255	yjix protein homol
7	20	100.0	54	2 T42357	hypothetical prote
8	20	100.0	57	2 JN0739	hypothetical 6.4k
9	20	100.0	60	2 JN0741	hypothetical 6.6k
10	20	100.0	61	2 T47055	hypothetical prote
11	20	100.0	63	2 C95851	hypothetical prote
12	20	100.0	65	2 A72368	hypothetical prote
13	20	100.0	67	2 S45258	yjix protein homol
14	20	100.0	67	2 E95210	hypothetical prote
15	20	100.0	67	2 A81189	hypothetical prote
16	20	100.0	67	2 H98074	hypothetical prote
17	20	100.0	68	2 A25574	molybdenum-pterin-
18	20	100.0	68	2 A29094	hypothetical prote
19	20	100.0	71	2 G90533	hypothetical prote
20	20	100.0	71	2 G83792	conserved hypothet
21	20	100.0	74	2 C81738	gray protein - Esc
22	20	100.0	75	1 BVECRY	ribosomal protein
23	20	100.0	76	2 A87655	hypothetical prote
24	20	100.0	77	2 T41510	ribosomal protein
25	20	100.0	82	2 S76249	hypothetical prote
26	20	100.0	83	2 B70870	pili protein (clon
27	20	100.0	83	2 T03673	hypothetical prote
28	20	100.0	85	2 T21842	hypothetical prote
29	20	100.0	87	2 C99587	hypothetical prote

30	20	100.0	88	2 H90151	conserved hypothet
31	20	100.0	92	2 T12826	histone-like DNA-b
32	20	100.0	93	2 T17447	hypothetical prote
33	20	100.0	93	2 AC0232	probable transcrip
34	20	100.0	93	2 AC3330	hypothetical prote
35	20	100.0	94	2 JH0237	repressor protein
36	20	100.0	94	2 E95332	hypothetical prote
37	20	100.0	94	2 AD1459	B. subtilis transc
38	20	100.0	94	2 A11095	B. subtilis trans
39	20	100.0	94	2 C98239	hypothetical prote
40	20	100.0	95	2 G86438	protein T19E23.5 l
41	20	100.0	96	2 S03096	transition state r
42	20	100.0	96	2 AG0229	conserved hypothet
43	20	100.0	99	1 QSBP87	host specificity p
44	20	100.0	99	1 D82929	ATP synthase delta
45	20	100.0	104	2 AD3464	hypothetical prote

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
E64988  
hypothetical protein b2191 - Escherichia coli (strain K-12)  
C:Species: Escherichia coli  
C:Date: 12-Sep-1997 #sequence\_revision 17-Sep-1997 #text\_change 08-Oct-1999  
C:Accession: E64988  
R:Blattner, F.R.; Plunkett III, G.; Bloch, C.A.; Perna, N.T.; Burland, V.; Riley, M.;  
A:Rose, D.J.; Mau, B.; Shao, Y.  
A:Title: The complete genome sequence of Escherichia coli K-12.  
A:Reference number: A64720; M01D:97426617  
A:Accession: E64988  
A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-40 <BLAT>  
A:Cross-references: GB:AE000308; GB:U00096; MID:g1788508; PIDN:AACT5251.1; PID:g17885  
A:Experimental source: strain K-12, substrain MG1655

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 40;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;  
QY 1 KEGA 4  
DB 5 KEGA 8  
RESULT 2  
H71330  
hypothetical protein TP0382 - syphilis spirochete  
C:Species: Treponema pallidum subsp. pallidum (syphilis spirochete)  
C:Date: 24-Jul-1998 #sequence\_revision 24-Jul-1998 #text\_change 05-Nov-1999  
C:Accession: H71330  
R:Fraser, C.M.; Norris, S.J.; Weinstock, G.M.; White, O.; Sutton, G.G.; Dodson, R.; G  
reson, J.; Khalak, H.; Richardson, D.; Howell, J.K.; Chidambaram, M.; Uitterback, T.; M  
they, L.; Weidman, J.; Smith, H.O.; Venter, J.C.  
A:Title: Complete genome sequence of Treponema pallidum, the syphilis spirochete.  
A:Reference number: A71250; M01D:98332770  
A:Accession: H71330  
A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-40 <COL>  
A:Cross-references: GB:AE001217; GB:AE000520; MID:g3322656; PIDN:AACT5383.1; PID:g332  
A:Experimental source: strain Nichols  
C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: TP0382

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 40;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 KEGA 4  
|||||  
Db 6 KEGA 9

RESULT 3  
I48942  
cellular disintegrin-related protein 16-1 - mouse (fragment)  
C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)  
C>Date: 15-Mar-1996 #sequence\_revision 15-Mar-1996 #text\_change 05-Nov-1999  
C:Accession: I48942  
R:Weskamp, G.; Blobel, C.P.  
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 91, 2748-2751, 1994  
A:Title: A new family of cellular proteins related to snake venom disintegrins.  
A:Reference number: A53476; MUID:94195820  
A:Accession: I48942  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-44 <RES>  
C:Cross-references: EMBL:U06144; NID:9487136; PIDN:AAA18423.1; PID:9487137  
C:Superfamily: unassigned disintegrins; disintegrin homology

Query Match  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 44;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 KEGA 4  
|||||  
Db 16 KEGA 19

RESULT 4  
A59009  
diuretic hormone 2 - yellow mealworm  
C:Species: Tenebrio molitor (yellow mealworm)  
C>Date: 10-Oct-1997 #sequence\_revision 10-Oct-1997 #text\_change 26-Feb-1998  
C:Accession: A59009  
R:Furuya, K.; Schegg, K.M.; Schooley, D.A.  
submitted to the Protein Sequence Database, August 1997  
A:Description: Isolation and identification of a Second Diuretic Hormone from Tenebrio  
A:Reference number: A59009  
A:Accession: A59009  
A:Molecule type: protein  
A:Residues: 1-47 <SCH>  
C:Superfamily: diuretic hormone precursor; diuretic hormone homology  
C:Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Leu) #status absent

Query Match  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 47;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 KEGA 4  
|||||  
Db 34 KEGA 37

RESULT 5  
H81124  
hypothetical protein NMB1079 [imported] - Neisseria meningitidis (strain MC58 serogroup  
C:Species: Neisseria meningitidis  
C>Date: 31-Mar-2000 #sequence\_revision 31-Mar-2000 #text\_change 19-Jan-2001  
C:Accession: H81124  
R:Rettelin, H.; Saunders, N.J.; Heidelberg, J.; Jeffries, A.C.; Nelson, K.E.; Eisen, J.A.  
Hickey, E.K.; Haft, D.H.; Salzberg, S.L.; White, O.; Fleischmann, R.D.; Dougherty, B.A.;  
Sci. H.; Qin, H.; Vamathevan, J.; Gill, J.; Scarlato, V.; Masiatani, V.; Pizsa, M.  
Science 287, 1809-1815, 2000  
A:Authors: Grandi, G.; Sun, L.; Smith, H.O.; Fraser, C.M.; Moxon, E.R.; Rappuoli, R.; V.  
A:Title: Complete genome sequence of Neisseria meningitidis serogroup B strain MC58.  
A:Reference number: AB1000; MUID:20175755

A:Accession: H81124  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-52 <RET>  
A:Cross-references: GB:AE002458; GB:AE002098; NID:97226311; PIDN:AAF41472.1; PID:9722  
C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: NMB1079

Query Match  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 52;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 KEGA 4  
|||||  
Db 37 KEGA 40

RESULT 6  
S45255  
yjiX protein homolog - Enterobacter aerogenes (fragment)  
C:Species: Enterobacter aerogenes  
C>Date: 07-May-1998 #sequence\_revision 15-May-1998 #text\_change 08-Oct-1999  
C:Accession: S45255  
R:Arvidson, D.N.; Arvidson, C.G.; Lawson, C.L.; Miner, J.; Adams, C.; Youderian, P.  
Nucleic Acids Res. 22, 1821-1829, 1994  
A:Title: The tryptophan repressor sequence is highly conserved among the Enterobacter  
A:Reference number: S45254; MUID:94268903  
A:Accession: S45255  
A:Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-54 <ARV>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:L26582; NID:9433053; PIDN:AAC36893.1; PID:9433055  
A:Note: the nucleotide sequence was submitted to the EMBL Data Library, December 1993  
C:Superfamily: Escherichia coli conserved yjiX protein

Query Match  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 54;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 KEGA 4  
|||||  
Db 19 KEGA 22

RESULT 7  
T42357  
hypothetical protein - phage SP1  
C:Species: phage SP1  
C>Date: 03-Dec-1999 #sequence\_revision 03-Dec-1999 #text\_change 11-May-2000  
C:Accession: T42357  
R:Alonso, J.C.; Luder, G.; Stige, A.C.; Chai, S.; Weise, F.; Trautner, T.A.  
Gene 204, 201-212, 1997  
A:Title: The complete nucleotide sequence and functional organization of Bacillus sub  
A:Reference number: 222137; MUID:98094274  
A:Accession: T42357  
A:Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-54 <ALO>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X97918; PIDN:CAA6511.1

Query Match  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 54;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 KEGA 4  
|||||  
Db 50 KEGA 53

```

RESULT 8
JN0739
hypothetical 6.4k protein - phage SPPI
N:Alternate names: hypothetical protein 48
C:Species: phage SPPI
C:Date: 03-Feb-1994 #sequence_revision 03-Feb-1994 #text_change 08-Oct-1999
C:Accession: JN0739; S21437
R:Chai, S.; Szepan, U.; Lueder, G.; Trautner, T.A.; Alonso, J.C.
Gene 129, 41-49, 1993
A:Title: Sequence analysis of the left end of the Bacillus subtilis bacteriophage SPPI
A:Reference number: JN0729; MUID:93328123
A:Accession: JN0739
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-57 <CHA>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X65941; NID:g14843; PIDN:CAA6752.1; PID:g579086

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 57;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4
|||||
Db 53 KEGA 56

RESULT 9
JN0741
hypothetical 6.6k protein - phage SPPI
N:Alternate names: hypothetical protein 50
C:Species: phage SPPI
C:Date: 03-Feb-1994 #sequence_revision 03-Feb-1994 #text_change 11-May-2000
C:Accession: JN0741; T42359; S21439
R:Chai, S.; Szepan, U.; Lueder, G.; Trautner, T.A.; Alonso, J.C.
Gene 129, 41-49, 1993
A:Title: Sequence analysis of the left end of the Bacillus subtilis bacteriophage SPPI
A:Reference number: JN0729; MUID:93328123
A:Accession: JN0741
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-60 <CHRA>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X65941; NID:g14843; PIDN:CAA6754.1; PID:g579088
R:Alonso, J.C.; Lueder, G.; Stege, A.C.; Chai, S.; Weise, F.; Trautner, T.A.
Gene 204, 201-212, 1997
A:Title: The complete nucleotide sequence and functional organization of Bacillus subtilis
A:Reference number: Z22137; MUID:98094274
A:Accession: T42359
A:Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-60 <AL0>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X97918; PIDN:CAA6513.1

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 60;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4
|||||
Db 56 KEGA 59

RESULT 10
T47055
hypothetical protein [imported] - Yersinia pestis
C:Species: Yersinia pestis
C:Date: 17-Mar-2000 #sequence_revision 17-Mar-2000 #text_change 17-Mar-2000
C:Accession: T47055
R:Buchrieser, C.; Rusnlok, C.; Couve, E.; Frangeul, L.; Billault, A.; Kunst, F.; Carniel
Submitted to the EMBL Data Library, October 1998
A:Description: DNA sequence of the 102 kbases unstable region of Yersinia pestis.
A:Reference number: Z24348
A:Accession: T47055

```

```

A:Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-61 <BUC>
A:Cross-references: EMBL:AL031866; PIDN:CAA21398.1
A:Experimental source: strain 6/69

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 61;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4
|||||
Db 28 KEGA 31

RESULT 11
C95851
hypothetical protein [imported] - Sinorhizobium meliloti (strain 1021) megaplasmid pS
C:Species: Sinorhizobium meliloti
C:Date: 24-Aug-2001 #sequence_revision 24-Aug-2001 #text_change 30-Sep-2001
C:Accession: C95851
R:Finan, T.M.; Weidner, S.; Wong, K.; Buhmester, J.; Chain, P.; Vorholter, F.J.; Her
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 98, 9889-9894, 2001
A:Title: The complete sequence of the 1.683-kb pSYM megaplasmid from the N2-fixing e
A:Reference number: A95842; MUID:21396508; PMID:11481431
A:Accession: C95851
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-63 <KUR>
A:Cross-references: GB:AL591985; PIDN:CAC48475.1; PID:g15139947; GSPDB:GN00167
A:Experimental source: strain 1021, megaplasmid pSYM
R:Galibert, F.; Finan, T.M.; Long, S.R.; Puhler, A.; Abola, P.; Ampe, F.; Barloy-Hubl
Pela, D.; Chain, P.; Cowie, A.; Davis, R.W.; Dreano, S.; Federspiel, N.A.; Fisher, R.
L.; Hyman, R.W.; Jones, T.
Science 293, 668-672, 2001
A:Authors: Kahn, D.; Kahn, M.; Vorholter, F.J.; Weidner, S.; Wells, D.H.; Wong, K.; Yeh,
A:Title: The composite genome of the legume symbiont Sinorhizobium meliloti.
A:Reference number: A96039; MUID:21368234; PMID:11474104
A:Contents: annotation
C:Genetics:
A:Gene: SMD20075
A:Genome: plasmid

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 63;
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4
|||||
Db 5 KEGA 8

RESULT 12
A72368
hypothetical protein - Thermotoga maritima (strain MSB8)
C:Species: Thermotoga maritima
C:Date: 11-Jun-1999 #sequence_revision 11-Jun-1999 #text_change 21-Jul-2000
C:Accession: A72368
R:Nelson, K.E.; Clayton, R.A.; Gill, S.R.; Gwinn, M.L.; Dodson, R.J.; Haft, D.H.; Hic
Garrett, M.M.; Stewart, A.M.; Cotton, M.D.; Pratt, M.S.; Phillips, C.A.; Richardson,
C.M.
Nature 399, 323-329, 1999
A:Title: Evidence for lateral gene transfer between Archaea and Bacteria from genome
A:Reference number: A72200; MUID:99287316
A:Accession: A72368
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: DNA
A:Residues: 1-65 <ARN>
A:Cross-references: GB:AE001727; GB:AE000512; NID:g4981015; PIDN:AAD35592.1; PID:g498
A:Experimental source: strain MSB8

```

C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: TM0507

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 65;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.5e+02;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4  
||||  
DB 52 KEGA 55

RESULT 13  
S45258  
Yjx protein homolog - Enterobacter cloacae (fragment)  
C:Species: Enterobacter cloacae  
C>Date: 07-May-1998 #sequence\_revision 15-May-1998 #text\_change 08-Oct-1999  
C:Accession: S45258  
P:Arvidson, D.N.; Arvidson, C.G.; Lawson, C.L.; Miner, J.; Adams, C.; Youderian, P.  
Title: The tryptophan repressor sequence is highly conserved among the Enterobacteriac  
A:Reference number: S45254; MUID:94268903  
A:Accession: S45258  
A:Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-67 <ARV>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:L26583; NID:9433056; PIDN:AAA20184.1; PID:9433059  
A:Experimental source: ATCC 23355  
A>Note: The nucleotide sequence was submitted to the EMBL Data Library, December 1993  
C:Superfamily: Escherichia coli conserved yjx protein

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 67;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.6e+02;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4  
||||  
DB 32 KEGA 35

RESULT 14  
E95210  
hypothetical protein SPI805 [imported] - Streptococcus pneumoniae (strain TIGR4)  
C:Species: Streptococcus pneumoniae  
C>Date: 03-Aug-2001 #sequence\_revision 03-Aug-2001 #text\_change 03-Aug-2001  
C:Accession: E95210  
P:Uetlin, H.; Nelson, K.E.; Paulsen, I.T.; Eisen, J.A.; Read, T.D.; Peterson, S.; Heid  
nson, T.; Hickey, E.K.; Holt, I.E.  
Science 293, 498-506, 2001  
A:Authors: Loftus, B.J.; Yang, F.; Smith, H.O.; Venter, J.C.; Dougherty, B.A.; Morrison,  
A:Title: Complete genome sequence of a virulent isolate of Streptococcus pneumoniae.  
A:Reference number: A95000; MUID:21357209; PMID:11463916  
A:Accession: E95210  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-67 <KUB>  
A:Cross-references: GB:AE005672; PIDN:AAK75878.1; PID:914973304; GSPDB:GN00164; TIGR:SPA  
A:Experimental source: strain TIGR4  
C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: SPI805

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 67;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.6e+02;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4  
||||  
DB 29 KEGA 32

RESULT 15

A81189  
hypothetical protein NMB0519 [imported] - Neisseria meningitidis (strain MC58 serogro  
C:Species: Neisseria meningitidis  
C>Date: 31-Mar-2000 #sequence\_revision 31-Mar-2000 #text\_change 19-Jan-2001  
C:Accession: A81189  
P:Uetlin, H.; Saunders, N.J.; Heidelberg, J.; Jeffries, A.C.; Nelson, K.E.; Eisen,  
Hickey, E.K.; Haft, D.H.; Salzberg, S.L.; White, O.; Fleischmann, R.D.; Dougherty, B.  
ri, H.; Qin, H.; Vamathevan, J.; Gill, J.; Scarlato, V.; Maignan, V.; Pizza, M.  
Science 287, 1809-1815, 2000  
A:Authors: Grandi, G.; Sun, L.; Smith, H.O.; Fraser, C.M.; Moxon, E.R.; Rappuoli, R.  
A:Title: Complete genome sequence of Neisseria meningitidis serogroup B strain MC58.  
A:Reference number: A81000; MUID:20175755  
A:Accession: A81189  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-67 <TET>  
A:Cross-references: GB:AE002408; GB:AE002098; NID:97225740; PIDN:AAF40951.1; PID:9722  
A:Experimental source: serogroup B, strain MC58  
C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: NMB0519

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 67;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.6e+02;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4  
||||  
DB 63 KEGA 66

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:25:37  
Job time: 302 sec

GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:39:13 ; Search time 29.47 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
5.255 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-11

Perfect score: 20  
Sequence: 1 KEGA 4

Scoring table: BIOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 105224 seqs, 38719550 residues

Number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 105224

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt\_40:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	20	100.0	40	Y382_TREPA	083397 treponema p
2	20	100.0	47	DIU2_TENMO	P56619 tenebrio mo
3	20	100.0	54	YJUX_ENTAE	P39430 enterobacte
4	20	100.0	55	PHNS_DESVH	Q06173 desulfobivr
5	20	100.0	67	YJUX_ENTCL	P39431 enterobacte
6	20	100.0	68	MOP1_CLOPA	P04952 clostridium
7	20	100.0	68	MOP2_CLOPA	P08854 clostridium
8	20	100.0	75	TRY3_ECOLI	P05835 escherichia
9	20	100.0	76	RL31_CAUCR	Q93439 caulobacter
10	20	100.0	82	RS16_STNY3	P74410 synechocyst
11	20	100.0	92	DBH2_BACSU	Q31446 bacillus su
12	20	100.0	94	SCRR_VIBAL	P24508 vibrio algi
13	20	100.0	96	ABR8_BACSU	P08874 bacillus su
14	20	100.0	99	VHSH_BPT7	P03751 bacterioph
15	20	100.0	106	RL3E_SULTO	P58376 saccharomy
16	20	100.0	110	GRX1_YEAST	P25373 ratu
17	20	100.0	114	SYCL_RAT	P251672 ratu
18	20	100.0	116	Y789_METJA	Q58199 methanococ
19	20	100.0	120	VE55_PYRHO	O59124 pyrococcus
20	20	100.0	122	RL7_PSEAE	Q9hwc8 pseudomon
21	20	100.0	122	RTP_BACSU	P14382 bacillus su
22	20	100.0	124	RL7_BRUME	P41106 brucella me
23	20	100.0	126	DHA5_BOVIN	P52476 bos taurus
24	20	100.0	126	RL12_CYAPA	P48124 cyanoporta
25	20	100.0	127	RBFA_BORBU	O51742 borrelia bu
26	20	100.0	129	AZU2_METJ	P12335 methylomona
27	20	100.0	129	RL12_PORPU	P51339 porphyra pu
28	20	100.0	139	Y024_METJA	Q60334 methanococ
29	20	100.0	140	HS12_ECOLI	P52644 escherichia
30	20	100.0	140	HS12_CABEI	P49196 caenorhabdi
31	20	100.0	146	Y328_METJA	O57774 methanococ
32	20	100.0	149	FUR_BACSU	P54574 bacillus su
33	20	100.0	150	TTYH_PIG	P50390 sus scrofa

34	20	100.0	153	YL54_ARCFU	O28128 archaeoglob
35	20	100.0	154	FAA2_ECOLI	P53509 escherichia
36	20	100.0	155	HS21_PHANI	O01544 pharbitis n
37	20	100.0	156	RISB_HELPJ	Q92n56 helicobacte
38	20	100.0	156	RS10_LUMRU	O77302 lumbriculus r
39	20	100.0	159	HS21_SOYNO	P05477 glycine max
40	20	100.0	160	KAKK_PHPPO	P80197 physarum po
41	20	100.0	160	Y601_METJA	O58996 methanococ
42	20	100.0	165	RL10_STEPI	P82480 streptococ
43	20	100.0	165	VEAE_BPE22	O03547 bacterioph
44	20	100.0	165	Y051_HAEIN	P44484 haemophilus
45	20	100.0	168	TCTP_BRAOL	Q944w6 brassica ol

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
Y382\_TREPA STANDARD; PRT; 40 AA.

AC O83397;  
ID Y382\_TREPA

DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)  
DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)  
DT 16-DEC-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)

DE Hypothetical protein TP0382.

GN TP0382.

OS Treponema pallidum.

OC Bacteria; Spirochaetales; Spirochaetaceae; Treponema.

OX NCBI\_TaxID=160;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN=NICHOLES;

RA MEDLINE=96332770; PubMed=9665876;

RA Fraser C.M., Norris S.J., Weinstock G.M., White O., Sutton G.G.,

RA Dodson R., Gwin M., Hickey E.K., Clayton R., Ketchum K.A.,

RA Sodergren E., Hardam J.M., McLeod M.P., Salzberg S., Peterson J.,

RA Khalak H., Richardson D., Howell J.K., Chidambaram M., Uterback T.,

RA McDonald L., Artach P., Bowman C., Cotton M.D., Fujii C., Garland S.,

RA Hatch B., Horst K., Roberts K., Sandusky M., Weidman J., Smith H.O.,

RA Venter J.C.;

RT "Complete genome sequence of Treponema pallidum, the syphilis

RT spirochete.";

RL Science 281:375-388(1998).

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CC or send an email to [license@isb-sib.ch](mailto:license@isb-sib.ch)).

CC EMBL, AE001217; AAC65383.1; -

DR TIGR; TP0382; -

KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.

SEQUENCE 40 AA: 4104 MW: 187486D9597CCG90 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 40;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 56;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4

Db 6 KEGA 9

RESULT 2

ID DIU2\_TENMO STANDARD; PRT; 47 AA.

AC P56619;

DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)

DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)

DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)  
DE Diuretic hormone II (DH II) (Diuretic peptide II) (DP II) (DH(47)).  
OS Tenebrio molitor (Yellow mealworm).  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Tracheata; Hexapoda; Insecta;  
OC Pterygota; Neoptera; Endopterygota; Coleoptera; Polyphaga;  
OC Cucujiforma; Tenebrionidae; Tenebrio.  
OX NCBI\_TaxID=7067;  
RN (1)  
RP SEQUENCE.  
RC Tissue-Head;  
RX MEDLINE=9828334; PubMed=9622015;  
RA Furuya K., Schegg K.M., Schooley D.A.;  
RT "Isolation and identification of a second diuretic hormone from  
Tenebrio molitor."  
RL Peptides 19:619-626(1998).  
CC -!- FUNCTION: INCREASES CYCLIC AMP PRODUCTION IN MALPIGHIAN TUBULES.  
CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE SAUVAGINE/CORTICOTROPIN-RELEASING  
CC FACTOR/UDOTENSIN I FAMILY OF PEPTIDES.  
DR InterPro: IPR00187; CnF.  
DR InterPro: IPR003621; Diuric\_hormn.  
DR Pfam: PF00473; CRF; 1.  
DR ProDom: PD014750; Diuric\_hormn; 1.  
DR SMART: SM00039; CRF; 1.  
DR PROSITE: PS00511; CRF; 1.  
KW Hormone.  
SQ SEQUENCE 47 AA; 5030 MW; 9176E090AB1B03A CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 47;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 66;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 KEGA 4  
DB 34 KEGA 37

RESULT 3  
YJXJ\_ENTAE STANDARD; PRT; 54 AA.  
AC P39430;  
DT 01-FEB-1995 (Rel. 31, Created)  
DT 01-FEB-1995 (Rel. 31, Last sequence update)  
DE 01-FEB-1995 (Rel. 31, Last annotation update)  
DE Hypothetical protein in trpr 3'region (Fragment).  
GN YJXJ.  
OS Enterobacter aerogenes (Aerobacter aerogenes).  
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; gamma subdivision; Enterobacteriaceae;  
OC Enterobacter.  
NCBI\_TaxID=548;  
RN (1)  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RX MEDLINE=94268903; PubMed=8208606;  
RA Arvidson D.N., Arvidson C.G., Lawson C.L., Miner J., Adams C.,  
RA Youderian P.;  
RT "The tryptophan repressor sequence is highly conserved among the  
Enterobacteriaceae."  
RL Nucleic Acids Res. 22:1821-1829(1994).  
CC  
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CC or send an email to [license@isb-sib.ch](mailto:license@isb-sib.ch)).  
CC  
CC EMBL: I26582; AAC36893.1; -  
DR InterPro: IPR002786; DUF84.  
DR ProDom: PD016591; DUF84; 1.  
KW Hypothetical protein.  
FT NON\_TER 1  
SQ SEQUENCE 54 AA; 5794 MW; 23A9E94ED9FA0FC5 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 54;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 75;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 KEGA 4  
DB 19 KEGA 22

RESULT 4  
PHNS\_DESVH STANDARD; PRT; 55 AA.  
AC O06173;  
DT 01-FEB-1995 (Rel. 31, Created)  
DT 01-FEB-1995 (Rel. 31, Last sequence update)  
DE Periplasmic [NifE] hydrogenase small subunit  
DE (NifE hydrogenylase small chain) (Fragment).  
OS Desulfovibrio vulgaris (strain Hildenborough).  
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; delta subdivision; Desulfovibrio.  
OX NCBI\_TaxID=882;  
RN (1)  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A., AND MUTAGENESIS OF ARG-28.  
RX MEDLINE=93123973; PubMed=1479348;  
RA Niviere V., Wong S.L., Voordouw G.;  
RT "Site-directed mutagenesis of the hydrogenase signal peptide  
consensus box prevents export of a beta-lactamase fusion protein."  
RL J. Gen. Microbiol. 138:2173-2183(1992).  
CC -!- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: 2 reduced ferredoxin + 2 H(+) = 2 oxidized  
CC ferredoxin + H(2).  
CC -!- COFACTOR: BINDS TWO 4FE-4S CLUSTERS AND ONE 3FE-4S CLUSTER.  
CC -!- SUBUNIT: HETERODIMER OF A LARGE AND A SMALL SUBUNIT.  
CC -!- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Periplasmic.  
CC -!- MISCELLANEOUS: [FE] [NIFE], AND [NIFESE] HYDROGENASES APPEAR TO  
CC REPRESENT THREE DISTINCT ENZYMES HAVING HYDROGENASE ACTIVITY.  
KW Oxidoreductase; Periplasmic; Iron-sulfur; 4Fe-4S; 3Fe-4S; Signal.  
FT SIGNAL 1  
FT CHAIN 50  
FT MUTAGEN 18  
FT NON\_TER 55  
FT SEQUENCE 55 AA; 5930 MW; E865200656D8A9DC CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 55;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 77;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 KEGA 4  
DB 9 KEGA 12

RESULT 5  
YJXJ\_ENTCL STANDARD; PRT; 67 AA.  
ID YJXJ\_ENTCL  
AC P39431;  
DT 01-FEB-1995 (Rel. 31, Created)  
DT 01-FEB-1995 (Rel. 31, Last sequence update)  
DT 16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)  
DE Hypothetical protein in trpr 3'region (Fragment).  
GN YJXJ.  
OS Enterobacter cloacae.  
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; gamma subdivision; Enterobacteriaceae;  
OC Enterobacter.  
OX NCBI\_TaxID=550;  
RN (1)  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RX MEDLINE=94268903; PubMed=8208606;  
RA Arvidson D.N., Arvidson C.G., Lawson C.L., Miner J., Adams C.,

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:38:38 ; Search time 107.95 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
6.410 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-11

Perfect score: 20

Sequence: 1 KEGA 4

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 562222 seqs, 172994929 residues

7 number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 562222

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

SPTREMBL\_19:\*  
1: sp-archaea:\*  
2: sp-bacteria:\*  
3: sp-fungi:\*  
4: sp-human:\*  
5: sp-invertebrate:\*  
6: sp-mammal:\*  
7: sp-mhc:\*  
8: sp-organelle:\*  
9: sp-phage:\*  
10: sp-plant:\*  
11: sp-rodent:\*  
12: sp-virus:\*  
13: sp-vertebrate:\*  
14: sp-unclassified:\*  
15: sp-rvirus:\*  
16: sp-bacteriap:\*  
17: sp-archaeap:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

# SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	20	100.0	27	4	Q9BS88
2	20	100.0	34	13	Q9PTK8
3	20	100.0	37	11	Q55073
4	20	100.0	40	16	P76451
5	20	100.0	52	16	Q9JZF4
6	20	100.0	54	9	Q48497
7	20	100.0	57	9	Q38078
8	20	100.0	60	9	Q38080
9	20	100.0	61	2	Q9X9G5
10	20	100.0	63	16	Q92X87
11	20	100.0	64	7	Q30816
12	20	100.0	64	7	Q30820
13	20	100.0	65	16	Q9WYX7
14	20	100.0	66	16	Q99XV5
15	20	100.0	67	16	Q9K0R1
16	20	100.0	67	16	Q97P39

17	20	100.0	68	4	Q16278	Q16278 homo sapien
18	20	100.0	71	16	Q9KDR8	Q9KDR8 bacillus ha
19	20	100.0	71	16	Q9BR35	Q9BR35 mycoplasma
20	20	100.0	74	16	Q9PLH0	Q9PLH0 chlamydia m
21	20	100.0	83	10	Q40539	Q40539 nicotiana t
22	20	100.0	83	16	Q53222	Q53222 mycobacteri
23	20	100.0	85	5	Q9XV39	Q9XV39 caenorhabdi
24	20	100.0	87	5	Q9GS26	Q9GS26 ancylostoma
25	20	100.0	87	16	Q98PW6	Q98PW6 mycoplasma
26	20	100.0	88	2	Q9L2L7	Q9L2L7 streptomyce
27	20	100.0	88	17	Q980Z7	Q980Z7 sulfobus
28	20	100.0	89	2	Q9EWN5	Q9EWN5 streptomyce
29	20	100.0	90	2	Q9S524	Q9S524 escherichia
30	20	100.0	93	2	Q9ZFR2	Q9ZFR2 yersinia pe
31	20	100.0	94	13	Q90ZFO	Q90ZFO gallus gall
32	20	100.0	94	16	Q9Z2C5	Q9Z2C5 rhizobium m
33	20	100.0	94	16	Q9Z2F5	Q9Z2F5 listeria in
34	20	100.0	95	6	Q9GJF9	Q9GJF9 callithrix
35	20	100.0	95	10	Q9SHF5	Q9SHF5 arabidopsis
36	20	100.0	96	2	Q42382	Q42382 yersinia pe
37	20	100.0	97	10	Q42255	Q42255 arabidopsis
38	20	100.0	98	2	Q52096	Q52096 pseudomonas
39	20	100.0	99	16	Q9PR11	Q9PR11 ureaplasma
40	20	100.0	102	17	Q973V1	Q973V1 sulfobus
41	20	100.0	104	2	P94757	P94757 escherichia
42	20	100.0	106	2	Q44480	Q44480 anabaena va
43	20	100.0	106	3	Q07989	Q07989 saccharomyc
44	20	100.0	106	4	Q9H4N4	Q9H4N4 homo sapien
45	20	100.0	106	7	Q31261	Q31261 rattus norv

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
ID Q9BS88 PRELIMINARY; PRT: 27 AA.  
AC Q9BS88:  
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Created)  
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Last sequence update)  
DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
DE SIMILAR TO CHAPERONIN CONTAINING TCP1, SUBUNIT 8 (THETA).  
OS Homo sapiens (Human).  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.  
OX NCBI\_TaxID=9606;  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC TISSUE=BRAIN, PRIMITIVE NEUROECTODERMAL;  
RA Strausberg R.;  
RL Submitted (MAR-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
DR EMBL, BC005220; AAH05220.1; -  
SQ SEQUENCE 27 AA: 2894 MW: 430CB0FB04967B0E CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 4; Length 27;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.2e+02;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4  
DB 16 KEGA 19  
RESULT 2  
ID Q9PTK8 PRELIMINARY; PRT: 34 AA.  
AC Q9PTK8:  
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Created)  
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)  
DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
DE REGGIE2 (FRAGMENT).  
GN FLOT1 OR REGGIE2.

OS Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish) (zebra danio).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Ostariophysi;  
 OC Cypriniformes; Cyprinidae; Danio.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=7955;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RA MEDLINE-20261668; PubMed-10799891;  
 RT "A contig map of the Mhc class I genomic region in the zebrafish  
 RT reveals ancient synteny."  
 RL J. Immunol. 164:5296-5305(2000).  
 DR EMBL: AF182161; AAF20177.1; -;  
 DR ZFIN: ZDB-GENE-000210-36; F101.  
 FT NON\_TER  
 FT NON\_TER  
 SQ SEQUENCE 34 AA; 3881 MW; BBDACFC53EF4E3P9 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 13; Length 34;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.0e+02;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 KEGA 4  
 Db 20 KEGA 23

RESULT 3  
 ID 055073 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 37 AA.  
 AC 055073;  
 DT 01-JUN-1998 (TREMBlrel. 06, Created)  
 DT 01-JUN-1998 (TREMBlrel. 06, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBlrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
 DE DECORIN (FRAGMENT).  
 GN MDCN.  
 OS Mus musculus domesticus (western European house mouse).  
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=10092;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RA Kraus P., Just W., Vogel W.;  
 RT "mDcn Inttron 2 (XbaI) to Inttron 3 (HincII).";  
 RL Submitted (FEB-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
 DR EMBL: AF047708; AAC04271.1; -;  
 DR InterPro: IPR001611; LRR.  
 DR Pfam: PF003560; LRR; 1.  
 FT NON\_TER  
 FT NON\_TER  
 SQ SEQUENCE 37 AA; 4308 MW; C04BBAAE0C843BC2 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 11; Length 37;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3e+02;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4  
 Db 26 KEGA 29

RESULT 4  
 ID P76451 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 40 AA.  
 AC P76451;  
 DT 01-FEB-1997 (TREMBlrel. 02, Created)  
 DT 01-FEB-1997 (TREMBlrel. 02, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBlrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
 DE FROM BASES 2276392 TO 2288352 (SECTION 198 OF 400) OF THE COMPLETE  
 DE GENOME.  
 DE B2191.

OS Escherichia coli.  
 OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; gamma subdivision; Enterobacteriaceae;  
 OC Escherichia  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=562;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN-K12 / MG1655;  
 RX MEDLINE-9742617; PubMed-9278503;  
 RA Blatter F.R., Plunkett G. III, Bloch C.A., Perna N.T., Burland V.,  
 RA Riley M., Collado-Vides J., Glasner J.D., Rode C.K., Mayhew G.F.,  
 RA Gregor J., Davis N.W., Kirkpatrick H.A., Goeden M.A., Rose D.J.,  
 RA Mau B., Shao Y.;  
 RT "The complete genome sequence of Escherichia coli K-12."  
 RL Science 277:1453-1474(1997).  
 DR EMBL: AE003088; AAC75251.1; -;  
 KW Complete proteome.  
 SQ SEQUENCE 40 AA; 4591 MW; 56C974E4D66B54D CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 16; Length 40;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e+02;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 KEGA 4  
 Db 5 KEGA 8

RESULT 5  
 ID 09JZF4 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 52 AA.  
 AC 09JZF4;  
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Created)  
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBlrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
 DE HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN NMB1079.  
 GN NMB1079.  
 OS Neisseria meningitidis (serogroup B).  
 OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; beta subdivision; Neisseriaceae; Neisseria.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=491;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN-MC58 / SEROGROUP B;  
 RX MEDLINE-20175755; PubMed-10710307;  
 RA Tettelin H., Saunders N.J., Heidelberg J., Jeffries A.C., Nelson K.E.,  
 RA Eisen J.A., Ketchum K.A., Hood D.W., Peden J.F., Dodson R.J.,  
 RA Nelson W.C., Gwin M.L., DeBoy R., Peterson J.D., Hickey E.K.,  
 RA Haft D.H., Salzberg S.L., White O., Fleischmann R.D., Dougherty B.A.,  
 RA Cotton M.D., Utterback T.R., Khouli H., Qin H., Yamathayan J.,  
 RA Gill J., Scarlato V., Maignani V., Pizza M., Grandi G., Sun L.,  
 RA Smith H.O., Fraser C.M., Moxon E.R., Rappunli R., Venter J.C.;  
 RT "Complete genome sequence of Neisseria meningitidis serogroup B strain  
 RT MC58."  
 RL Science 287:1809-1815(2000).  
 DR EMBL: AE002458; AAF41472.1; -;  
 DR TIGR: NMB1079; -;  
 KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.  
 SQ SEQUENCE 52 AA; 6013 MW; 383F49EB5A94FAE CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 16; Length 52;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+02;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4  
 Db 37 KEGA 40

RESULT 6  
 ID 048497 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 54 AA.  
 AC 048497



GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:23:32 ; Search time 136.11 Seconds

(Without alignments)  
3.264 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-11

Perfect score: 20

Sequence: 1 KEQA 4

Scoring table:

BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 747574 seqs, 111073796 residues

T number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 747574

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

1: A\_Geneseq\_032802.\*  
2: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1980.DAT.\*  
3: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1981.DAT.\*  
4: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1982.DAT.\*  
5: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1983.DAT.\*  
6: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1984.DAT.\*  
7: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1985.DAT.\*  
8: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1986.DAT.\*  
9: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1987.DAT.\*  
10: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1988.DAT.\*  
11: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1989.DAT.\*  
12: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1990.DAT.\*  
13: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1991.DAT.\*  
14: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1992.DAT.\*  
15: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1993.DAT.\*  
16: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1994.DAT.\*  
17: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1995.DAT.\*  
18: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1996.DAT.\*  
19: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1997.DAT.\*  
20: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1998.DAT.\*  
21: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1999.DAT.\*  
22: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2000.DAT.\*  
23: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2001.DAT.\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a  
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,  
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	20	100.0	4	22	AA65301
2	20	100.0	9	22	AA65301
3	20	100.0	10	22	AA65301
4	20	100.0	10	22	AA65301
5	20	100.0	12	18	AAW25324
6	20	100.0	18	22	AA65301
7	20	100.0	18	22	AA65301
8	20	100.0	18	22	AAW25324
9	20	100.0	18	22	AAW25324
10	20	100.0	20	22	AAW25324
11	20	100.0	20	22	AAW25324

12	20	100.0	20	22	AA65301	CC CKR-2 PL peptid
13	20	100.0	23	22	AAU00937	VH ligand-binding
14	20	100.0	25	20	AAV12805	Human 5' EST seque
15	20	100.0	27	22	AA65301	HLA-A*0201 binding
16	20	100.0	27	22	AA65301	HLA-A*0201 binding
17	20	100.0	29	22	AA65301	Human secreted pro
18	20	100.0	30	22	AA65301	Peptide #5456 enco
19	20	100.0	30	22	AA65301	Protein #5197 enco
20	20	100.0	30	22	AA65301	Human brain expres
21	20	100.0	30	22	AA65301	Human bone marrow
22	20	100.0	30	22	AA65301	Peptide #5397 enco
23	20	100.0	33	22	AA65301	Human bone marrow
24	20	100.0	33	22	AA65301	Peptide #7707 enco
25	20	100.0	34	22	AA65301	Novel human diagno
26	20	100.0	36	21	AAV77861	T. ferrooxidans ly
27	20	100.0	37	20	AAV01202	Polypeptide fragme
28	20	100.0	38	20	AAV42833	Non-EFOR-binding c
29	20	100.0	39	16	AA65301	Plasmodium knowle
30	20	100.0	39	20	AA65301	Human secreted pro
31	20	100.0	41	22	AA65301	Novel human diagno
32	20	100.0	45	22	AA65301	Novel human diagno
33	20	100.0	46	22	AA65301	Peptide #4200 enco
34	20	100.0	46	22	AA65301	Peptide #5789 enco
35	20	100.0	46	22	AA65301	Protein #5463 enco
36	20	100.0	46	22	AA65301	Human brain expres
37	20	100.0	46	22	AA65301	Human bone marrow
38	20	100.0	46	22	AA65301	Peptide #5511 enco
39	20	100.0	46	22	AA65301	Peptide #5753 enco
40	20	100.0	47	20	AAV30879	Human secreted pro
41	20	100.0	49	22	AA65301	Peptide #8190 enco
42	20	100.0	49	22	AA65301	Protein #6924 enco
43	20	100.0	49	22	AA65301	Human brain expres
44	20	100.0	49	22	AA65301	Human bone marrow
45	20	100.0	49	22	AA65301	Peptide #8484 enco

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	
AA65301	standard; protein; 4 AA.
AA65301	
30-NOV-2001	(first entry)
Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy chain CDR3 fragment.	
IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;	
neurotropic; neurological; antinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiac;	
immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.	
Homo sapiens.	
WO200158956-A2.	
16-AUG-2001.	
09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.	
10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.	
(BADI ) BASF AG.	
Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;	
Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;	
Lennard SM;	
WPI: 2001-550020/61.	
Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human	
interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,	

neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and autoimmune diseases -

Claim 25: Page 37, 91pp; English.

The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions, that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from, inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease, inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18 antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids, cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy chain CDR3 fragment.

Sequence 4 AA:

Query Match	100.0%	Score 20;	DB 22;	Length 4;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 6.4e+05;		
Matches	4;	Conservative 0;	Mismatches 0;	Indels 0;
Qy	1	KEGA 4		
Db	1	kega 4		

RESULT	2
AAG99520	
ID	AAG99520 standard; Peptide; 9 AA
YV	

AC AAG99520;

DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)  
 VV

PRAME derived HLA-A\*0201 binding peptide SEQ ID NO: 162

KW vaccine; immune response; T cell response; epitope; proteasome;  
 KW cancer; infection

OS Unidentified.

EP1118860-A1.

PD 25-JUL-2001.

21-JAN-2000; 2000EP-0200242.

41-JAN-2000; 2000EP-0200242.

PA	(SCIS-)	SCI SEED CAPITAL.
PA	(OIDE-)	RICKSONLY LEIDEN

PI Ossendorf F, Offringa R, Melief CJM, Kessler TH

WPI; 2001-427158/46

PT Selecting and/or producing a T cell epitope useful in a vaccine

of a 20S proteasome to determine the location of the C-terminus -

Disclosure; page 11; 102pp; English.

The present invention describes a method of producing T cell epitopes, involving subjecting a precursor peptide to the action of a 20S proteasome, in order to locate the C-terminus of said epitope. This can

CC be used in the production of vaccines, which can then be used to provoke  
CC a T cell response in the treatment of diseases such as cancer and  
CC infections. The present sequence is a peptide described in the  
CC exemplification of the invention.  
XX  
Sequence 9 AA:  
50

Sequence 9 AA;

Query Match	100.0%;	Score 20;	DB 22;	Length 9;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%;	Pred. No. 6.4e+05;		
Matches	4;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches 0;
			Indels	0;
			Gaps	0;

QY	1	KEGA	4
Db	5	kega	8

RESULT	3
AAG99418	
ID	AAG99418 standard; Peptide: 10 AA

AC AAG99418;

DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)

PRAME derived HLA-A\*0201 binding peptide SEQ ID NO: 60.

KW Vaccine; immune response; T cell response; epitope; proteasome, cancer; infection.

OS Unidentified.

PN EP1118860-A1.  
XY

FD-23-JUL-2001.  
XX

21 JAN 2000, 2000EF-0200242

[illegible]

(PA (SCIS-) SCI SEED CAPITAL INVESTMENTS BY

Ossendorp F, Offringa R, Melief CJM, Kessler JH,

WPL; 2001-42/158/46.

comprises subjecting a precursor peptide or polypeptide to the

to determine the location of the C-terminus

XX

The present invention describes a method of producing T cell epitopes, involving subjecting a precursor peptide to the action of a 20S proteasome, in order to locate the C-terminus of said epitope. This can be used in the production of vaccines, which can then be used to provoke a T cell response in the treatment of diseases such as cancer and infections. The present sequence is a peptide described in the exemplification of the invention.

Sequence 10 AA;

Query Match	100.0%	Score 20;	DB 22;	Length 10;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 89;		
Matches	4;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches
			0;	Indels
				Gaps

Y	1	KEGA	4
b	3	kega	6

GenCore version 4.5  
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2000 CompuGen Ltd.

## OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:24:27 ; Search time 49.05 Seconds

(without alignments)  
1.990 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-11

Perfect score: 20

Sequence: 1 KEGA 4

## Scoring table:

BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0, Gapext 0.5

Searched: 231628 seqs, 24425594 residues

number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 231628

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

## Database :

Issued\_Patents\_AA:\*

- 1: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/5A.COMB.pep:\*
- 2: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/5B.COMB.pep:\*
- 3: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/6A.COMB.pep:\*
- 4: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/6B.COMB.pep:\*
- 5: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/PCRTUS.COMB.pep:\*
- 6: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/Backfile1.pep:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	20	100.0	12	1	US-08-548-540-162
2	20	100.0	12	5	PCRT-US96-09809-162
3	20	100.0	20	2	US-07-952-853-17
4	20	100.0	20	2	US-08-914-848-17
5	20	100.0	30	3	US-08-467-023-261
6	20	100.0	39	4	US-09-227-357-230
7	20	100.0	47	4	US-09-261-855-17
8	20	100.0	55	1	US-07-869-912-4
9	20	100.0	112	4	US-08-936-165A-338
10	20	100.0	144	4	US-08-858-207A-523
11	20	100.0	151	2	US-08-913-477-11
12	20	100.0	169	1	US-08-441-629-2
13	20	100.0	169	3	PCRT-US95-09172-2
14	20	100.0	169	5	PCRT-US95-09172-2
15	20	100.0	170	2	US-08-913-477-21
16	20	100.0	234	3	US-08-836-236-7
17	20	100.0	235	4	US-08-944-483-65
18	20	100.0	239	4	US-09-485-885-12
19	20	100.0	241	4	US-09-382-155-21
20	20	100.0	241	4	US-09-074-044A-21
21	20	100.0	249	4	US-08-991-946A-1
22	20	100.0	270	5	PCRT-US93-03035-2
23	20	100.0	273	4	US-08-928-213B-13
24	20	100.0	287	1	US-08-365-981-12
25	20	100.0	292	4	US-09-485-885-10
26	20	100.0	294	2	US-08-701-191A-17
27	20	100.0	299	4	US-09-621-233-2

28	20	100.0	317	4	US-09-390-326-5	Sequence 5, Appl
29	20	100.0	320	2	US-08-933-750C-12	Sequence 12, Appl
30	20	100.0	320	4	US-09-234-613-12	Sequence 12, Appl
31	20	100.0	323	4	US-09-462-844-4	Sequence 4, Appl
32	20	100.0	325	1	US-08-292-549-2	Sequence 2, Appl
33	20	100.0	325	4	US-09-042-785A-9	Sequence 9, Appl
34	20	100.0	325	5	PCRT-US91-02207-2	Sequence 2, Appl
35	20	100.0	344	1	US-07-941-523-24	Sequence 24, Appl
36	20	100.0	344	4	US-09-318-448-21	Sequence 21, Appl
37	20	100.0	351	1	US-09-500-651-2	Sequence 2, Appl
38	20	100.0	351	2	US-08-813-591-2	Sequence 2, Appl
39	20	100.0	367	4	US-09-390-326-9	Sequence 9, Appl
40	20	100.0	367	4	US-09-390-326-12	Sequence 12, Appl
41	20	100.0	374	1	US-08-430-393A-2	Sequence 2, Appl
42	20	100.0	374	4	US-08-446-669-2	Sequence 2, Appl
43	20	100.0	374	4	US-09-091-405-2	Sequence 2, Appl
44	20	100.0	374	5	PCRT-US95-00476-2	Sequence 2, Appl
45	20	100.0	377	4	US-09-352-990-28	Sequence 28, Appl

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
US-08-548-540-162  
Sequence 162, Application US/08548540  
Patent No. 5733731  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Schatz, Peter J.  
APPLICANT: Cull, Millard G.  
APPLICANT: Miller, Jeff F.  
APPLICANT: Stemmer, William P.C.  
APPLICANT: Gates, Christian M.  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Peptide Library and Screening Method  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 162  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: William M. Smith  
STREET: One Market Plaza, Stewart Tower, Suite 2000  
CITY: San Francisco  
STATE: California  
COUNTRY: USA  
ZIP: 94105  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/548,540  
FILING DATE: 26-OCT-1995  
CLASSIFICATION: A35  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/290,641  
FILING DATE: 15-AUG-1994  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/963,321  
FILING DATE: 15-OCT-1992  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Smith, William M.  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 30,223  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 165287-001240US  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: 415-326-2400  
TELEFAX: 415-326-2422  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 162:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 12 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
STRANDEDNESS: single  
TOPOLOGY: linear  
MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
US-08-548-540-162

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 1; Length 12;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 32;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4  
1111  
Db 5 KEGA 8

## RESULT 2

PCT-US96-09809-162

Sequence 162, Application PC/TUS9609809

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Schatz, Peter J.

APPLICANT: Cull, Millard G.

APPLICANT: Miller, Jeff F.

APPLICANT: Stemmer, William P.C.

APPLICANT: Gates, Christian M.

TITLE OF INVENTION: Peptide Library and Screening Method

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 162

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: William M. Smith

STREET: One Market Plaza, Steuart Tower, Suite 2000

CITY: San Francisco

STATE: California

COUNTRY: USA

ZIP: 94105

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

REGISTRATION NUMBER: PCT/US96/09809

FILING DATE:

CLASSIFICATION:

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/548,540

FILING DATE: 26-OCT-1995

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/290,641

FILING DATE: 15-AUG-1994

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/963,321

FILING DATE: 15-OCT-1992

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: Smith, William M.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 30,223

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 16528J-001240US

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: 415-326-2400

TELEFAX: 415-326-2422

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 162:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 12 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

STRANDEDNESS: single

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

PCT-US96-09809-162

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 5; Length 12;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 32;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4  
1111  
Db 5 KEGA 8

## RESULT

US-07-952-853-17

Sequence 17, Application US/07952853

Patent No. 5863783

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Van Heuvel, Margaretha

APPLICANT: Bakhuis, Janna G.

APPLICANT: Coutel, Yves

APPLICANT: Harder, Abraham

APPLICANT: De Graaff, Leendert H.

APPLICANT: Filippi, Michel J. A.

APPLICANT: Van Der Veen, Peter

APPLICANT: Visser, Jacob

APPLICANT: Andreoli, Peter M.

TITLE OF INVENTION: CLONING AND EXPRESSION OF DNA

TITLE OF INVENTION: MOLECULES

TITLE OF INVENTION: ENCODING ARABINAN-DEGRADING ENZYMES OF FUNGAL

TITLE OF INVENTION: ORIGIN

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 24

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: MORRISON & FOERSTER

STREET: 755 Page Mill Road

CITY: Palo Alto

STATE: California

ZIP: 94304-1018

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25 (EPO)

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: Murashige, Kate H.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,959

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 246152003500

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: 415-813-5600

TELEFAX: 415-494-0792

TELEX: 706141

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 20 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

STRANDEDNESS: single

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

HYPOTHETICAL: NO

FRAGMENT TYPE: Internal

ORIGINAL SOURCE:

ORGANISM: Aspergillus niger

US-07-952-853-17

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 2; Length 20;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 53;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEGA 4  
1111  
Db 2 KEGA 5

## RESULT 4

US-08-914-848-17

Sequence 17, Application US/08914848

Patent No. 5989887

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Van Heuvel, Margaretha

APPLICANT: Bakhuis, Janna G.

APPLICANT: Coutel, Yves

APPLICANT: Harder, Abraham

APPLICANT: De Graaff, Leendert H.

GenCore version 4.5  
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2000 Compugen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:23:33 ; Search time 136.11 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
8.977 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-12  
Perfect score: 64  
Sequence: 1 QGSLRHFPY 11

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 747574 seqs, 111073796 residues

number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 747574

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 08  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

1: A\_Geneseq\_032802.\*  
2: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1980.DAT.\*  
3: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1981.DAT.\*  
4: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1982.DAT.\*  
5: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1983.DAT.\*  
6: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1984.DAT.\*  
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23: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2001.DAT.\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	64	100.0	11	22	AA65302
2	64	100.0	109	22	AA65309
3	64	100.0	109	22	AA65353
4	56	87.5	11	22	AA65305
5	46	71.9	107	18	AAW15528
6	44	68.8	108	22	AA62935
7	44	68.8	108	22	AA62945
8	44	68.8	108	22	AA62961
9	44	68.8	109	18	AAW15559
10	44	68.8	109	22	AAU02504
11	43	67.2	109	16	AA69091

12	43	67.2	109	18	AAW08740
13	43	67.2	318	18	AAW21746
14	43	67.2	318	19	AAW48894
15	43	67.2	318	19	AAW52864
16	43	67.2	345	21	AAW56610
17	42	67.2	524	19	AAW48893
18	42	65.6	51	21	AAW09387
19	42	65.6	3010	16	AAW85022
20	40	62.5	250	19	AAW8373
21	40	62.5	418	20	AAW97650
22	39	60.9	11	21	AAW95195
23	39	60.9	11	21	AAW95216
24	39	60.9	91	22	ABG13492
25	39	60.9	101	16	AAW2572
26	39	60.9	103	16	AAW80091
27	39	60.9	103	20	AAW95489
28	39	60.9	104	22	AAW93606
29	39	60.9	106	22	AAW93607
30	39	60.9	106	22	AAW02531
31	39	60.9	107	16	AAW69092
32	39	60.9	107	18	AAW08741
33	39	60.9	107	21	AAW95194
34	39	60.9	107	21	AAW95215
35	39	60.9	107	22	AAW62969
36	39	60.9	108	21	AAW95179
37	39	60.9	108	21	AAW95185
38	39	60.9	108	21	AAW44616
39	39	60.9	108	22	AAW62932
40	39	60.9	108	22	AAW62937
41	39	60.9	108	22	AAW62939
42	39	60.9	108	22	AAW02632
43	39	60.9	109	18	AAW19884
44	39	60.9	109	18	AAW15525
45	39	60.9	109	18	AAW08583

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

AA65302 ID AAG65302 standard; protein; 11 AA.

AC AAG65302;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light chain CDRI fragment.

XX IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;

KW nootropic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;

KW immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.

XX Homo sapiens.

OS

XX WO200158956-A2.

PD 16-AUG-2001.

XX

XX 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

PF

XX 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

PR

XX (BAD ) BASF AG.

PA Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;

XX Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shortrock CP, Thompson JE;

PI Lennard SN;

XX WPI; 2001-550020/61.

DR Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human

XX Interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,

PT

PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
 PT autoimmune diseases -  
 PS Claim 27; Page 38; 91pp; English.

CC The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
 CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
 CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
 CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
 CC inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease,  
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders  
 CC (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and  
 CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
 CC as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders  
 CC (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18  
 CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
 CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
 CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
 CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
 CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light  
 CC chain CDRL fragment.

SQ Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 64; DB 22; Length 11;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e-05;  
 Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 QGDSLRFHYPN 11  
 Db 1 qgdsrlrhyfn 11

RESULT 2  
 AAG65309  
 ID AAG65309 standard; protein; 109 AA.

AC AAG65309;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light chain sequence.

XX IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antineumatic; cerebroprotective;  
 KW neutrotropic; neurological; antinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;  
 KM immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.  
 XX Homo sapiens.

MO200158956-A2.

16-AUG-2001.

09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

(BADI ) BASF AG.

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;  
 PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorroock CP, Thompson JE;  
 PI Lennard SN;

WPI: 2001-550020/61.  
 DR N-PSDB; AAH47512.

PT Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human  
 PT interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,  
 PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
 PS autoimmune diseases -

PS Example 2; Page 38; 91pp; English.

XX The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
 CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
 CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
 CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
 CC inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease,  
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders  
 CC (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and  
 CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
 CC as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders  
 CC (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18  
 CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
 CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
 CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
 CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
 CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light  
 CC chain sequence.

SQ Sequence 109 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 64; DB 22; Length 109;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00021;  
 Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 QGDSLRFHYPN 11  
 Db 23 qgdsrlrhyfn 33

RESULT 3  
 AAG65353  
 ID AAG65353 standard; protein; 109 AA.

AC AAG65353;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light chain sequence.

XX IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antineumatic; cerebroprotective;  
 KW neutrotropic; neurological; antinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;  
 KM immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.  
 OS Homo sapiens.

MO200158956-A2.

16-AUG-2001.

09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

(BADI ) BASF AG.

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;  
 PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorroock CP, Thompson JE;  
 PI Lennard SN;

WPI: 2001-550020/61.  
 DR N-PSDB; AAH47512.

PT Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human  
 PT interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,  
 PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
 PS autoimmune diseases -

PS Example 2; Page 88; 91pp; English.

CC The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
 CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
 CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a

CC Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, and  
(e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, and

antibody 14F12, which is specific for transforming growth factor

CC light chain shuffle repertoire of a peripheral blood lymphocyte

CC library. The antigen-binding domains of human antibodies (see  
 CC AAW15522-40) to TGF beta-1 and/or beta-2 can be used to counter the  
 CC adverse effects of TGF beta, such as (i) promotion of fibrosis (in  
 CC dermal, ocular or keloid scarring, lung fibrosis, arterial injury,  
 CC proliferative retinopathy, retinal detachment, adult respiratory  
 CC distress syndrome, liver cirrhosis, post myocardial infarction,  
 CC post-angioplasty restenosis, scleroderma, vascular disorders,  
 CC cataract, glaucoma, or esp. neural scarring and glomerulonephritis,  
 CC also (not claimed) osteoporosis), or (ii) immune and inflammatory  
 CC diseases (e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, macrophage deficiency diseases  
 CC or macrophage pathogen infection). Nucleic acids encoding human  
 CC antibody VH and VL can be used for prodn. of recombinant antigen-  
 CC binding domains. These are highly specific, have low dissociation  
 CC constants (pref. less than 5 nM) and low IC50s for neutralisation.  
 CC  
 SQ Sequence 107 AA;

Query Match 71.9%; Score 46; DB 18; Length 107;  
 Best Local Similarity 72.7%; Pred. NO. 0.5;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 QGDSLRFHYPN 11  
 |||||:| |  
 Db 23 gqdsirnyan 33

RESULT 6  
 AAG62935  
 ID AAG62935 standard; Protein; 108 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAG62935;  
 XX  
 DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)  
 DE Amino acid sequence of variable light chain fragment of clone G67.  
 XX  
 KW Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
 KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
 KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
 KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PN WO200144300-A2.  
 XX  
 PD 21-JUN-2001.  
 XX  
 PD 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.  
 XX  
 PD 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.  
 XX

(CAMB-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

WPI; 2001-398131/42.

DR N-PSDB; AAH42379.

Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
 PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
 PT molecules and treating neurological diseases

Claim 1; Page 92; 109pp; English.

The present sequence represents an antibody variable light chain (VL)  
 CC fragment. The fragment is used to produce a mixture or panel of 5  
 CC different specific binding members, each comprising an antibody VH  
 CC and/or VL variable domain and capable, when displayed on the surface  
 CC of filamentous bacteriophage particles or in the case of a specific  
 CC binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL variable domain when  
 CC bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass through a mammalian  
 CC blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for the selection of

CC specific binding members with a desired property such as ability to  
 CC cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain cell antigen,  
 CC ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB breakdown or  
 CC ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind transferrin  
 CC receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis and  
 CC treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases, such  
 CC as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia, epilepsy  
 CC and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving inflammation  
 CC occurring within the brain or central nervous system.  
 CC  
 SQ Sequence 108 AA;

Query Match 68.8%; Score 44; DB 22; Length 108;  
 Best Local Similarity 72.7%; Pred. No. 1.2;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 QGDSLRFHYPN 11  
 |||||:| |  
 Db 22 gqdsirnyan 32

RESULT 7  
 AAG62945  
 ID AAG62945 standard; Protein; 108 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAG62945;  
 XX  
 DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)  
 DE Amino acid sequence of variable light chain fragment of clone G79.  
 XX  
 KW Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
 KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
 KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
 KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PN WO200144300-A2.  
 XX  
 PD 21-JUN-2001.  
 XX  
 PD 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.  
 XX  
 PD 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.  
 XX

(CAMB-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

WPI; 2001-398131/42.

DR N-PSDB; AAH42389.

Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
 PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
 PT molecules and treating neurological diseases

Claim 1; Page 97; 109pp; English.

The present sequence represents an antibody variable light chain (VL)  
 CC fragment. The fragment is used to produce a mixture or panel of 5  
 CC different specific binding members, each comprising an antibody VH  
 CC and/or VL variable domain and capable, when displayed on the surface  
 CC of filamentous bacteriophage particles or in the case of a specific  
 CC binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL variable domain when  
 CC bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass through a mammalian  
 CC blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for the selection of  
 CC specific binding members with a desired property such as ability to  
 CC cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain cell antigen,  
 CC ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB breakdown or  
 CC ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind transferrin  
 CC receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis and



CC treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases, such  
 CC as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia, epilepsy  
 CC and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving inflammation  
 CC occurring within the brain or central nervous system.

XX Sequence 108 AA;

Query Match 68.8%; Score 44; DB 22; Length 108;  
 Best Local Similarity 72.7%; Pred. No. 1.2;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 QGDSLRHFFPN 11  
 ||||| : 1 1  
 Db 22 qgdsrlrsytn 32

## RESULT 8

AAAG62961 standard; Protein; 108 AA.

AC AAG62961;

DE 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)

XX Amino acid sequence of variable light chain fragment of clone G101.

XX Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
 KM endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
 KM transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
 KM prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.

XX Homo sapiens.

PN WO200144300-A2.

XX 21-JUN-2001.

PF 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.

PR 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.

PA (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

PI Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

DR WPI: 2001-398131/42.

DR N-PSDB; AAH42405.

PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
 PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
 PT molecules and treating neurological diseases

PS Claim 1; Page 105; 109pp; English.

XX The present sequence represents an antibody variable light chain (VL)  
 CC fragment. The fragment is used to produce a mixture or panel of 5  
 CC different specific binding members, each comprising an antibody VH  
 CC and/or VL variable domain and capable, when displayed on the surface  
 CC of filamentous bacteriophage particles or in the case of a specific  
 CC binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL variable domain when  
 CC bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass through a mammalian  
 CC blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for the selection of  
 CC specific binding members with a desired property such as ability to  
 CC cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain cell antigen,  
 CC ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB breakdown or  
 CC ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind transferrin  
 CC receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis and  
 CC treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases, such  
 CC as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia, epilepsy  
 CC and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving inflammation  
 CC occurring within the brain or central nervous system.

SQ Sequence 108 AA;

Query Match 68.8%; Score 44; DB 22; Length 108;  
 Best Local Similarity 72.7%; Pred. No. 1.2;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 QGDSLRHFFPN 11  
 ||||| : 1 1  
 Db 22 qgdsrlrsytn 32

## RESULT 9

AAAM15559 standard; Protein; 109 AA.

AC AAM15559;

DE 27-NOV-1997 (first entry)

XX TGF beta-1/TGF beta-2 cross-reactive antibody VT37 VL domain.

XX Transforming growth factor beta; TGF-beta; human;  
 KM antibody engineering; scfv; phage display; lung fibrosis;  
 KM arterial injury; proliferative retinopathy; retinal detachment;  
 KM adult respiratory distress syndrome; liver cirrhosis;  
 KM post myocardial infarction; post-angioplasty restenosis;  
 KM scleroderma; vascular disease; cataract; glaucoma; scarring;  
 KM glomerulonephritis; osteoporosis; immune disease; inflammation;  
 KM rheumatoid arthritis; macrophage deficiency disease;  
 KM macrophage pathogen infection; therapy.

XX Homo sapiens.

PN GB2305921-A.

XX 23-APR-1997.

PD 07-OCT-1996; 96GB-0020920.

PE 19-JAN-1996; 96GB-0001081.

PR 06-OCT-1995; 95GB-0020486.

XX (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

PA Bacon L, Green JA, Jackson RH, Johnson KS, Pope AR;

PI Tempest PR, Thompson JE, Vaughan TJ, Williams AJ;

PI Wilton AJ;

DR WPI: 1997-215360/20.

DR N-PSDB; AAT60423.

PT Agent contg. antigen-binding domain of human antibody to

PT transforming growth factor beta 1 or 2 - and nucleic acid encoding

PT it, used to neutralise effects of TGF, e.g. for control of fibrosis,

PT immune and inflammatory disease

PS Example 1; Fig 4; 184pp; English.

XX This polypeptide comprises the VL domain of human scfv antibody  
 CC VT37, which is cross-reactive with transforming growth factor (TGF)  
 CC beta-2 and TGF beta-1. It is encoded by a gene (AAT60423) isolated  
 CC from an scfv repertoire by phage display and soluble ELISA. The  
 CC dissociation constant of the scfv is 4 nM for TGF beta-1 and 7 nM  
 CC for TGF beta-2. VT37 does not bind to IGF beta-3. The antigen-  
 CC binding domains of human antibodies (see also AAM15522-40) to TGF  
 CC beta-1 and/or beta-2 are useful in the treatment of fibrotic and  
 CC immune or inflammatory diseases.

XX Sequence 109 AA;

Query Match 68.8%; Score 44; DB 18; Length 109;

Best Local Similarity 72.7%; Pred. No. 1.2;  
Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 OGDSTRHFYPN 11  
Db 23 qgdslrlytyn 33

# RESULT 10

AAU02504  
ID AAU02504 standard; Protein; 109 AA.

AC AAU02504;

DT 29-AUG-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-adipocyte monoclonal antibody light chain, FAT 2.

KM Antibody; adipocyte; heavy chain; light chain; obesity; fat;  
KW heart disease; complementarity determining region; CDR.

XX Homo sapiens.

PN MO200127279-A1.

PD 19-APR-2001.

PE 11-OCT-2000; 2000MO-GB03900.

PR 12-OCT-1999; 99US-0158812.

PA (CAMB-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

PI Edwards BM, Main SH, Vaughan TJ;

DR WPI; 2001-282031/29.

DR N-PSDB; AAS03404.

PT Panel of specific binding members of antibody molecules which bind to  
PT whole adipocytes is used in the treatment of obesity and obesity  
PT related diseases -

PS Claim 1; Page 96-97; 182pp; English.

CC AAU02501-AAU02635, and AAU02641-AAU02748 represent the amino acid  
CC sequences of anti-adipocyte monoclonal antibody heavy chain, light  
CC chain, and heavy chain complementarity determining regions (CDR) of the  
CC invention. The antibodies can be used in the treatment of obesity and  
CC obesity related diseases. The antibodies can be used to deliver drugs or  
CC pro-drugs directly to the fat mass of an obese patient or the antibody  
CC can be used as a therapeutic itself. Antibodies binding specifically to  
CC adipocytes can be used to activate the immune system to destroy the cells  
CC by complement mediated lysis. The antibodies may be labeled with a  
CC detectable label such as radiolabel, fluorescent or chemical group and  
CC used in methods of diagnosis in human subjects e.g. to determine the  
CC presence of adipocyte antigen on the surface of an adipocyte to detect or  
CC determine the presence or level of adipocytes in a cell or tissue sample.  
CC The antibodies can be used as an alternative means of treatment for obese  
CC patients other than undergoing surgery to remove excess fat. Antibodies  
CC for different types of fat deposits can also be produced e.g. intra-  
CC abdominal fat associated with heart disease.

XX Sequence 109 AA;

Query Match 68.8%; Score 44; DB 22; Length 109;  
Best Local Similarity 72.7%; Pred. No. 1.2;

Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 OGDSTRHFYPN 11  
Db 23 qgdslrlytyn 33

# RESULT 11

AAAR69091  
ID AAAR69091 standard; Protein; 109 AA.

AC AAAR69091;

DT 30-AUG-1995 (first entry)

DE Anti-HIV Fab tat104 (VL4).

KM HIV-1; human immunodeficiency virus type 1; AIDS; Tat protein;  
KW intracellular immunization; gene therapy; single chain antibody;  
KW Fab; antibody engineering; resistance; cell immunity.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Region 1..20 /label= FRI

FT Region 21..31 /label= CDR1

FT Region 32..46 /label= FR2

FT Region 47..53 /label= CDR2

FT Region 54..85 /label= FR3

FT Region 86..98 /label= CDR3

FT Region 99..109 /label= FR4

XX MO9503832-A.

PD 09-FEB-1995.

PE 28-JUL-1994; 94WO-US08448.

PR 30-JUL-1993; 93US-0099870.

PA (UVE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.

PI Duan L, Pomerantz R;

DR WPI; 1995-082039/11.

PT Method for conducting gene therapy - comprises using recombinant  
PT gene encoding antibody binding antigen associated with a disease;  
PT useful for providing cell immunity.

PS Example 11; Page 32-33; Table 2; 62pp; English.

CC A phagemid library was constructed using lymphocyte RNA from  
CC a long-term asymptomatic HIV-1 positive donor. Heavy and light  
CC chain genes were cloned and a combinatorial library was prepared  
CC and screened to select antigen (HIV rev or tat) binders. Human  
CC soluble anti-HIV Fabs were obtained. Heavy chain VH sequences are  
CC given in AAR69084-87, light chain VL in AAR69088-92 and light chain CL  
CC in AAR69093-97.

XX Sequence 109 AA;

Query Match 67.2%; Score 43; DB 16; Length 109;  
Best Local Similarity 72.7%; Pred. No. 1.9;

Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 OGDSTRHFYPN 11  
Db 21 qgdslrlytyn 31

RESULT\_12  
AAW08740  
ID AAW08740 standard; Protein: 109 AA.  
XX  
AC AAW08740;  
XX  
DT 08-AUG-1997 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Human anti-HIV Fab amino acid sequence tat104(VL4).  
XX  
KW Gene therapy; antibody; immunisation; human immunodeficiency virus;  
HIV; human T-cell leukemia virus.  
XX  
OS Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type-1.  
XX  
FH Key  
FT Location/Qualifiers  
FT 1..20  
FT /label= FR1  
FT 21..31  
FT /label= CDR1  
FT 32..46  
FT /label= FR2  
FT 47..53  
FT /label= CDR2  
FT 54..85  
FT /label= FR3  
FT 86..98  
FT /label= CDR3  
FT 99..109  
FT /label= FR4  
XX  
PN WO9637234-A1.  
PD 28-NOV-1996.  
XX  
PR 23-MAY-1996; 96WO-US07393.  
XX  
PR 23-MAY-1995; 95US-0447610.  
XX  
PA (UYTE-) UNIT JEFFERSON THOMAS.  
XX  
PI Duan L, Pomerantz RJ;  
XX  
DR WPL: 1997-020948/02.  
XX  
PT Improved gene therapy using recombinant gene coding for an antibody  
PT - for intracellular immunisation against pathogens recognised by the  
PT antibody, esp. human immunodeficiency virus HIV-1

Example 11, Page 59; 213pp; English.

The present sequence is a human anti-HIV Fab light chain VL sequence.  
A novel gene therapy method has been produced, where a recombinant  
(rec) gene is introduced into the cells of a mammal. The method is  
improved by using a rec gene encoding an antibody (Ab) (e.g. the  
present sequence) that is selectively specific for an intracellular  
(IC) antigen associated with a disease. The method is used to prevent  
or halt the progress of a disease by IC immunisation. Specifically,  
the Ab can be used to inhibit the replication of a virus, such as  
human T-cell leukaemia virus or especially HIV-1, or of other pathogens,  
e.g. bacteria, fungi. The method provides immunity before or after  
the development of the disease and can be used to control the  
severity of the disease.

Sequence 109 AA;

Query Match 67.2%; Score 43; DB 18; Length 109;  
Best local Similarity 72.7%; Pred. No. 1.9;  
Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0.

1 QGDSLRFFYN 11  
|||||:| |

```

Db      21 gdsirlynyan 31

RESULT 13
ID      AAW21746 standard; protein; 318 AA.
XX
XX      AAW21746;
AC
XX      02-MAR-1998 (first entry)
DI
XX
XX      E3330-binding protein, Ref-1.
DE
XX
XX      E3330-binding protein; Ref-1; microsphere; drug binding factor recovery;
KM      styrene-glycidyl methacrylate polymer; protein isolation;
KW      protein purification; receptor identification.
XX
XX      Synthetic.
OS
XX      EP787988-A2.
PN
XX      06-AUG-1997.
PD
XX
XX      05-FEB-1997; 97EP-0101821.
PF
XX      17-SEP-1996; 96JP-0266711.
PR      05-FEB-1996; 96JP-0018827.
XX
XX      (HAND/) HANDA H.
PA      (KANA/) KAMAGUCHI H.
XX
XX      Handa H, Kawaguchi H;
PI
XX      WPI; 1997-387634/36.
DR
XX
XX      Isolation and identification of receptors to specific compounds -
PT      using microspheres prepared by coupling the compound, via a spacer,
PT      to a styrene-glycidyl methacrylate polymer.
XX
XX      Claim 5; Page 11; 29pp; English.
PS
XX
XX      This sequence represents the E3330-binding protein, Ref-1. E3330 is
CC      3-[(5-(2,3-dimethoxy-6-methyl-1,4-benzoguinonyl)]-2-nonyl-2-propionic
CC      acid. This sequence was isolated using the method of the invention. The
CC      method of the invention is for isolating a substance (S1) that can adhere
CC      to a substance (S2) possessing physiological activity from a mixture
CC      containing S1. The method comprises contacting the mixture with a
CC      microsphere prepared by coupling S2 to a styrene-glycidyl methacrylate
CC      polymer through a spacer. The process is useful, e.g., for recovery of
CC      drug binding factors (such as proteins) from cell extracts. The process
CC      allows easy isolation, purification and identification of receptors to
CC      specific compounds.
XX
XX      Sequence 318 AA:
SQ

Query Match      67.2%; Score 43; DB 18; Length 318;
Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 6;
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY      3 DSLRHFYPN 11
      11 11 111
Db      251 dsfrhlypn 259

RESULT 14
AAW48894
ID      AAW48894 standard; Protein; 318 AA.
XX
XX      AAW48894;
AC
XX
XX      13-OCT-1998 (first entry)
DI
XX

```

DE Homo sapiens AP endonuclease.  
 XX  
 XX MGMT: APE; DNA repair protein; fusion protein; AP endonuclease;  
 KW 0-6-methylguanine-DNA methyltransferase.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PN W09817684-A2.  
 XX  
 PD 30-APR-1998.  
 XX  
 PF 24-OCT-1997; 97WO-US19629.  
 XX  
 PR 25-OCT-1996; 96US-0029308.  
 XX  
 PA (ADRE-) ADVANCED RES & TECHNOLOGY INST.  
 XX  
 PI Kelley M, Williams D;  
 XX  
 PR WPI: 1998-271785/24.  
 XX  
 PD N-PSDB; AAV32543.  
 XX  
 PT New fusion proteins comprising 2 DNA repair proteins - used for  
 PT protecting cells against DNA damage, e.g. by chemotherapeutic  
 PT agents, or for treating DNA-repair-defective human diseases  
 XX  
 PS Disclosure: p115-116; 150pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC The sequence is that encoding the APE gene which was used in the  
 CC construction of a fusion protein of the DNA repair  
 CC proteins 0-6-methylguanine-DNA methyltransferase (MGMT) and AP  
 CC endonuclease (APE). It can be used for protecting cells  
 CC (especially bone marrow cells) against DNA damaging agents such as  
 CC chemotherapeutic agents used in tumour therapy and can be used in  
 CC conjunction with chemotherapy to facilitate the use of increased doses  
 CC of chemotherapy. They can provide added protection to cells by  
 CC providing RPs which recognise different types of DNA lesions. In  
 CC addition, the RPs can be used in the treatment of DNA-repair-defective  
 CC human diseases, e.g. Xeroderma pigmentosum, Ataxia telangiectasia,  
 CC Cockayne's syndrome, Bloom's syndrome, Fanconi's anaemia, Parkinson's  
 CC disease and other neurodegenerative diseases including amyotrophic  
 CC lateral sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease and other age related disorders.  
 CC  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 318 AA;  
 Query Match 67.2%; Score 43; DB 19; Length 318;  
 Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 6;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 Db 251 dsfrhlypn 259  
 3 DSLRHFYPN 11  
 || || || ||  
 Db 251 dsfrhlypn 259  
 RESULT 15  
 AAM52864  
 ID AAM52864 standard; Protein; 318 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAM52864;  
 XX  
 DT 08-JUL-1998 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Apurinic/aprimidinic endonuclease amino acid sequence.  
 XX  
 KW Apurinic/aprimidinic endonuclease; APE; identification; premalignancy;  
 KW APE level; diagnosis; therapy; tumour; apoptosis.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PN W09747971-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 18-DEC-1997.

XX  
 PF 11-JUN-1997; 97WO-US10078.  
 XX  
 PR 11-JUN-1996; 96US-0019602.  
 PR 11-JUN-1996; 96US-0019561.  
 XX  
 PA (ADRE-) ADVANCED RES & TECHNOLOGY INST.  
 XX  
 PI Duguid JR, Edle JN, Kelley MR;  
 XX  
 PR WPI: 1998-168751/15.  
 XX  
 PD N-PSDB; AAV21204.  
 XX  
 PT Use of apurinic/aprimidinic endonuclease - for developing products  
 PT for the diagnosis and therapy of tumours, or for detecting, inducing  
 PT or inhibiting apoptosis in cells  
 XX  
 PS Disclosure: Pages 131-132; 166pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC The present sequence represents an apurinic/aprimidinic endonuclease  
 CC (APE). Levels of APE in dysplasia, carcinoma in situ and squamous cell  
 CC carcinomas of the cervix and prostate are substantially elevated,  
 CC relative to controls. A method for identifying a premalignant or  
 CC malignant condition in a human subject comprises determining the  
 CC level of APE in cells from the subject, where an elevated level of  
 CC APE, as compared to the APE level in corresponding normal cells,  
 CC indicates a premalignant or malignant condition. APE levels can be  
 CC used in the diagnosis and therapy of tumours. APE levels can be  
 CC for detecting, inducing or inhibiting apoptosis in cells, e.g. for  
 CC treating T-cells infected with HIV or detecting apoptosis in cells  
 CC that have been subjected to chemo-, radio- or gene therapy.  
 CC  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 318 AA;  
 Query Match 67.2%; Score 43; DB 19; Length 318;  
 Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 6;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 Db 251 dsfrhlypn 259  
 3 DSLRHFYPN 11  
 || || || ||  
 Db 251 dsfrhlypn 259

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:23:33  
 Job time: 318 sec

GenCore version 4.5  
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2000 CompuGen Ltd.

## OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:25:37 ; Search time 61.61 seconds  
(without alignments)  
17.156 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-12  
Perfect score: 64  
Sequence: 1 QGDSLRHFPN 11

Scoring table: BIOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283138 seqs, 96089334 residues  
number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283138

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000  
Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :  
1: p1r1:\*  
2: p1r2:\*  
3: p1r3:\*  
4: p1r4:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	45	70.3	812	2 H96544	hypothetical prote
2	43	67.2	316	2 S42397	DNA-(apurinic or a
3	43	67.2	317	2 A39500	DNA-(apurinic or a
4	43	67.2	318	2 S23550	DNA-(apurinic or a
5	43	67.2	318	2 S26830	DNA-(apurinic or a
6	41	64.1	165	2 H64460	hypothetical prote
7	41	64.1	452	2 S72266	translation initia
8	41	64.1	1100	2 AF1460	alpha-xylosidase a
9	41	64.1	1100	2 AG1097	alpha-xylosidase a
10	40	62.5	250	2 C71809	exodeoxyribonuclea
11	40	62.5	250	2 F64710	exodeoxyribonuclea
12	40	62.5	332	2 S75928	hypothetical prote
13	40	62.5	368	2 F51200	hypothetical prote
14	39	60.9	96	2 S36060	Ig lambda chain -
15	39	60.9	106	2 S38495	Ig lambda chain -
16	39	60.9	108	2 S38498	Ig lambda chain -
17	39	60.9	108	2 S47184	Ig lambda chain -
18	39	60.9	109	2 S19663	Ig lambda chain V
19	39	60.9	110	2 S36272	Ig lambda chain V
20	39	60.9	115	2 S13726	Ig lambda chain V
21	39	60.9	127	2 S70444	Ig lambda chain pr
22	39	60.9	312	2 S84058	cysteine synthase
23	39	60.9	344	1 YFBSA	phenylalanine--trn
24	39	60.9	344	2 G84038	phenylalanyl-tRNA
25	39	60.9	370	2 JE0342	23F transcription
26	38	59.4	98	2 C97777	hypothetical prote
27	38	59.4	233	2 S25748	Ig lambda chain -
28	38	59.4	251	2 AD1669	3'-exo-deoxyribonu
29	38	59.4	251	2 AF1297	3'-exo-deoxyribonu

30	38	59.4	287	2 G83303	probable hydrolase
31	38	59.4	528	2 B96545	hypothetical prote
32	38	59.4	1645	2 AG1897	two-component hydr
33	37	57.8	123	2 T21145	ADP-ribosylation f
34	37	57.8	146	2 S02083	Ig lambda chain V-
35	37	57.8	183	2 T28926	hypothetical prote
36	37	57.8	252	2 S66012	3'-exo-deoxyribonu
37	36	56.2	109	2 S38496	Ig lambda chain -
38	36	56.2	124	2 C82770	hypothetical prote
39	36	56.2	167	2 S67799	hypothetical prote
40	36	56.2	191	2 E70071	conserved hypotet
41	36	56.2	200	2 AD3207	transcription regu
42	36	56.2	226	2 F82052	phosphoglycolate p
43	36	56.2	239	2 C75010	hypothetical prote
44	36	56.2	292	2 S77168	hypothetical prote
45	36	56.2	327	2 A13308	glutathione S-tran

## ALIGNMENTS

## RESULT 1

H96544 hypothetical protein F8A12.4 [imported] - Arabidopsis thaliana

C:Species: Arabidopsis thaliana (mouse-ear cress)

C:Date: 02-Mar-2001 #sequence\_revision 02-Mar-2001 #text\_change 31-Mar-2001

C:Accession: H96544

R:Rthellogis, A.; Ecker, J.R.; Palm, C.J.; Federspiel, N.A.; Kaul, S.; White, O.; Alon

Chin, C.W.; Chung, M.K.; Conn, L.; Conway, A.B.; Conway, A.R.; Creasy, T.H.; Dewar,

ansen, N.F.; Hughes, B.; Hutzler, L.

Nature 408, 816-820, 2000

A:Authors: Hunter, J.L.; Jenkins, J.; Johnson-Hopson, C.; Khan, S.; Khaykin, E.; Kim,

C.A.; Li, J.H.; Li, Y.; Lin, S.X.; Liu, Z.A.; Luros, J.S.; Matli, R.; Marzla

Rizzo, M.; Rooney, T.; Rowley, D.; Sakano, H.

A:Authors: Salzberg, S.L.; Schwartz, J.R.; Shinn, P.; Southwick, A.M.; Sun, H.; Tallo

ker, M.; Wu, D.; Yu, G.; Fraser, C.M.; Venter, J.C.; Davis, R.W.

A:Title: Sequence and analysis of chromosome 1 of the plant Arabidopsis.

A:Reference number: A86141; MUID: 21016719

A:Accession: H96544

A:Status: Preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-812 <STO>

A:Cross-references: GB:AE005173; NID:G1094686; PIDN:AAG29622.1; GSPDB:GN00141

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: F8A12.4

A:Map position: 1

Query Match	70.3%	Score 45;	DB 2;	Length 812;
Best Local Similarity	77.8%	Pred. No. 4;		
Matches 7;	Conservative 1;	Mismatches 1;	Indels 0;	Gaps 0;
QY	3	DSLRHFPN 11		
DB	371	DSLEHFPN 379		

## RESULT 2

S42397 DNA-(apurinic or apyrimidinic site) lyase (EC 4.2.99.18) - rat

N:Alternate names: apurinic/apyrimidinic endonuclease

C:Species: Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)

C:Date: 20-Oct-1994 #sequence\_revision 10-Nov-1995 #text\_change 18-Feb-2000

C:Accession: S42397

R:Wilson, T.M.; Carney, J.P.; Kelley, M.R.

Nucleic Acids Res. 22, 530-531, 1994

A:Title: Cloning of the multifunctional rat apurinic/apyrimidinic endonuclease (rAPEN

A:Reference number: S42397; MUID: 94173709

A:Accession: S42397

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-316 <WIL>

A:Cross-references: GB:L27076; NID:G468370; PIDN:AAA21019.1; PID:G468371

C:Superfamily: exodeoxyribonuclease III

C:Keywords: carbon-oxygen lyase; DNA repair; endonuclease; nucleus

Query Match 67.2%; Score 43; DB 2; Length 316;  
Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 3.5;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 DSLHFFPN 11  
DB 249 DSRHLYPN 257

RESULT 3  
A39500  
DNA-(apurinic or apyrimidinic site) lyase (EC 4.2.99.18) - mouse  
N:Alternate names: apurinic/apyrimidinic endonuclease; desoxyribonuclease  
C:Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)  
C>Date: 30-Jun-1992 #sequence\_revision 30-Jun-1992 #text\_change 20-Jun-2000  
C:Accession: A39500; S17524; A56747; I49098; J00372  
R:Seiki, S.; Akiyama, K.; Watanabe, S.; Hatsushika, M.; Ikeda, S.; Tsutsui, K.  
Biol. Chem. 266, 20797-20802, 1991  
A:Title: cDNA and deduced amino acid sequence of a mouse DNA repair enzyme (APEX nuclease)  
A:Reference number: A39500; MUID:92041936  
A:Accession: A39500

A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-317 <SEK>  
A:Cross-references: GB:D90374; NID:9220336; PIDN:BA14382.1; PID:9220337  
A>Note: Part of this sequence, including the amino end of the mature protein, was confir  
R:Seiki, S.; Ikeda, S.; Watanabe, S.; Hatsushika, M.; Tsutsui, K.; Akiyama, K.; Zhang, B.  
Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1079, 57-64, 1991  
A:Title: A mouse DNA repair enzyme (APEX nuclease) having exonuclease and apurinic/apyri  
A:Reference number: S17524; MUID:91363416  
A:Accession: S17524

A>Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: protein  
A:Residues: 2-18, 'XXX', 22 <SE2>  
R:Akiyama, K.; Nagao, K.; Oshida, T.; Tsutsui, K.; Yoshida, M.C.; Seki, S.  
Genomics 26, 63-69, 1995  
A:Title: Cloning, sequence analysis, and chromosomal assignment of the mouse Apex gene.  
A:Reference number: A56747; MUID:95301294  
A:Accession: A56747

A>Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-18 <AKT>  
A:Cross-references: GB:D38077  
R:Takiguchi, Y.; Chen, D.J.  
Mamm. Genome 5, 717-722, 1994  
A:Title: Genomic structure of the mouse apurinic/apyrimidinic endonuclease gene.  
A:Reference number: I49098; MUID:95178846  
A:Accession: I49098

A>Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-317 <RES>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:U12273; NID:9533107; PIDN:AA13769.1; PID:9533108  
C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: MGT:Apex  
A:Cross-references: MGT:88042  
A:Introns: 19/1; 81/3; 146/1  
C:Superfamily: exodeoxyribonuclease III  
C:Keywords: carbon-oxygen lyase; DNA repair; endonuclease; nucleus  
F:2-317/Product: DNA repair enzyme APEX nuclease #status experimental <MAT>

Query Match 67.2%; Score 43; DB 2; Length 317;  
Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 3.5;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 DSLHFFPN 11  
DB 250 DSRHLYPN 258

RESULT 4

S23550

N:DNA-(apurinic or apyrimidinic site) lyase (EC 4.2.99.18) 1 precursor - human  
N:Alternate names: Ap endonuclease I (ApeNI); APEI; APEX nuclease; apurinic/apyrimidini  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C>Date: 22-Nov-1993 #sequence\_revision 10-Nov-1995 #text\_change 20-Jun-2000  
C:Accession: S23550; S25570; S35454; S23935; S47521; I39472; S34422; A1631;  
R:Xanthoudakis, S.; Miao, G.; Wang, F.; Pan, Y.C.E.; Curran, T.  
EMBO J. 11, 3323-3335, 1992

A:Title: Redox activation of Fos-Jun DNA binding activity is mediated by a DNA repair  
A:Reference number: S23550; MUID:92371440  
A:Accession: S23550

A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-318 <XAN>

A:Cross-references: GB:S43127; NID:9254068; PIDN:AA822977.1; PID:9254069  
A>Note: Part of this sequence, including the amino end of the mature protein, was det  
R:Robson, C.N.; Hochhauser, D.; Craib, R.; Rack, K.; Buckle, V.J.; Hickson, I.D.  
Nucleic Acids Res. 20, 4417-4421, 1992

A:Title: Structure of the human DNA repair gene HAP1 and its localisation to chromoso  
A:Reference number: S25570; MUID:93027134  
A:Accession: S25570

A>Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown  
A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-318 <ROB>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:X66133; NID:932021; PIDN:CAA46925.1; PID:932022  
A>Note: the nucleotide sequence was submitted to the EMBL Data Library, June 1992

R:Cheng, X.B.; Bunville, J.; Patterson, T.A.  
Nucleic Acids Res. 20, 370, 1992

A:Title: Nucleotide sequence of a cDNA for an apurinic/apyrimidinic endonuclease from  
A:Reference number: S35454; MUID:92158631  
A:Accession: S35454

A>Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown  
A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-318 <CHE>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:M81955; NID:9178746; PIDN:AAA58372.1; PID:9178747  
A>Note: the nucleotide sequence was submitted to the EMBL Data Library, February 1992

R:Zhao, B.; Grandy, D.K.; Hagerup, J.M.; Magenis, R.E.; Smith, L.; Chauman, B.C.; Hen  
Nucleic Acids Res. 20, 4097-4098, 1992

A:Title: The human gene for apurinic/apyrimidinic endonuclease (HAP1): sequence and 1  
A:Reference number: S35456; MUID:92375705  
A:Accession: S35456

A>Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-318 <ZHA>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:M92444; NID:9183779; PIDN:AAA58629.1; PID:9183780  
R:Seiki, S.; Hatsushika, M.; Watanabe, S.; Akiyama, K.; Nagao, K.; Tsutsui, K.  
Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1131, 287-299, 1992

A:Title: CDNA cloning, sequencing, expression and possible domain structure of human  
A:Reference number: S23935; MUID:92329542  
A:Accession: S23935

A>Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-50, 'H', 52-318 <SEK>

A:Cross-references: DBJ:D13370; NID:9219473; PIDN:BA02633.1; PID:9219474  
R:Akiyama, K.; Seki, S.; Oshida, T.; Yoshida, M.C.  
Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1219, 15-25, 1994

A:Title: Structure, promoter analysis and chromosomal assignment of the human APEX ge  
A:Reference number: S47521; MUID:94368844  
A:Accession: S47521

A>Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-147, 'E', 149-318 <AKT>

A:Cross-references: DBJ:D13370; NID:9219473; PIDN:BA02633.1; PID:9219474  
R:Harrison, L.; Asclone, G.; Mennliger, J.C.; Ward, D.C.; Demple, B.  
Hum. Mol. Genet. 1, 677-680, 1992

A:Title: Human apurinic endonuclease gene (APE): structure and genomic mapping (chrom  
A:Reference number: I39472; MUID:93258307  
A:Accession: I39472

A>Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-146 <HAR>  
A:Cross-references: GB:M99703; NID:9178748; PIDN:AAA58373.1; PID:9553182  
R:Robson, C.N.; Hickson, I.D.  
Nucleic Acids Res. 19, 5519-5523, 1991

GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:39:14 ; Search time 29.47 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
14.452 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-12

Perfect score: 64

Sequence: 1 QGDLRHFYPN 11

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0, Gapext 0.5

Searched: 105224 seqs, 38719550 residues

number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 105224

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database: SwissProt\_40:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	43	67.2	316	1 APRL_MOUSE	P28352 mus musculus
2	43	67.2	316	1 APRL_RAT	P43138 rattus norv
3	43	67.2	317	1 APRL_BOVIN	P23196 bos taurus
4	43	67.2	317	1 APRL_HUMAN	P27695 homo sapien
5	41	64.1	452	1 E2BG_RAT	P70541 rattus norv
6	39	60.9	344	1 SYFA_BACCHD	P98895 bacillus ha
7	39	60.9	344	1 SYFA_BACSU	P17921 bacillus su
8	37	57.8	183	1 YSAL_CAEEL	P01513 caenorhabdi
9	37	57.8	252	1 EXON_BACSU	P37454 bacillus su
10	37	57.8	318	1 LPSA_BACNO	P39307 bacteroides
11	37	57.8	435	1 XYLA_TETHA	P82845 tetrigenoco
12	37	57.8	874	1 SYV_STRCO	P06851 streptomyce
13	36	56.2	191	1 YXAF_BACSU	P42105 bacillus su
14	36	56.2	226	1 GPH_VIRCH	P98966 vibrio chol
15	36	56.2	491	1 APW4_YRST	P99186 saccharomyc
16	36	56.2	496	1 YKAB_CAEEL	P34262 caenorhabdi
17	36	56.2	621	1 Y708_CHLMU	P99178 chlamydia m
18	35	54.7	222	1 SFSA_THFAC	P99114 thermoplasma
19	35	54.7	226	1 ATP6_CAPHI	P32644 capra hircu
20	35	54.7	426	1 CGED_BACSU	P42092 bacillus su
21	35	54.7	439	1 YXLA_LACIA	P98967 lactococcus
22	35	54.7	439	1 YZ04_METUA	P06260 methanococc
23	35	54.7	452	1 E2BG_HUMAN	P99150 homo sapien
24	35	54.7	679	1 RRPI_DROME	P27664 drosophila
25	35	54.7	1008	1 YGLM_DUK	P09613 unkuilemi v
26	35	54.7	1628	1 YABE_SCHPO	P09779 schizosacch
27	35	54.7	1887	1 YRPI_DROME	P04052 drosophila
28	34	53.1	100	1 HIST_KLEPN	P05148 klebsiella
29	34	53.1	140	1 YD23_YRST	P07549 saccharomyc
30	34	53.1	140	1 UCPE_PIG	P07562 sus scrofa
31	34	53.1	333	1 Y953_PYPAB	P99952 pyrococcus
32	34	53.1	373	1 YGIC_HSVTF	P13374 turkey hepp
33	34	53.1	489	1 YGIC_HSVTH	P18535 turkey hepp

34	34	53.1	501	1 VGIC_HSVMB	P22650 marek's dis
35	34	53.1	501	1 VGIC_HSVMD	P33500 marek's dis
36	34	53.1	501	1 VGIC_HSVMM	P22651 marek's dis
37	34	53.1	505	1 VGIC_HSVGM	P10681 marek's dis
38	34	53.1	506	1 DNAA_PSEPU	P13454 pseudomonas
39	34	53.1	514	1 DNAA_PSEAE	P91765 pseudomonas
40	34	53.1	622	1 AMAL_PLAUF	P22621 plasmodium
41	34	53.1	634	1 Y415_HUMAN	P43299 homo sapien
42	34	53.1	685	1 AMY1_DICTH	P09961 dictyoglomu
43	34	53.1	941	1 CHRD_XENLA	P91713 xenopus lae
44	34	53.1	1320	1 PURA_NEIMB	P09345 neisseria m
45	34	53.1	3023	1 POLG_TVMV	P09814 t genome po

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
APRL\_MOUSE  
ID APRL\_MOUSE STANDARD: PRT: 316 AA.  
AC P28352;  
DT 01-DEC-1992 (Rel. 24, Created)  
DT 01-DEC-1992 (Rel. 24, Last sequence update)  
DT 01-MAR-2002 (Rel. 41, Last annotation update)  
DE DNA-(apurinic or apyrimidinic site) lyase (EC 4.2.99.18) (AP  
endonuclease I) (APEX nuclease) (AFEN).  
GN APEX OR APE.  
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Mus.  
OX NCBI\_TaxID=10090;  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RX MEDLINE=92041936; PubMed=1939131;  
RA Seki S., Akiyama K., Watanabe S., Hatushika M., Ikeda S.,  
RA Tsutsui K.;  
RT "cDNA and deduced amino acid sequence of a mouse DNA repair enzyme  
(APEX nuclease) with significant homology to Escherichia coli  
exonuclease III.";  
RT J. Biol. Chem. 266:20797-20802(1991).  
RN [2]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RX STRAIN=129; TISSUE=Embryo;  
MEDLINE=95178846; PubMed=7533013;  
RA Takiguchi Y., Chen D.J.;  
RT "Genomic structure of the mouse apurinic/apyrimidinic endonuclease  
gene.";  
RT Mamm. Genome 5:717-722(1994).  
RN [3]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RX STRAIN=BAIB/C; TISSUE=Blood;  
MEDLINE=95301294; PubMed=7782087;  
RA Akiyama K., Nagao K., Oshida T., Tsutsui K., Yoshida M.C., Seki S.;  
RT "Cloning, sequence analysis, and chromosomal assignment of the mouse  
Apex gene.";  
RT Genomics 26:63-69(1995).  
RN [4]  
RP PARTIAL SEQUENCE OF 1-21, AND CHARACTERIZATION.  
RX TISSUE=Ascites;  
MEDLINE=9136316; PubMed=1716153;  
RA Seki S., Ikeda S., Watanabe S., Hatushika M., Tsutsui K., Akiyama K.,  
RA Zhang B.;  
RT "A mouse DNA repair enzyme (APEX nuclease) having exonuclease and  
apurinic/apyrimidinic endonuclease activities: purification and  
characterization.";  
RT Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1079:57-64(1991).  
RN [5]  
RP IN PROTECTION AGAINST CELL LETHALITY AND SUPPRESSION OF MUTATIONS.  
RX REMOVES THE BLOCKING GROUPS FROM THE 3' TERMINI OF THE DNA STRAND  
BREAKS GENERATED BY IONIZING RADIATIONS AND BLEOMYCIN.  
CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: The C-O-P bond 3' to the apurinic or  
CC apyrimidinic site in DNA is broken by a beta-elimination reaction,  
CC leaving a 3'-terminal unsaturated sugar and a product with a

ID	APBL_BOVIN	STANDARD	PRT	317 AA
DT	01-NOV-1991	(Rel. 20, Created)		
DT	01-NOV-1991	(Rel. 20, Last annotation update)		
DT	16-OCT-2001	(Rel. 40, Last annotation update)		
DE	DNA (apurinic or apyrimidinic site) lyase (EC 4.2.99.18) (AP			
DE	endonuclease 1) (APEX nuclease) (ApepN).			
EN	APEX OR APE OR BAP1.			



GenCore version 4.5  
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OW protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:38:40 ; Search time 107.96 Seconds

(without alignments)  
17.626 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-12  
Perfect score: 64  
Sequence: 1 QGDLRHFRYPN 11

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 562222 seqs, 172994929 residues

number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 562222

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

1: SP-archaea:\*  
2: SP-bacteria:\*  
3: SP-fungi:\*  
4: SP-human:\*  
5: SP-invertebrate:\*  
6: SP-mammal:\*  
7: SP-mmc:\*  
8: SP-organism:\*  
9: SP-phage:\*  
10: SP-plant:\*  
11: SP-rodent:\*  
12: SP-virus:\*  
13: SP-vertebrate:\*  
14: SP-unclassified:\*  
15: SP-virus:\*  
16: SP-bacteriophage:\*  
17: SP-archaeal:\*

Pred. NO. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

# SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	45	70.3	812	10	Q9C6J9
2	43	67.2	289	11	Q99EP3
3	43	67.2	317	11	Q922J2
4	43	67.2	318	4	Q969U5
5	42	65.6	616	5	Q95RU0
6	41	64.1	165	17	Q586B5
7	41	64.1	177	10	Q9SM57
8	41	64.1	1100	16	Q92F85
9	40	62.5	60	5	Q9BUJ1
10	40	62.5	179	5	Q9U7J9
11	40	62.5	250	16	Q26054
12	40	62.5	250	16	Q9ZU98
13	40	62.5	332	16	P74293
14	40	62.5	902	3	Q96U03
15	40	62.5	2163	5	Q9NFB6
16	39	60.9	107	4	Q9NSD6

17	39	60.9	312	16	Q9K7T8	Q9K7T8 bacillus ha
18	39	60.9	370	5	Q77051	Q77051 drosophila
19	38	59.4	98	16	Q92101	Q92101 rickettsia
20	38	59.4	251	16	Q92AM6	Q92AM6 listeria in
21	38	59.4	287	16	Q91098	Q91098 pseudomonas
22	38	59.4	349	4	Q9H7J1	Q9H7J1 homo sapien
23	38	59.4	528	10	Q9C6J7	Q9C6J7 arabidopsis
24	38	59.4	1148	4	Q9H7S7	Q9H7S7 homo sapien
25	38	59.4	1890	4	Q96RK2	Q96RK2 caenorhabd
26	37	57.8	123	5	Q93536	Q93536 caenorhabd
27	37	57.8	261	5	Q9N9X0	Q9N9X0 giardia lam
28	37	57.8	362	5	Q95W41	Q95W41 branchiost
29	37	57.8	379	4	Q9NWS4	Q9NWS4 homo sapien
30	37	57.8	427	16	Q9CLD3	Q9CLD3 pasteurilla
31	37	57.8	502	4	Q9P233	Q9P233 homo sapien
32	36	56.2	124	16	Q9PEE3	Q9PEE3 xyella fas
33	36	56.2	167	3	Q07688	Q07688 saccharomy
34	36	56.2	229	17	Q9U9Y1	Q9U9Y1 pyrococcus
35	36	56.2	232	16	P73680	P73680 synchocyst
36	36	56.2	319	4	Q9H6U2	Q9H6U2 homo sapien
37	36	56.2	344	16	Q25127	Q25127 helicobacte
38	36	56.2	367	2	Q45125	Q45125 bacteroides
39	36	56.2	447	2	Q9X6D1	Q9X6D1 thermus the
40	36	56.2	624	17	Q9HSH3	Q9HSH3 halobacteri
41	36	56.2	681	16	Q9XK32	Q9XK32 staphylococ
42	36	56.2	715	5	Q9VVD2	Q9VVD2 drosophila
43	36	56.2	830	16	Q9K613	Q9K613 bacillus ha
44	36	56.2	1028	10	Q9C7J0	Q9C7J0 arabidopsis
45	35.5	55.5	1134	5	Q21554	Q21554 caenorhabd

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT	ID	PRELIMINARY	PRT	812 AA.
Q9C6J9	Q9C6J9	Q9C6J9		
AC	Q9C6J9	Q9C6J9		
DT	01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Created)			
DT	01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Last sequence update)			
DT	01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Last annotation update)			
DE	HYPOTHETICAL 91.5 KDA PROTEIN.			
OS	FEA12.4.			
OS	Arabidopsis thaliana (Mouse-ear cress).			
OC	Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;			
OC	Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicots; Rosidae;			
OC	eurosid II; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Arabidopsids.			
NCBI_Taxid=3702;				
[1]				
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RC	STRAIN-CV, COLUMBIA;			
RC	MEDLINE-21016719; Pubmed-11130712;			
RC	Medline-21016719; Pubmed-11130712;			
RA	Theologis A., Ecker J.R., Palm C.J., Federspiel N.A., Kaul S.,			
RA	White O., Alonso J., Altati H., Araujo R., Bowman C.L., Brooks S.Y.,			
RA	Buehler E., Chan A., Chao Q., Chen H., Cheuk R.F., Chin C.W.,			
RA	Chung M.K., Conn L., Conway A.B., Conway A.R., Creasy T.H., Dewar K.,			
RA	Dunn P., Elgu P., Feldblum T.V., Feng J.-D., Fong B., Fujii C.Y.,			
RA	Gill J.E., Goldsmith A.D., Haas B., Hansen N.F., Hughes B., Huizar L.,			
RA	Hunter J.L., Jenkins J., Johnson-Hopson C., Khan S., Khaykin E.,			
RA	Kim C.J., Koo H.L., Kremetska I., Kurtz D.B., Kwan A., Lam B.,			
RA	Langin-Hooper S., Lee A., Lee J.M., Lenz C.A., Li J.H., Li Y.-P.,			
RA	Lin X., Liu S.X., Liu Z.A., Luros J.S., Maiti R., Marziani A.,			
RA	Militscher J., Miranda M., Nguyen M., Nieman W.C., Osborne B.I.,			
RA	Pal G., Peterson J., Pham P.K., Rizzo M., Rooney T., Rowley D.,			
RA	Sakano H., Salzberg S.L., Schwartz J.R., Shinn P., Southwick A.M.,			
RA	Sun H., Tallon L.J., Tambunga G., Toriumi M.J., Town C.D.,			
RA	Uterback T., Van Aken S., Vaysberg M., Vysotskaya V.S., Walker M.,			
RA	Wu D., Yu G., Fraser C.M., Venter J.C., Davis R.W.;			
RT	"Sequence and analysis of chromosome 1 of the plant Arabidopsis			
RT	thaliana."			
RL	Nature 408:816-820(2000).			
DR	EMBL; AC079284; AAG50928.1; -			
KW	Hypothetical protein.			

SEQUENCE 812 AA: 91486 MW: A45C45BA40056679 CRC64;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 70.3%; Score 45; DB 10; Length 812;  
Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 DSLRHFYPN 11  
DB 371 DSLRHFYPN 379

## RESULT 2

Q99PF3

PRELIMINARY; PRT; 289 AA.

AC 099PF3; 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Created)  
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, last sequence update)  
DE APEX (FRAGMENT).

OC Rattus norvegicus (Rat).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Rattus.

NCBI\_TaxID=10116;

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN=NORMAY.

RA Xie Z.H., Liu C.Z., He Y.H., Wang A.M., Ma C.;

RL Submitted (OCT-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.

DR EMBL; AF311054; AAG49922.1; -

DR HSSP; P27695; 181X

DR InterPro: IPR000097; AP\_endonuclease\_family\_1.

DR Pfam: PF01260; AP\_endonuclease; 2.

DR PROSITE; PS00726; AP\_NUCLEASE\_F1\_1; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00727; AP\_NUCLEASE\_F1\_2; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00728; AP\_NUCLEASE\_F1\_3; 1.

FT NON\_TER 1

SEQUENCE 289 AA: 32353 MW: 67E82454D062CE51 CRC64;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 67.2%; Score 43; DB 11; Length 289;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 DSLRHFYPN 11

DB 222 DSLRHFYPN 230

## RESULT 3

Q92J2

PRELIMINARY; PRT; 317 AA.

AC 092J2; 01-MAY-1999 (TREMBLrel. 10, Created)

DT 01-MAY-1999 (TREMBLrel. 10, last sequence update)

DE APEX

OC Citicellus griseus (Chinese hamster).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Cricetinae;

OC Cricetulus.

NCBI\_TaxID=10029;

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC TISSUE=OVARY;

RA MEDLINE-20075118; Pubmed-10606812;

RT Purohit S., Arenaz P.;

RT "Molecular cloning, sequence and structure analysis of hamster

RT apurinic/apyrimidinic endonuclease (chapel) gene.";

RL Mutat. Res. 435:215-224(1999).

EMBL; AF056934; AAD02702.1; -

DR HSSP; P27695; 183N.

DR InterPro: IPR000097; AP\_endonuclease\_family\_1.

DR Pfam: PF01260; AP\_endonuclease; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00726; AP\_NUCLEASE\_F1\_1; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00727; AP\_NUCLEASE\_F1\_2; 1.

DR PROSITE; PS00728; AP\_NUCLEASE\_F1\_3; 1.

KW Endonuclease.

SEQUENCE 317 AA: 35512 MW: 76D6F3975455408 CRC64;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 67.2%; Score 43; DB 11; Length 317;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 DSLRHFYPN 11

DB 250 DSLRHFYPN 258

## RESULT 4

Q969L5

PRELIMINARY; PRT; 318 AA.

AC 0969L5; 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, Created)

DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, last sequence update)

DE APEX NUCLEASE (MULTIFUNCTIONAL DNA REPAIR ENZYME).

OS Homo sapiens (Human).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homidae; Homo.

NCBI\_TaxID=9606;

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC TISSUE=BBAIN, AND ANAPLASTIC OLIGODENDROGLIOMA WITH 1P/19Q LOSS;

RA Strausberg R.;

RL Submitted (MAY-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.

RN [2]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC TISSUE=LUNG CARCINOMA;

RA Strausberg R.;

RL Submitted (FEB-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.

DR EMBL; BC008145; AA08145.1; -

DR EMBL; BC002338; AA02338.1; -

SEQUENCE 318 AA: 35568 MW: B943A23BF487B5D3 CRC64;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 67.2%; Score 43; DB 4; Length 318;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 3 DSLRHFYPN 11

DB 251 DSLRHFYPN 259

## RESULT 5

Q95RL0

PRELIMINARY; PRT; 616 AA.

AC 095RL0; 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, Created)

DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, last sequence update)

DE LD21694P.

GN CG2980.

OS Drosophila melanogaster (Fruit fly).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Tracheata; Hexapoda; Insecta;

OC Pterygota; Neoptera; Endopterygota; Diptera; Brachycera; Muscomorpha;

OC Ephydroidea; Drosophilidae; Drosophila.

NCBI\_TaxID=7227;

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN=Y, CN BW SP;

RA Stapleton M., Brokstein P., Hong L., Aspayani A., Carlson J.,

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:24:28 ; Search time 49.09 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
5.473 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-12

Perfect score: 64

Sequence: 1 QGDSLRHYPN 11

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 231628 seqs, 24425594 residues

Database : Issued Patents AA.\* 231628

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

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2: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/5B.COMB.pep.\*  
3: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/6A.COMB.pep.\*  
4: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/6B.COMB.pep.\*  
5: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/PCPUS.COMB.pep.\*  
6: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/backfile1.pep.\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a  
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,  
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	43	67.2	318	2	US-08-872-719-2
2	43	67.2	318	3	US-08-957-302A-12
3	43	67.2	318	4	US-09-336-890-2
4	43	67.2	318	4	US-09-542-403-12
5	43	67.2	319	2	US-08-795-927-4
6	43	67.2	524	3	US-08-957-302A-2
7	43	67.2	524	4	US-09-542-403-2
8	39	60.9	97	2	US-08-665-202-35
9	39	60.9	103	2	US-08-273-146-71
10	39	60.9	104	4	US-09-240-274-49
11	39	60.9	106	4	US-09-240-274-50
12	39	60.9	109	2	US-08-652-816A-16
13	39	60.9	278	4	US-09-260-527-34
14	39	60.9	280	4	US-09-260-527-1
15	39	60.9	309	4	US-09-079-029-9
16	39	60.9	312	4	US-09-079-029-10
17	39	60.9	104	4	US-08-793-450-2
18	38	59.4	238	4	US-08-793-450-6
19	38	59.4	106	4	US-09-240-274-47
20	35	54.7	106	4	US-09-240-274-48
21	35	54.7	352	1	US-08-785-052-2
22	35	54.7	352	1	US-08-913-581-2
23	35	54.7	439	1	US-07-637-870-9
24	35	54.7	439	1	US-07-637-870-9
25	35	54.7	439	1	US-08-112-703-6
26	35	54.7	439	1	US-08-112-703-6
27	34	53.1	250	4	US-09-036-987A-9

28	34	53.1	250	4	US-09-370-700-9	Sequence 9, Appl1
29	34	53.1	489	2	US-08-663-566A-6	Sequence 6, Appl1
30	34	53.1	489	2	US-08-023-610-6	Sequence 6, Appl1
31	34	53.1	489	2	US-08-288-065A-6	Sequence 6, Appl1
32	34	53.1	489	2	US-08-362-240A-6	Sequence 6, Appl1
33	34	53.1	489	2	US-08-804-372A-4	Sequence 6, Appl1
34	34	53.1	489	2	US-08-804-372A-4	Sequence 6, Appl1
35	34	53.1	501	2	US-08-663-566A-9	Sequence 6, Appl1
36	34	53.1	501	2	US-08-023-610-9	Sequence 9, Appl1
37	34	53.1	501	2	US-08-288-065A-9	Sequence 9, Appl1
38	34	53.1	501	2	US-08-362-240A-9	Sequence 9, Appl1
39	34	53.1	501	4	US-08-804-372A-7	Sequence 7, Appl1
40	34	53.1	501	5	PCT-US95-10245-9	Sequence 9, Appl1
41	34	53.1	628	1	US-08-257-073-9	Sequence 9, Appl1
42	34	53.1	940	2	US-08-938-365-4	Sequence 4, Appl1
43	34	53.1	941	1	US-08-343-760A-2	Sequence 2, Appl1
44	34	51.6	366	1	US-08-700-359-22	Sequence 22, Appl1
45	33	51.6	378	2	US-08-401-068-14	Sequence 14, Appl1

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
US-08-872-719-2  
Sequence 2, Application US/08872719  
Patent No. 5919643

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Kelley, Mark R.

TITLE OF INVENTION: METHODS AND COMPOSITIONS FOR THE USE OF APURINIC/APYRIMIDIN

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 2

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: ARNOLD, WHITE & DURKEE

STREET: P.O. BOX 4433

CITY: HOUSTON

STATE: TEXAS

COUNTRY: USA

ZIP: 77057-2198

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: floppy disk

OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM PC compatible

SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/872,719

FILING DATE: CONCURRENTLY HERewith

CLASSIFICATION: 436

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: Highlander, Steven L.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 37,642

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: INDY:012P21

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: (512) 418-3000

TELEFAX: (713) 789-2679

INFORMATION FOR SEQ. ID NO: 2:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 318 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

STRANDEDNESS:

TOPOLOGY: linear

US-08-872-719-2

Query Match  
Best local Similarity 77.8%; Score 43; DB 2; Length 318;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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1 FILM DATE:
2 CLASSIFICATION:
3 PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
4 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/872,719
5 FILING DATE:
6 ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
7 NAME: Highlander, Steven L.
8 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 37,642
9 REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: INDY:012P21
10 TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
11 TELEPHONE: (512) 418-3000
12 TELEFAX: (713) 789-2679
13 INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:
14 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
15 LENGTH: 318 amino acids
16 TYPE: amino acid
17 STRANDEDNESS:
18 TOPOLOGY: linear
19
20 US-09-336-890-2
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22 Query Match 67.2%; Score 43; DB 4; Length 318;
23 Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 2.9;
24 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0.
25
26 QY 3 DSLRHPYPN 11
27 |||||
28 Db 251 DSLRHLYPN 259
29
30 RESULT 4
31 US-09-542-403-12
32 : Sequence 12, Application US/09542403
33 : Patent No. 6252048
34 : GENERAL INFORMATION:
35 APPLICANT: Kelley, Mark
36 APPLICANT: Williams, David
37 TITLE OF INVENTION: DNA Sequences Encoding Fusions of DNA
38 TITLE OF INVENTION: Repair Proteins and Uses Thereof
39 NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 16
40 CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
41 ADDRESSEE: ARNOLD, WHITE & DURKEE
42 STREET: P. O. BOX 4433
43 CITY: HOUSTON
44 STATE: TX
45 COUNTRY: US
46 ZIP: 77210-4433
47 COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
48 MEDIUM TYPE: floppy disk
49 COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
50 OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
51 SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
52 CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
53 APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/542,403
54 FILING DATE:
55 CLASSIFICATION:
56 PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
57 APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/957,302
58 FILING DATE:
59 ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
60 NAME: Highlander, Steven L.
61 REGISTRATION NUMBER: 37,642
62 REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: INDY:005
63 TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
64 TELEPHONE: (512) 418-3000
65 TELEFAX: (713) 789-2679
66 INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12:
67 SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
68 LENGTH: 318 amino acids
69 TYPE: amino acid
70 STRANDEDNESS:
71 TOPOLOGY: linear
72
73 US-09-542-403-12

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GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:23:33 ; Search time 136.11 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
5.712 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-13  
Perfect score: 39  
Sequence: 1 GKNNRPS 7

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0, Gapext 0.5

Searched: 747574 seqs, 111073796 residues

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000  
Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

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17: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1996.DAT.\*  
18: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1997.DAT.\*  
19: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1998.DAT.\*  
20: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1999.DAT.\*  
21: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2000.DAT.\*  
22: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2001.DAT.\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	39	100.0	7	21	AA195196 Anti-platelet glyc
2	39	100.0	7	21	AA195217 Anti-platelet glyc
3	39	100.0	7	22	AA195303 Anti-IL-18 antibod
4	39	100.0	67	16	AA195489 Human derived ligh
5	39	100.0	67	20	AA195487 Human derived RT3
6	39	100.0	101	13	AA195487 Human derived ligh
7	39	100.0	103	16	AA195489 Human derived RT3
8	39	100.0	103	20	AA195489 Anti-rhesus D mono
9	39	100.0	104	17	AA195489 Anti-adipocyte mon
10	39	100.0	106	22	AA195489 Anti-adipocyte mon
11	39	100.0	106	22	AA195489 Anti-adipocyte mon

12	39	100.0	107	16	AA195902 Anti-HIV Fab tat10
13	39	100.0	107	18	AA195928 Anti-TGF beta-2 sc
14	39	100.0	107	18	AA195928 Human anti-HIV Fab
15	39	100.0	107	21	AA195914 Anti-platelet glyc
16	39	100.0	107	21	AA195914 Anti-platelet glyc
17	39	100.0	107	22	AA195914 Amino acid sequenc
18	39	100.0	108	21	AA195919 Anti-platelet glyc
19	39	100.0	108	21	AA195915 Anti-platelet glyc
20	39	100.0	108	21	AA195915 Human antibody clo
21	39	100.0	108	21	AA195915 Human antibody clo
22	39	100.0	109	18	AA195915 Amino acid sequenc
23	39	100.0	109	18	AA195915 CEA-specific antib
24	39	100.0	109	18	AA195915 Anti-TGF beta-2 sc
25	39	100.0	109	19	AA195915 Human antibody C4.
26	39	100.0	109	19	AA195915 Variable light (VL
27	39	100.0	109	19	AA195915 Variable light (VL
28	39	100.0	109	22	AA195915 Anti-adipocyte mon
29	39	100.0	109	22	AA195915 Anti-IL-18 antibod
30	39	100.0	109	22	AA195915 Anti-TGF beta-2 sc
31	39	100.0	110	18	AA195915 Human LHL3 monoclo
32	39	100.0	111	21	AA195915 Amino acid sequenc
33	39	100.0	111	21	AA195915 Amino acid sequenc
34	39	100.0	115	22	AA195915 Human 5' EST relat
35	39	100.0	115	22	AA195915 Human SCFV1 agains
36	39	100.0	125	21	AA195915 Human SCFV1 agains
37	39	100.0	125	21	AA195915 Human SCFV1 agains
38	39	100.0	125	21	AA195915 Human SCFV1 agains
39	39	100.0	125	21	AA195915 Human SCFV1 agains
40	39	100.0	125	21	AA195915 Human SCFV1 agains
41	39	100.0	125	21	AA195915 Human SCFV1 agains
42	39	100.0	125	21	AA195915 Human SCFV1 agains
43	39	100.0	125	21	AA195915 Human SCFV1 agains
44	39	100.0	125	21	AA195915 Human SCFV1 agains
45	39	100.0	125	21	AA195915 Human SCFV1 agains

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	AA195196	standard; Peptide: 7 AA.
ID	AA195196	
XX	AA195196	
AC	AA195196	
XX	AA195196	
DT	29-AUG-2000	(first entry)
XX	AA195196	
DE	Anti-platelet glycoprotein Ib human H1b-1 VL CDR2.	
XX	AA195196	
KW	Variable light chain; single chain antibody; scFv; human; H1b-1;	
KW	glycoprotein; alpha; platelet; aggregation; antiagregant;	
KW	complementarity determining region.	
XX	AA195196	
OS	Homo sapiens.	
XX	AA195196	
PN	WO200026667-A1.	
PD	11-MAY-2000.	
XX	AA195196	
PF	29-OCT-1999;	99WO-US25495.
XX	AA195196	
PR	30-OCT-1998;	98US-0106275.
XX	AA195196	
PI	(MILLER) MILLER J L.	
XX	AA195196	
DR	WPI; 2000-365744/31.	
XX	AA195196	
PT	Isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding anti-human platelet	
PT	glycoprotein Ib alpha molecule useful for producing antibodies which	
PT	inhibit platelet aggregation -	

XX Claim 20; Fig 5; 89pp; English.  
 PS  
 CC The present sequence is that of complementarity determining region  
 CC 2 (CDR2) of the light chain variable region (VL) of human  
 CC single chain antibody (scFv) H1b-3 (see AAY95219), which is directed  
 CC against platelet glycoprotein Ib (GPIb). The H1b series of scFv  
 CC was isolated from a human synthetic VH and VL scFv library on the  
 CC basis of their binding to platelet GPIb. Whether displayed as  
 CC surface proteins on a phagemid or secreted as free scFv by  
 CC *Escherichia coli*, the H1b scFv clones are capable of inhibiting  
 CC von Willebrand factor-dependent aggregation of platelets. The scFv  
 CC are composed of native human protein sequences and are therefore  
 CC attractive potential reagents for therapeutic purposes. They  
 CC provide a new class of antithrombotic agents, useful for the  
 CC prevention of platelet-dependent thrombi in diseased arteries,  
 CC bypass grafts, dialysis etc., and can also be used as diagnostic  
 CC reagents. Methods of inhibiting aggregation of platelets, of  
 CC binding human platelet GPIb alpha and of selecting a VH or VL  
 CC region of an antibody that inhibits platelet aggregation are  
 CC claimed. Fragments of the scFv VH or VL chain, including CDR  
 CC fragments, are also claimed.

SQ Sequence 7 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 21; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 |||||  
 Db 1 gknrps 7

# RESULT 2

ID AAY95217 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.

AC AAY95217;

DT 29-AUG-2000 (first entry)

DE Anti-platelet glycoprotein Ib human H1b-3 VL CDR2.

KW glycoprotein Ib alpha; platelet; aggregation; antiaggregant;

KW antithrombotic; thrombus; therapy; diagnostic; CDR2;

OS complementarity determining region.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO200026667-A1.

PD 11-MAY-2000.

PF 29-OCT-1999; 99WO-US25495.

PR 30-OCT-1998; 98US-0106275.

PI (MILL/) MILLER J L.

PI MILLER JL;

DR WPI; 2000-365744/31.

PT Isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding anti-human platelet

PT glycoprotein Ib alpha molecule useful for producing antibodies which

PT inhibit platelet aggregation -

XX Claim 20; Fig 7; 89pp; English.

XX The present sequence is that of complementarity determining region

CC 2 (CDR2) of the light chain variable region (VL) of human  
 CC single chain antibody (scFv) H1b-3 (see AAY95219), which is directed  
 CC against platelet glycoprotein Ib (GPIb). The H1b series of scFv  
 CC was isolated from a human synthetic VH and VL scFv library on the  
 CC basis of their binding to platelet GPIb. Whether displayed as  
 CC surface proteins on a phagemid or secreted as free scFv by  
 CC *Escherichia coli*, the H1b scFv clones are capable of inhibiting  
 CC von Willebrand factor-dependent aggregation of platelets. The scFv  
 CC are composed of native human protein sequences and are therefore  
 CC attractive potential reagents for therapeutic purposes. They  
 CC provide a new class of antithrombotic agents, useful for the  
 CC prevention of platelet-dependent thrombi in diseased arteries,  
 CC bypass grafts, dialysis etc., and can also be used as diagnostic  
 CC reagents. Methods of inhibiting aggregation of platelets, of  
 CC binding human platelet GPIb alpha and of selecting a VH or VL  
 CC region of an antibody that inhibits platelet aggregation are  
 CC claimed. Fragments of the scFv VH or VL chain, including CDR  
 CC fragments, are also claimed.

SQ Sequence 7 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 21; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 |||||  
 Db 1 gknrps 7

# RESULT 3

ID AAG65303 standard; protein; 7 AA.

AC AAG65303;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light chain CDR2 fragment.

KW IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;

KW neurotrophic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;

XX immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotrophic; 2E1.

OS Homo sapiens.

XX WO200158956-A2.

PD 16-AUG-2001.

PF 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

PR 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

PI (BADT ) BASF AG.

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;

PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;

PI Lennard SN;

DR WPI; 2001-550020/61.

XX Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human

XX interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,

XX neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and

XX autoimmune diseases -

XX Claim 27; Page 38; 91pp; English.

XX The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,

XX that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The

XX antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a

disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from, inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease, inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18 antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids, cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2el light chain CDR2 fragment.

Sequence 7 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 22; Length 7;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||||  
1 gknrps 7

#### RESULT 4

AAR80089 standard; Protein: 67 AA.

AAR80089;

23-MAY-1996 (first entry)

Human derived light chain RT3 phage antibody.

Light chain; RT3; human; catalytic antibody; bacteriophage.

Homo sapiens.

Location/Qualifiers  
Key 2.5  
Region /note= "framework region 2"  
6.12  
Region /note= "complementarity determining region 2"  
13.44  
Region /note= "framework region 3"  
45.56  
Region /note= "complementarity determining region 3"  
57.67  
Region /note= "framework region 4"

W09527045-A1.

12-OCT-1995.

30-MAR-1994; 94WO-US03420.

30-MAR-1994; 94WO-US03420.

(IGEN-) IGEN INC.

Chiswell D, Darsley MJ, Fitzgerald K, Kenten JH;  
Martin MT, McCafferty J, Smith RG, Titmas RC, Williams RO;

WPI, 1995-358624/46.

N-PSDB; AAT04636.

Production of catalytic antibodies displayed on phage - by  
generating a gene library of antibody-derived domains and expressing  
it in phage vectors  
Disclosure: Fig 20; 133pp; English.

AAT04636 encodes AAR80089 human derived light chain RT3 phage antibody.  
The DNA was used in the prepn. of catalytic antibody (CA) producing  
bacteriophage. The CAs can be used to activate/deactivate a  
biological function in an animal by enhancing the rate of cleavage,  
or formation of a specific bond within a mol. in vivo.

Sequence 67 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 16; Length 67;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||||  
6 gknrps 12

#### RESULT 5

AAW95487 standard; Protein: 67 AA.

AAW95487;

29-MAR-1999 (first entry)

Human-derived RT3 phage antibody light chain genetic sequence.

Catalytic; antibody; phage display; immunising; phage expression vector;  
produng; scfv; RT3.

Homo sapiens.

US5855885-A.

05-JAN-1999.

14-JUL-1994; 94US-0273146.

22-JAN-1993; 93US-0007684.

14-JUL-1994; 94US-0273146.

(CHIS/) CHISWELL D.  
(DARS/) DARSLEY M J.  
(FITZ/) FITZGERALD K.  
(KENT/) KENTEN J H.  
(MART/) MARTIN M T.  
(MCCA/) MCCAFFERTY J.  
(SMIT/) SMITH R.  
(TITM/) TITMAS R C.  
(WILL/) WILLIAMS R O.

Chiswell D, Darsley MJ, Fitzgerald K, Kenten JH;  
Martin MT, McCafferty J, Smith R, Titmas RC, Williams RO;

WPI, 1999-105036/09.

N-PSDB; AAX00886.

Production of catalytic antibodies displayed on bacteriophages -  
comprises generating a gene library of antibody-derived domains  
inserting coding into a phage expression vector and isolating the  
catalytic antibodies

Examples: Fig 20D; 117pp; English.

The invention relates to methods for producing catalytic antibodies  
displayed on a phage. The method comprises: (a) generating a gene  
library of antibody-derived domains; (b) inserting coding for the domains  
into a phage expression vector; and (c) isolating the catalytic  
antibodies. The phage expression vector incorporates a histidine peptide  
in tandem with a myc peptide. The catalytic antibodies can be isolated by  
preparing an antigen; optionally immunising an animal with the antigen;

CC generating a library of VH and VL domains from the immunised animal;  
 CC cloning the VH and VL domains into a phage expression vector to generate  
 CC phage display antibodies; selecting phage display antibodies which bind  
 CC specifically to the antigen; screening the selected phage display  
 CC antibodies for catalytic activity to substrate; and isolating the  
 CC catalytic antibodies, where the phage expression vector incorporates a  
 CC histidine peptide in tandem with a myc peptide. The processes are used to  
 CC produce catalytic antibodies, which can be used for in vivo activation of  
 CC a protein. Sequences AAR95484-489 represent genetic sequences of heavy  
 CC and light chains of RT3 specific phage antibodies selected from a naive  
 CC human phage antibody library.  
 SQ Sequence 67 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 20; Length 67;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.1;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 |||||  
 6 gknrps 12

## RESULT 6

AAR22572  
 ID AAR22572 standard; Protein: 101 AA.

AC AAR22572;

DT 21-MAY-1992 (first entry)

DE Light chain VL3.5 from BSA binding scfv fragment.

KW Fd; bacteriophage; gene III; filamentous; phagemid; capsid; coat;  
 KW plus; g9p; binding; adsorption; gene VIII; diverse repertoire;  
 KW specific binding pairs; replicable genetic display package; human.  
 OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO9201047-A.

PD 23-JAN-1992.

PF 10-JUL-1991; 91WO-GB01134.

PR 15-MAY-1991; 91GB-0010549.

PR 10-JUL-1990; 90GB-0015198.

PR 19-OCT-1990; 90GB-0022845.

PR 12-NOV-1990; 90GB-0024503.

PR 06-MAR-1991; 91GB-0004744.

PA (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY.

PA (MED-) MED RES COUNCIL.

PI McCafferty J, Pope AR, Johnson KS, Hoogenboom HRJ, Griffiths AD;  
 PI Jackson RH, Holliger KP, Marks JD, Clackson TP, Chiswell DJ;  
 PI Winter GP, Bonnett TP;

DR WPI; 1992-056862/07.

PT Producing members of specific binding pairs - by expression in  
 PT recombinant host cells with a secreting replicable genetic  
 PT display package.

PS Table 11; Page 152; 109pp; English.

CC PCR was used to prepare a human scfv library from RNA from white  
 CC blood cells from an unimmunised donor. Heavy chains from IgG and  
 CC IGM antibodies were amplified separately. Four separate libraries  
 CC were generated (196-K, 196-lambda, 194-K and 194-lambda). The  
 CC purified scfv fragments were ligated into the phagemid PHEN1 for  
 CC expression on the surface of fd bacteriophage as gene III fusions.

CC The clones were then subjected to affinity selection for binding  
 CC to phox:BSA by selection on tubes followed by analysis by ELISA. Of  
 CC 96 clones analysed, 43 showed binding to both phox:BSA and BSA.  
 CC These were designated BSA binders. Thirteen of fourteen clones  
 CC sequenced had the same sequence, the VH derived from a human VH3  
 CC family gene (AAR22571) and the VL from a human V lambda 3 family  
 CC gene (shown here). The other was derived from a human VH4 family  
 CC gene and a human VL1 family gene. One clone bound only to phox:BSA  
 CC (oxazolone binder). This sequence revealed a VH derived from a  
 CC human VH1 family gene (AAR22569) and VL from a human V lambda 1  
 CC family gene (AAR22570).  
 CC See also AAR21260-307, 309-312, AAR22450, AAR22565, AAR22567-81.  
 SQ Sequence 101 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 13; Length 101;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 |||||  
 Db 49 gknrps 55

## RESULT 7

AAR80091  
 ID AAR80091 standard; Protein: 103 AA.

AC AAR80091;

DT 23-MAY-1996 (first entry)

DE Human derived light chain RT3 phage antibody.

KW Light chain: RT3; human; catalytic antibody; bacteriophage.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO9527045-A1.

PD 12-OCT-1995.

PF 30-MAR-1994; 94WO-US03420.

PF 30-MAR-1994; 94WO-US03420.

PR 30-MAR-1994; 94WO-US03420.

PR 30-MAR-1994; 94WO-US03420.

PA (IGEN-) IGEN INC.

PI Chiswell D, Darsley MJ, Fitzgerald K, Kenten JH;  
 PI Martin MT, McCafferty J, Smith RG, Titmas RC, Williams RO;  
 PI N-PSDB; AAT04638.

DR WPI; 1995-358624/46.

DR N-PSDB; AAT04638.

PT Production of catalytic antibodies displayed on phage - by  
 PT generating a gene library of antibody-derived domains and expressing





XX Example 1; Page 30; 46pp; French.  
 PS The human monoclonal antibody D7C2, of isotype IgM, recognises a  
 CC 30-32 kD polypeptide on the membrane of rhesus positive red blood  
 CC cells. The antibody agglutinates rhesus positive cells but not  
 CC rhesus negative cells and is useful diagnostically and also for  
 CC preventing haemolysis in new-born rhesus positive babies.  
 CC Recombinant IgM-D7C2 can be produced by insect cells which have  
 CC been transformed by a baculoviral vector comprising a D7C2  
 CC expression cassette. The present sequence is that of the variable  
 CC region of the IgM-D7C2 light chain.  
 CC  
 SQ Sequence 104 AA;  
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 17; Length 104;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 1 GKNRPS 7  
 |||||  
 Db 49 gknrps 55

RESULT 10  
 AAU02518  
 ID AAU02518 standard; Protein; 106 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAU02518;  
 XX  
 DT 29-AUG-2001 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Anti-adipocyte monoclonal antibody light chain, FAT 11.  
 XX  
 KW Antibody; adipocyte; heavy chain; light chain; obesity; fat;  
 KM heart disease; complementarity determining region; CDR.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PN WO200127279-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 19-APR-2001.  
 XX  
 PE 11-OCT-2000; 2000WO-GB03900.  
 XX  
 PR 12-OCT-1999; 99US-0158812.  
 XX  
 XX (CAMB-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.  
 XX  
 PI Edwards BM, Main SH, Vaughan TJ;  
 XX  
 DR WPI: 2001-282031/29.  
 DR N-PSDB; AAS03418.  
 XX  
 XX Panel of specific binding members of antibody molecules which bind to  
 PT whole adipocytes is used in the treatment of obesity and obesity  
 PT related diseases -  
 XX  
 PS Claim 1; Page 104; 182pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC AAU02501-AAU02635, and AAU02641-AAU02748 represent the amino acid  
 CC sequences of anti-adipocyte monoclonal antibody heavy chain, light  
 CC chain, and heavy chain complementarity determining regions (CDR) of the  
 CC invention. The antibodies can be used in the treatment of obesity and  
 CC obesity related diseases. The antibodies can be used to deliver drugs or  
 CC pro-drugs directly to the fat mass of an obese patient or the antibody  
 CC can be used as a therapeutic itself. Antibodies binding specifically to  
 CC adipocytes can be used to activate the immune system to destroy the cells  
 CC by complement mediated lysis. The antibodies may be labeled with a  
 CC detectable label such as radiolabel, fluorescent or chemical group and  
 CC used in methods of diagnosis in human subjects e.g. to determine the  
 CC presence of adipocyte antigen on the surface of an adipocyte to detect or

CC determine the presence or level of adipocytes in a cell or tissue sample.  
 CC The antibodies can be used as an alternative means of treatment for obese  
 CC patients other than undergoing surgery to remove excess fat. Antibodies  
 CC for different types of fat deposits can also be produced e.g. intra-  
 CC abdominal fat associated with heart disease.  
 CC  
 SQ Sequence 106 AA;  
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 22; Length 106;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 1 GKNRPS 7  
 |||||  
 Db 49 gknrps 55  
 RESULT 11  
 AAU02531  
 ID AAU02531 standard; Protein; 106 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAU02531;  
 XX  
 DT 29-AUG-2001 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Anti-adipocyte monoclonal antibody light chain, FAT 20.  
 XX  
 KW Antibody; adipocyte; heavy chain; light chain; obesity; fat;  
 KM heart disease; complementarity determining region; CDR.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PN WO200127279-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 19-APR-2001.  
 XX  
 PE 11-OCT-2000; 2000WO-GB03900.  
 XX  
 PR 12-OCT-1999; 99US-0158812.  
 XX  
 XX (CAMB-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.  
 XX  
 PI Edwards BM, Main SH, Vaughan TJ;  
 XX  
 DR WPI: 2001-282031/29.  
 DR N-PSDB; AAS03431.  
 XX  
 XX Panel of specific binding members of antibody molecules which bind to  
 PT whole adipocytes is used in the treatment of obesity and obesity  
 PT related diseases -  
 XX  
 PS Claim 1; Page 112; 182pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC AAU02501-AAU02635, and AAU02641-AAU02748 represent the amino acid  
 CC sequences of anti-adipocyte monoclonal antibody heavy chain, light  
 CC chain, and heavy chain complementarity determining regions (CDR) of the  
 CC invention. The antibodies can be used in the treatment of obesity and  
 CC obesity related diseases. The antibodies can be used to deliver drugs or  
 CC pro-drugs directly to the fat mass of an obese patient or the antibody  
 CC can be used as a therapeutic itself. Antibodies binding specifically to  
 CC adipocytes can be used to activate the immune system to destroy the cells  
 CC by complement mediated lysis. The antibodies may be labeled with a  
 CC detectable label such as radiolabel, fluorescent or chemical group and  
 CC used in methods of diagnosis in human subjects e.g. to determine the  
 CC presence of adipocyte antigen on the surface of an adipocyte to detect or  
 CC determine the presence or level of adipocytes in a cell or tissue sample.  
 CC The antibodies can be used as an alternative means of treatment for obese  
 CC patients other than undergoing surgery to remove excess fat. Antibodies  
 CC for different types of fat deposits can also be produced e.g. intra-  
 CC abdominal fat associated with heart disease.  
 CC  
 SQ Sequence 106 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 22; Length 106;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||||  
DB 49 gknrps 55

## RESULT 12

AA69092  
ID AAR69092 standard; Protein; 107 AA.

AC AAR69092;

DT 30-AUG-1995 (first entry)

XX Anti-HIV Fab tat107(VL4).

HIV-1: human immunodeficiency virus type 1; AIDS; Tat protein;  
intracellular immunization; gene therapy; single chain antibody;  
Fab; antibody engineering; resistance; cell immunity.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX Key Location/Qualifiers

XX Region 1..20

XX Region /label= FR1

XX Region 21..31

XX Region /label= CDR1

XX Misc-difference 27

XX /note= "not known"

XX Region 32..46

XX Region /label= FR2

XX Region 47..53

XX Region /label= CDR2

XX Region 54..85

XX Region /label= FR3

XX Region 86..96

XX Region /label= CDR3

XX Region 97..107

XX Region /label= FR4

XX WO9503832-A.

XX 09-FEB-1995.

XX 28-JUL-1994; 94WO-US08448.

XX 30-JUL-1993; 93US-0099870.

XX (UYJE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.

XX Duan L, Pomerantz R;

XX WPI; 1995-082039/11.

XX Method for conducting gene therapy - comprises using recombinant  
PT gene encoding antibody binding antigen associated with a disease;  
PT useful for providing cell immunity.

XX Example 11: Page 32-33; Table 2; 62pp; English.

XX A phagemid library was constructed using lymphocyte RNA from  
CC a long-term asymptomatic HIV-1 positive donor. Heavy and light  
CC chain genes were cloned and a combinatorial library was prepared  
CC and screened to select antigen (HIV rev or tat) binders. Human  
CC soluble anti-HIV Fabs were obtained. Heavy chain VH sequences are  
CC given in AAR69084-87, light chain VL in AAR69088-92 and light chain CL  
CC in AAR69093-97.

SO Sequence 107 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 16; Length 107;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||||  
DB 47 gknrps 53

## RESULT 13

AAW15528  
ID AAW15528 standard; Protein; 107 AA.

AC AAW15528;

DT 27-NOV-1997 (first entry)

XX Anti-TGF beta-2 scFv antibody 14F12 VL domain.

XX Transforming growth factor beta-2; TGF-beta-2; human;

XX antibody engineering; scFv; phage display; lung fibrosis;

XX arterial injury; proliferative retinopathy; retinal detachment;

XX adult respiratory distress syndrome; liver cirrhosis;

XX post myocardial infarction; post-angioplasty restenosis;

XX scleroderma; vascular disease; cataract; glaucoma; scarring;

XX glomerulonephritis; osteoporosis; immune disease; inflammation;

XX rheumatoid arthritis; macrophage deficiency disease;

XX macrophage pathogen infection; therapy; chain shuffling.

XX Chimeric Homo sapiens;

XX Chimeric synthetic.

XX GR2305921-A.

XX 23-APR-1997.

XX 07-OCT-1996; 96GB-0020920.

XX 19-JAN-1996; 96GB-0001081.

XX 06-OCT-1995; 95GB-0020486.

XX (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

XX Bacon L, Green JA, Jackson RH, Johnson KS, Pope AR;

XX Tempest PR, Thompson JE, Vaughan TJ, Williams AJ;

XX Wilton AJ;

XX WPI; 1997-215360/20.

XX N-PSDB; AAT60375.

XX Agent contg. antigen-binding domain of human antibody to

XX transforming growth factor beta 1 or 2 - and nucleic acid encoding

XX it, used to neutralise effects of TGF, e.g. for control of fibrosis,

XX immune and inflammatory disease

XX Claim 5; Fig 2b(v); 184pp; English.

XX This polypeptide sequence comprises the VL domain of human scFv  
CC antibody 14F12, which is specific for transforming growth factor  
CC (TGF) beta-2. It is encoded by a gene (AAT60375) isolated from a  
CC light chain shuttle repertoire of a peripheral blood lymphocyte  
CC library. The antigen-binding domains of human antibodies (see  
CC AAW15522-40) to TGF beta-1 and/or beta-2 can be used to counter the  
CC adverse effects of TGF beta, such as (i) promotion of fibrosis (in  
CC dermal, ocular or keloid scarring, lung fibrosis, arterial injury,  
CC proliferative retinopathy, retinal detachment, adult respiratory  
CC distress syndrome, liver cirrhosis, post myocardial infarction,  
CC post-angioplasty restenosis, scleroderma, vascular disorders,  
CC cataract, glaucoma, or esp. neural scarring and glomerulonephritis,  
CC also (not claimed) osteoporosis), or (ii) immune and inflammatory

CC diseases (e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, macrophage deficiency diseases  
 CC or macrophage pathogen infection). Nucleic acids encoding human  
 CC antibody VH and VL can be used for prodn. of recombinant antigen-  
 CC binding domains. These are highly specific, have low dissociation  
 CC constants (pref. less than 5 nM) and low IC50s for neutralisation.  
 XX

SQ Sequence 107 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 18; Length 107;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 |||||  
 Db 49 gknrps 55

## RESULT 14

AAW08741 standard; Protein; 107 AA.

AC AAW08741;

DT 08-AUG-1997 (first entry)

DE Human anti-HIV Fab amino acid sequence tat107(VL4);

KW Gene therapy; antibody; immunisation; human immunodeficiency virus;  
 HIV; human T-cell leukemia virus.

OS Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type-1.

FT Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Region 1..20

FT /label= FR1

FT Region 21..31

FT /label= CDR1

FT Region 32..46

FT /label= FR2

FT Region 47..58

FT /label= CDR2

FT Region 59..85

FT /label= FR3

FT Region 86..96

FT /label= CDR3

FT Region 97..107

FT /label= FR4

FT MISC-difference 27

FT /label= Unspecified

XX WO3637234-A1.  
 XX 28-NOV-1996.  
 XX 23-MAY-1996; 96WO-US07393.  
 XX 23-MAY-1995; 95US-0447610.  
 XX (UYJE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.  
 XX Duan L, Pomerantz RJ;  
 XX WPI; 1997-020948/02.  
 XX Improved gene therapy using recombinant gene coding for an antibody  
 XX - for intracellular immunisation against pathogens recognised by the  
 XX antibody, esp. human immunodeficiency virus HIV-1  
 XX Example 11; Page 59-60; 213pp; English.  
 XX The present sequence is a human anti-HIV Fab light chain VL sequence.  
 XX A novel gene therapy method has been produced, where a recombinant

CC (rec) gene is introduced into the cells of a mammal. The method is  
 CC improved by using a rec gene encoding an antibody (Ab) (e.g. the  
 CC present sequence) that is selectively specific for an intracellular  
 CC (IC) antigen associated with a disease. The method is used to prevent  
 CC or halt the progress of a disease by IC immunisation. Specifically,  
 CC the Ab can be used to inhibit the replication of a virus, such as  
 CC human T-cell leukemia virus or especially HIV-1, or of other pathogens,  
 CC e.g. bacteria, fungi. The method provides immunity before or after  
 CC the development of the disease and can be used to control the  
 CC severity of the disease.  
 XX

SQ Sequence 107 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 18; Length 107;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 |||||  
 Db 47 gknrps 53

## RESULT 15

AAV95194 standard; Peptide; 107 AA.

AC AAV95194;

DT 29-AUG-2000 (first entry)

DE Anti-platelet glycoprotein Ib human HIB-1 VL.

KW Variable light chain; single chain antibody; scfv; human; HIB-1;  
 glycoprotein Ib alpha; platelet; aggregation; antiaggregant;  
 anti-thrombotic; thrombus; therapy; diagnostic.

OS Homo sapiens.

FT Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Region 1..22

FT /note= "framework region 1"

FT Region 23..35

FT /note= "complementarity determining region 1"

FT Region 34..48

FT /note= "framework region 2"

FT Region 49..55

FT /note= "complementarity determining region 2"

FT Region 56..87

FT /note= "framework region 3"

FT Region 88..96

FT /note= "complementarity determining region 3"

FT Region 97..107

FT /note= "framework region 4"

XX WO200026667-A1.  
 XX 11-MAY-2000.  
 XX 29-OCT-1999; 99WO-US25495.  
 XX 30-OCT-1998; 98US-0106275.  
 XX (MILL) MILLER J L.  
 XX Miller JL;  
 XX WPI; 2000-365744/31.  
 XX Isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding anti-human platelet  
 XX glycoprotein Ib alpha molecule useful for producing antibodies which  
 XX inhibit platelet aggregation -

PS Claim 18; Fig 5; 89pp; English.

CC The present sequence is that of the light chain variable region  
CC (VL) of human single chain antibody (scFv) H1b-1 (see AAY95198),  
CC which is directed against platelet glycoprotein Ib (GPIb). The H1b  
CC series of scFv was isolated from a human synthetic VH and VL scFv  
CC library by 3 rounds of phagemid selection against transfected CHO  
CC cells expressing the GPIb alpha component of the GPIb/IX/V complex  
CC on their surface, followed by a 4th round of selection against  
CC washed human platelets, and 2 final rounds in which attempts were  
CC made to displace scFv from washed platelets by flooding with  
CC murine monoclonal antibody or mimotope peptide (see AAY95229).  
CC Whether displayed as surface proteins on a phagemid or secreted  
CC as free scFv by Escherichia coli, the H1b scFv clones are capable  
CC of inhibiting von Willebrand factor-dependent aggregation of  
CC platelets. The scFv are composed of native human protein sequences  
CC and are therefore attractive potential reagents for therapeutic  
CC purposes. They provide a new class of antithrombotic agents,  
CC useful for the prevention of platelet-dependent thrombi in  
CC diseased arteries, bypass grafts, dialysis etc., and can also be  
CC used as diagnostic reagents. Methods of inhibiting aggregation  
CC of platelets, of binding human platelet GPIb alpha and of selecting  
CC a VH or VL region of an antibody that inhibits platelet aggregation  
CC are claimed.

CC  
XX  
SQ Sequence 107 AA;

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 39; DB 21; Length 107;

Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNNRPS 7  
|||||||

Db 49 gknrps 55

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:23:34  
Job time: 319 sec



GenCore version 4.5  
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2000 CompuGen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:25:38 ; Search time 61.61 Seconds

(Without alignments)  
10.917 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-13

Perfect score: 39

Sequence: 1 GKNRPS 7

Scoring table:

BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283138 seqs, 96089334 residues

number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283138

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

PIR-71:\*  
1: pir1:\*  
2: pir2:\*  
3: pir3:\*  
4: pir4:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	39	100.0	96	2	S36060 Ig lambda chain -
2	39	100.0	108	2	S38498 Ig lambda chain -
3	39	100.0	108	2	SA7184 Ig lambda chain -
4	39	100.0	109	2	S38496 Ig lambda chain -
5	39	100.0	109	2	S19663 Ig lambda chain V
6	39	100.0	110	2	S36272 Ig lambda chain V
7	39	100.0	115	2	S13726 Ig lambda chain V
8	39	100.0	127	2	S70444 Ig lambda chain pr
9	39	100.0	146	2	S02083 Ig lambda chain V-
10	36	92.3	108	1	L3HUSH Ig lambda chain V-
11	35	89.7	190	2	S25740 Ig lambda chain -
12	35	89.7	233	2	S25748 Ig lambda chain -
13	34	87.2	233	2	S25741 Ig lambda chain -
14	34	84.6	248	2	H84682 Ig lambda chain -
15	33	84.6	305	2	AA0573 Ig lambda chain V-
16	33	84.6	848	2	S56645 Ig lambda chain V-
17	33	84.6	1675	1	LKRTH Ig lambda chain V-
18	32	82.1	110	2	S57442 Ig lambda chain V-
19	32	82.1	1503	2	T18266 Ig lambda chain V-
20	32	82.1	1858	2	T18273 1-phosphatidylinos
21	31	79.5	406	2	C70851 Fructose hydrolase
22	31	79.5	432	2	D64046 K-acetyluramoyl-L
23	31	79.5	585	2	S55205 dihydroxy-acid deh
24	31	79.5	1060	2	S63252 hypothetical prote
25	31	79.5	1181	2	D86157 hypothetical prote
26	31	79.5	1225	2	C84530 hypothetical prote
27	31	79.5	1323	2	E88257 protein let-23 (Im
28	31	79.5	1374	2	S70712 protein-tyrosine k
29	30	76.9	58	2	S73144 hypothetical prote

30	30	76.9	93	2	C64684 ribosomal protein
31	30	76.9	93	2	C71835 ribosomal protein
32	30	76.9	110	2	S19672 Ig lambda chain V
33	30	76.9	257	2	G86710 conserved hypothet
34	30	76.9	295	2	T23380 hypothetical prote
35	30	76.9	368	2	G84769 hypothetical prote
36	30	76.9	385	2	TS1307 basolateral Na(+)-
37	30	76.9	411	2	S66916 hypothetical prote
38	30	76.9	415	1	JC1494 ribonucleoprotein
39	30	76.9	470	2	T32107 hypothetical prote
40	30	76.9	520	2	AE3563 erythritol kinase
41	30	76.9	526	2	A34896 adenylate cyclase-
42	30	76.9	592	2	T44697 probable ATP-depen
43	30	76.9	658	1	S23591 transcription fact
44	30	76.9	661	2	G97717 hypothetical prote
45	30	76.9	743	2	A87118 ATP-dependent DNA

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

S36060 Ig lambda chain - human (fragment)

C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)

C:Date: 22-Nov-1993 #sequence\_revision 01-Dec-1995 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000

C:Accession: S36060

R:Williams, S.C. submitted to the EMBL Data Library, April 1993

A:Reference number: S36046

A:Accession: S36060

A>Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-96 <WIL>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z22202; NID:G312325; PIDN:CAA80211.1; PID:G312326

C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology

C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin

F:15-89/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 96;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.47;

Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7

Db 49 GKNRPS 55

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RESULT 2  
S38498 Ig lambda chain - human (fragment)  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 06-Jan-1995 #sequence\_revision 06-Jan-1995 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
R:Maxis, J.D.; Ouweland, W.H.; Bye, J.M.; Finnenn, R.; Gorick, B.D.; Voak, D.; Thorpe submitted to the EMBL Data Library, June 1993  
A:Description: Human antibody fragments specific for human blood group antigens from A:Reference number: S38498  
A:Accession: S38498  
A>Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-108 <MAR>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z23035; NID:G414043; PIDN:CAA80570.1; PID:G414044  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
F:14-88/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 108;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.53;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
DB 48 GKNRPS 54

## RESULT 3

Ig lambda chain - human  
S47184  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C>Date: 06-Jan-1995 #sequence\_revision 06-Jan-1995 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
C:Accession: S47184  
R:McIntosh, R.S.; Tandon, N.; Metcalfe, R.A.; Weetman, A.P.  
Submitted to the EMBL Data Library, June 1994  
A:Description: Cloning and analysis of IgM anti-thyroglobulin autoantibodies from patient  
A:Reference number: S47181  
A:Accession: S47184  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-108 <MC1>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X79783; NID:9506426; PIDN:CAA56179.1; PID:9506427  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
F:15-89/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 108;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.53;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
DB 49 GKNRPS 55

## RESULT 4

Ig lambda chain - human (fragment)  
S38496  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C>Date: 06-Jan-1995 #sequence\_revision 06-Jan-1995 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
C:Accession: S38496  
R:Mark, J.D.; Ouwehand, W.H.; Bye, J.M.; Finern, R.; Gorlick, B.D.; Voak, D.; Thorpe, S.  
Submitted to the EMBL Data Library, June 1993  
A:Description: Human antibody fragments specific for human blood group antigens from a F  
A:Reference number: S38488  
A:Accession: S38496  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-109 <MAR>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z23031; NID:9414039; PIDN:CAA80566.1; PID:9414040  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
F:15-89/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 109;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.53;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
DB 49 GKNRPS 55

## RESULT 5

Ig lambda chain V region (clone alpha-BSA3) - human  
S19663  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C>Date: 22-Jan-1993 #sequence\_revision 22-Jan-1993 #text\_change 20-Jun-2000  
C:Accession: S19663  
R:Mark, J.D.; Hoogenboom, H.R.; Bonnett, T.P.; McCafferty, J.; Griffiths, A.D.; Winter, J.; Mol. Biol. 222, 581-597, 1991  
A>Title: By-passing immunization. Human antibodies from V gene libraries displayed on ph  
A:Reference number: S19663; MUID:92085276

A:Accession: S19663  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-109 <MAR>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X61640; NID:929492; PIDN:CAA43821.1; PID:91340166  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
F:15-89/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 109;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.53;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
DB 49 GKNRPS 55

## RESULT 6

Ig lambda chain V region (clone alpha-THY-29) - human (fragment)  
S36272  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C>Date: 03-Feb-1994 #sequence\_revision 03-Feb-1994 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
C:Accession: S36272  
R:Griffiths, A.D.; Mark, J.D.; Mark, J.D.; Bye, J.M.; Embleton, M.J.; McCafferty, J.  
EMBO J. 12, 725-734, 1993  
A>Title: Human anti-self antibodies with high specificity from phage display libraries  
A:Reference number: S36256; MUID:93178448  
A:Accession: S36272  
A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-110 <GRI>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z18833; NID:933419; PIDN:CAA79285.1; PID:9393912  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
F:15-89/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 110;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.54;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
DB 49 GKNRPS 55

## RESULT 7

Ig lambda chain V region - human  
S13726  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C>Date: 25-Feb-1994 #sequence\_revision 10-Nov-1995 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
C:Accession: S13726  
R:Frilipat, J.P.; Chuchana, P.; Bernard, F.; Bulwela, L.; Lefranc, G.; Lefranc, M.P.  
Nucleic Acids Res. 18, 7134, 1990  
A>Title: First genomic sequence of a human Ig variable lambda gene belonging to subgr  
A:Reference number: S13726; MUID:91088295  
A:Accession: S13726  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-115 <FRI>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X56178; NID:933404; PIDN:CAA39639.1; PID:933405  
C:Genetics: 16/1  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
F:34-108/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 115;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.56;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;



OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 1111111  
 DB 68 GKNRPS 74

## RESULT 8

S70444  
 Ig lambda chain precursor V region - human (fragment)  
 C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
 C>Date: 24-Jul-1998 #sequence\_revision 24-Jul-1998 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
 C:Accession: S70444; S70426  
 R:Cuisinier, A.M.; Fougereau, M.; Tonnelle, C.  
 Mol. Immunol. 29, 1363-1373, 1992  
 A:Title: Igm kappa/lambda EBV human B cell clone: an early step of differentiation of fe  
 A:Reference number: S70442; MUID:93024508  
 A:Accession: S70444  
 A:Status: not compared with conceptual translation  
 A:Molecule type: mRNA  
 A:Residues: 1-127 <CUI>  
 A:Experimental source: clone E29.1  
 A:Submitted to the EMBL Data Library, May 1990  
 A:Reference number: S70426  
 A:Accession: S70426  
 A:Molecule type: mRNA  
 A:Residues: 1-90 <TON>  
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:X53070  
 A:Experimental source: cell line E29.1, clone VL 29-1  
 C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
 C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
 F:1-20/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>  
 F:21-127/Product: Ig lambda chain V region (fragment) #status predicted <MAT>  
 F:34-108/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 127;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.62;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 1111111  
 DB 68 GKNRPS 74

## RESULT 9

S02083  
 Ig lambda chain V-IV region - human (tentative sequence) (fragments)  
 N:Alternate names: amyloid-fibril protein GIL  
 C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
 C:Accession: S02083  
 C:Date: 01-Dec-1989 #sequence\_revision 01-Dec-1989 #text\_change 31-Mar-2000  
 R:Fykse, E.M.; Stetten, K.; Husby, G.; Cornwell III, G.G.  
 Biochem. J. 256, 973-980, 1988  
 A:Title: The primary structure of the variable region of an immunoglobulin IV light-chain  
 A:Reference number: S02083; MUID:89134210  
 A:Accession: S02083  
 A:Molecule type: protein  
 A:Residues: 1-70; 71-72; 73-75; 76-131; 132-146 <FYK>  
 C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
 C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
 F:14-88/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 146;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.71;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 1111111  
 DB 48 GKNRPS 54

## RESULT 10

L3HUSH  
 Ig lambda chain V-III region (Sh) - human  
 C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
 C:Date: 24-Apr-1984 #sequence\_revision 24-Apr-1984 #text\_change 02-Sep-1997  
 C:Accession: A01980  
 R:Titani, K.; Wikler, M.; Shinoda, T.; Putnam, F.W.  
 J. Biol. Chem. 245, 2171-2176, 1970  
 A:Title: The amino acid sequence of a lambda type Bence-Jones protein. III. The compl  
 A:Reference number: A92057; MUID:70166723  
 A:Accession: A01980  
 A:Molecule type: protein  
 A:Residues: 1-108 <TRP>  
 A:Note: the sequence of the C region is also given  
 C:Genetics:  
 A:Gene: GDB:IGLV6  
 A:Cross-references: GDB:119342; OMIM:147240  
 A:Map position: 22q11.2-22q11.2  
 C:Complex: An immunoglobulin heterotetramer subunit consists of two identical light (h  
 ain disulfide bonds. In some cases, such as IgA and IgM, the subunits associate into  
 C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
 C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
 F:14-88/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>  
 F:21-86/Disulfide bonds: #status experimental

Query Match 92.3%; Score 36; DB 1; Length 108;  
 Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 2.3;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 1111111  
 DB 48 GKNRPS 54

## RESULT 11

S25740  
 Ig lambda chain - human (fragment)  
 C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
 C:Date: 22-Nov-1993 #sequence\_revision 26-May-1995 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
 C:Accession: S25740  
 R:Combiato, G.; Klobbeck, H.G.  
 Eur. J. Immunol. 21, 1513-1522, 1991  
 A:Title: V(lambda) and J(lambda)-C(lambda) gene segments of the human immunoglobulin  
 A:Reference number: S16439; MUID:91257162  
 A:Accession: S25740  
 A:Status: preliminary; translation not shown  
 A:Molecule type: mRNA  
 A:Residues: 1-190 <COM>  
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:X57804; NID:933705; PIDN:CAA40942.1; PID:933706  
 C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
 C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
 F:105-173/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 89.7%; Score 35; DB 2; Length 190;  
 Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 6.4;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 1111111  
 DB 25 GKNRPS 31

## RESULT 12

S25748  
 Ig lambda chain - human  
 C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
 C:Date: 22-Nov-1993 #sequence\_revision 26-May-1995 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
 C:Accession: S25748  
 R:Combiato, G.; Klobbeck, H.G.  
 Eur. J. Immunol. 21, 1513-1522, 1991  
 A:Title: V(lambda) and J(lambda)-C(lambda) gene segments of the human immunoglobulin  
 A:Reference number: S16439; MUID:91257162

A:Accession: S25748  
A:Status: preliminary; translation not shown  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-233 <COM>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X57813; NID:q33725; PIDN:CAA40950.1; PID:q33726  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotrimer; immunoglobulin  
F:148-216/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 89.7%; Score 35; DB 2; Length 233;  
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 7.9;  
Matches 6; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||  
Db 68 GKNRPS 74

## RESULT 13

lambda chain - human  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 22-Nov-1993 #sequence\_revision 26-May-1995 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
C:Accession: S25741  
R:Combratio, G.: Klobbeck, H.G.  
Eur. J. Immunol. 21, 1513-1522, 1991  
A:Title: V(lambda) and J(lambda)-C(lambda) gene segments of the human immunoglobulin lam  
A:Reference number: S16439; MUID:91257162  
A:Accession: S25741  
A:Status: preliminary; translation not shown  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-233 <COM>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X57805; NID:q33707; PIDN:CAA40943.1; PID:q33708  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotrimer; immunoglobulin  
F:148-216/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 87.2%; Score 34; DB 2; Length 233;  
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 13;  
Matches 6; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||  
Db 68 GKNRPS 74

## RESULT 14

hypothetical protein At2g28270 [imported] - Arabidopsis thaliana  
C:Species: Arabidopsis thaliana (mouse-ear cross)  
C:Date: 02-Feb-2001 #sequence\_revision 02-Feb-2001 #text\_change 16-Feb-2001  
C:Accession: H84682  
R:Lin, X.; Kaul, S.; Rounsley, S.D.; Shea, T.P.; Benito, M.L.; Town, C.D.; Fujii, C.Y.;  
M.; Koo, H.; Moffat, K.S.; Cronin, L.A.; Shen, M.; VanAken, S.E.; Umayam, L.; Tallon, L.;  
Nuss, D.; Nierman, W.C.; White, O.; Eisen, J.A.; Salzberg, S.L.; Fraser, C.M.; Venter, J.  
Nature 402, 761-768, 1999  
A:Title: Sequence and analysis of chromosome 2 of the plant Arabidopsis thaliana.  
A:Reference number: A84420; MUID:20083487  
A:Accession: H84682  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: DNA  
A:Residues: 1-248 <STO>  
A:Cross-references: GB:AE002093; NID:g4803954; PIDN:AAD29826.1; GSPDB:GN00139  
C:Genetics:  
A:Gene: At2g28270  
A:Map position: 2  
C:Superfamily: Arabidopsis hypothetical protein F411.18

Query Match 84.6%; Score 33; DB 2; Length 248;  
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 22;

Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||  
Db 4 GKNRPS 10

## RESULT 15

A40573  
clathrin heavy chain - human (fragment)  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 03-Apr-1992 #sequence\_revision 03-Apr-1992 #text\_change 13-Aug-1999  
C:Accession: A40573  
R:Dodge, G.R.; Kovalszky, I.; McBride, O.W.; Yi, H.F.; Chu, M.; Salita, B.; Stokes, D.  
Genomics 11, 174-178, 1991  
A:Title: Human clathrin heavy chain (CLTC): partial molecular cloning, expression, an  
A:Reference number: A40573; MUID:92112210  
A:Accession: A40573  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-305 <DOD>  
A:Cross-references: GB:X55878; GB:S75467; NID:g29982; PIDN:CAA39363.1; PID:g29983  
C:Superfamily: clathrin heavy chain

Query Match 84.6%; Score 33; DB 2; Length 305;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 27;  
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 KNRPS 7  
|||  
Db 12 KNRPS 17

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:25:39  
Job time: 304 sec

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:39:15 ; Search time 29.47 Seconds

(Without alignments)  
9,197 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-13

Perfect score: 39

Sequence: 1 GKNRPS 7

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 105224 seqs, 38719550 residues

number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 105224

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt\_40:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	36	92.3	108	LV3A_HUMAN	F01714 homo sapien
2	33	84.6	848	YA47_SCHPO	Q09719 schizosacch
3	33	84.6	1675	CUH1_HUMAN	Q00610 homo sapien
4	33	84.6	1675	CUH_BOVIN	P49951 bos taurus
5	33	84.6	1675	CUH_RAT	F11442 rattus norv
6	32	82.1	1858	P3K2_DICDI	P54674 dictyosteli
7	31	79.5	432	AMIB_HAEIN	P44493 haemophilus
8	31	79.5	585	ILV3_YEAST	P39522 saccharomyc
9	31	79.5	1060	YN18_YEAST	P53836 saccharomyc
10	31	79.5	1323	LT23_CABEL	P24348 caenorhabdi
11	30	76.9	58	YCA9_PORPU	P51223 porphyra pu
12	30	76.9	75	RR16_CYACA	Q9L1Y9 cyanidium c
13	30	76.9	93	RS19_HELPJ	Q92J17 helicobacte
14	30	76.9	93	RS19_HELPJ	P56026 helicobacte
15	30	76.9	395	PER_DROEO	P92203 drosophila
16	30	76.9	396	PER_DROPU	P91697 drosophila
17	30	76.9	396	PER_DROPU	P91698 drosophila
18	30	76.9	415	LA_RAT	P38656 rattus norv
19	30	76.9	526	CAP_YEAST	P17555 saccharomyc
20	30	76.9	658	TPE2_XENLA	Q01978 xenopus lae
21	30	76.9	743	RECG_MYCLE	O69460 mycobacteri
22	30	76.9	1095	NKC2_MOUSE	P55014 mus musculi
23	30	76.9	1095	NKC2_RAT	P55016 rattus norv
24	30	76.9	1099	NKC2_HUMAN	Q12621 homo sapien
25	30	76.9	1099	NKC2_RABIT	P55015 oryctolagus
26	30	76.9	1191	NKC1_SQUAC	P55012 mus musculi
27	30	76.9	1205	NKC1_MOUSE	P55013 mus musculi
28	30	76.9	1212	NKC1_HUMAN	P55011 homo sapien
29	30	76.9	1396	TTA2_DROME	P12080 drosophila
30	30	76.9	1640	CLH2_HUMAN	P53675 homo sapien
31	29	74.4	108	YJ47_YEAST	P47080 saccharomyc
32	29	74.4	124	YJ16_YREPA	Q9P9W7 ureaplasma
33	29	74.4	135	VAL2_ICMV	Q08589 indian caas

34	29	74.4	161	1	YJB1_YEAST	P47076 saccharomyc
35	29	74.4	186	1	TLPI_HUMAN	O95753 homo sapien
36	29	74.4	196	1	COAT_BLRV	P19126 bean leafro
37	29	74.4	243	1	YH87_YEAST	P38833 saccharomyc
38	29	74.4	297	1	XLYA_BACSU	P39800 bacillus su
39	29	74.4	323	1	YCJ5_SCHPO	O97751 schizosacch
40	29	74.4	348	1	SKII_RAT	P42572 rattus norv
41	29	74.4	371	1	GAG_FSVST	P03338 feline sarc
42	29	74.4	414	1	GAG_FSVH2	P04322 feline sarc
43	29	74.4	415	1	LA_MOUSE	P32067 mus musculi
44	29	74.4	416	1	TRIE_CHICK	P18519 gallus gall
45	29	74.4	425	1	GAG_FSVGA	P03337 feline sarc

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	LV3A_HUMAN	STANDARD;	PRT;	108 AA.
AC	P01714;			
DT	21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)			
DT	21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Last sequence update)			
DT	15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 38, Last annotation update)			
DE	Ig lambda chain V-III region SH.			
OS	Homo sapiens (Human).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;			
OC	Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=9606;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE.			
RX	MEDLINE=70166723; Pubmed=4909564;			
RA	Tilani K., Wikler M., Shinoda T., Putnam F.W.;			
RT	"The amino acid sequence of a lambda type Bence-Jones protein. 3. The			
RT	complete amino acid sequence and the location of the disulfide			
RT	bridges.";			
RL	J. Biol. Chem. 245:2171-2176(1970).			
CC	-I- MISCLEANEONS: THIS IS A BENCE-JONES PROTEIN.			
DR	PIR: A01980; L3HUSH.			
DR	HSSP; P01703; 7FAB.			
DR	InterPro; IPR003006; Ig_MHC.			
DR	InterPro; IPR003596; Ig_V.			
DR	Pfam; PF00047; Ig: 1.			
DR	SMART; SM00406; IgV: 1.			
KW	Immunoglobulin V region; Bence-Jones protein.			
FT	DISULFID			
FT	NON_TER			
FT	SEQUENCE			
QY	1 GKNRPS 7			
DB	48 GKNRPS 54			
Query Match	92.3%; Score 36; DB 1; Length 108;			
Best Local Similarity	85.7%; Pred. No. 0.67;			
Matches	6; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;			
RESULT 2	YA47_SCHPO	STANDARD;	PRT;	848 AA.
AC	Q09719;			
DT	01-NOV-1995 (Rel. 32, Created)			
DT	01-NOV-1995 (Rel. 32, Last sequence update)			
DT	16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)			
DE	Putative ATP-dependent RNA helicase C31A2.07c.			
GN	SPAC31A2.07c.			
OS	Schizosaccharomyces pombe (Fission yeast).			
OC	Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Schizosaccharomycetes;			
OC	Schizosaccharomycetales; Schizosaccharomycetaceae;			
OC	Schizosaccharomycetes.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=4896;			

```

RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN-972;
RA Devlin K., Churcher C.M., Barrell B.G., Rajandream M.A., Walsh S.V.;
RL Submitted (Jul-1995) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.
CC -1- FUNCTION: PUTATIVE ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE DEAD BOX HELICASE FAMILY. HIGHLY
CC SIMILAR TO YEAST DBP10.
CC -----
CC This SWISS-PROT entry is copyright. It is produced through a collaboration
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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC -----
DR EMBL: Z50113; CAA90465.1; -
DR InterPro: IPR001410; DEAD
DR InterPro: IPR000629; DEAD_ATP_helicase.
DR InterPro: IPR001650; Helicase_C.
DR Pfam: PF00270; DEAD.1.
DR SMART: SM00487; DEXDC.1.
DR Pfam: PF00271; helicase_C.1.
DR SMART: SM00490; HELIC_C.1.
DR PROSITE: PS00039; DEAD_ATP_HELICASE.1.
DR Hypothetical protein: ATP-binding; RNA-binding; Helicase.
DR NP_BIND 113 120 ATP (BY SIMILARITY).
DR SITE 220 223 DEAD BOX.
SQ SEQUENCE 848 AA; 94660 MW; 63E9870572BCA074 CRC64;

Query Match 84.6%; Score 33; DB 1; Length 848;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 26;
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 KNRPS 7
Db 839 KNRPS 844

RESULT 3
CLH1_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 1675 AA.
ID CLH1_HUMAN
AC 000610;
DT 01-DEC-1992 (Rel. 24, Created)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DT Clathrin heavy chain 1 (CLH-17).
CLC OR CLH17 OR KIA0034.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.
OX NCBITaxID:9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE-Bone marrow.
RX MEDLINE:96051387; PubMed-7584026;
RA Nomura N., Miyajima N., Sazuka T., Tanaka A., Kawabayashi Y.,
RA Sato S., Nagase T., Seki N., Ishikawa K.-I., Tabata S.;
RT "Prediction of the coding sequences of unidentified human genes. I.
RT The coding sequences of 40 new genes (KIA0001-KIA0040) deduced by
RT analysis of randomly sampled cDNA clones from human immature myeloid
RT cell line KG-1."
RL DNA Res. 1:27-35(1994).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE OF 560-864 FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE-Colon;
RX MEDLINE-92112210; PubMed-1765375;
RA Dodge G.R., Kovalszky I., McBride O.W., Yi H.F., Chu M.L., Salta B.,
RA Stöck D.G., Iozzo R.V.;
RT "Human clathrin heavy chain (CLTC): partial molecular cloning,
RT expression, and mapping of the gene to human chromosome 17q11-qter."

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RL Genomics 11:174-178(1991).
CC -1- FUNCTION: CLATHRIN IS THE MAJOR PROTEIN OF THE POLYMERAL COAT OF
CC COATED PITS & VESICLES. TWO DIFFERENT ADAPTOR PROTEIN COMPLEXES
CC LINK THE CLATHRIN LATTICE EITHER TO THE PLASMA MEMBRANE OR TO THE
CC TRANS GOLGI NETWORK.
CC -1- SUBUNIT: CLATHRIN TRISKELIONS, COMPOSED OF 3 HEAVY CHAINS AND 3
CC LIGHT CHAINS, ARE THE BASIC SUBUNITS OF THE CLATHRIN COAT. IN THE
CC PRESENCE OF LIGHT CHAINS, HUB ASSEMBLY IS INFLUENCED BY BOTH THE
CC PH AND THE CONCENTRATION OF CALCIUM.
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: CYTOPLASMIC FACE OF COATED PITS AND
CC VESICLES.
CC -----
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CC between the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and the EMBL Outstation -
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CC use by non-profit institutions as long as its content is in no way
CC modified and this statement is not removed. Usage by and for commercial
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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC -----
DR EMBL: D21260; BAA04801.1; -
DR EMBL: X55878; CAA9363.1; -
DR PIR: A40573; A40573.
DR HSSP: P11442; IBPO.
DR MIM: 118955; -
DR InterPro: IPR001473; Clathrin_propel.
DR InterPro: IPR000547; Clathrin_repeat.
DR Pfam: PF01394; Clathrin_propel.
DR Pfam: PF00637; Clathrin_repeat.7.
DR SMART: SM00299; CLH; 7.
KW Coated pits.
FT DOMAIN 1 479 GLOBULAR TERMINAL DOMAIN.
FT DOMAIN 480 523 FLEXIBLE LINKER.
FT DOMAIN 524 1675 HEAVY CHAIN ARM.
FT DOMAIN 524 634 DISTAL SEGMENT.
FT DOMAIN 639 1675 PROXIMAL SEGMENT.
FT DOMAIN 449 465 INVOLVED IN LATTICE DISASSEMBLY
(POTENTIAL).
FT BINDING 1213 1522 LIGHT CHAIN (BY SIMILARITY).
FT DOMAIN 1550 1675 TRIMERIZATION (BY SIMILARITY).
FT CONFLICT 360 360 Q -> R (IN REF. 2).
FT CONFLICT 817 817 G -> V (IN REF. 2).
SQ SEQUENCE 1675 AA; 191614 MW; 6C4F2D54950079E2 CRC64;

Query Match 84.6%; Score 33; DB 1; Length 1675;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 53;
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 KNRPS 7
Db 571 KNRPS 576

RESULT 4
CLH_BOVIN STANDARD; PRT; 1675 AA.
ID CLH_BOVIN
AC P49951;
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Created)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)
DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last annotation update)
DT Clathrin heavy chain.
DE Bos taurus (Bovine).
OS Bos taurus (Bovine).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Ruminantia; Pecora; Bovidae;
OC Bovidae; Bovinae; Bos.
OX NCBITaxID:9913;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE-Kidney;

```

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:38:42 ; Search time 107.96 Seconds

(without alignments)  
11.217 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-13

Sequence: 1 GKNRRS 7

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gap 10.0, Gapext 0.5

Searched: 562222 segs, 172994929 residues

1 number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 562222

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

1: SP archaea:\*  
2: SP bacteria:\*  
3: SP fungi:\*  
4: SP human:\*  
5: SP\_invertebrate:\*  
6: SP\_mammal:\*  
7: SP\_mhc:\*  
8: SP\_organelle:\*  
9: SP\_phage:\*  
10: SP\_plant:\*  
11: SP\_protent:\*  
12: SP\_virus:\*  
13: SP\_vertebrate:\*  
14: SP\_unclassified:\*  
15: SP\_virus:\*  
16: SP\_bacteriap:\*  
17: SP\_archaeap:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	39	100.0	107	4	Q9NSD6
2	33	84.6	248	10	Q9SLZ8
3	33	84.6	515	10	Q9LUD2
4	33	84.6	531	3	Q94748
5	32	82.1	626	3	Q42790
6	32	82.1	626	3	Q42791
7	32	82.1	1333	2	Q9F015
8	32	82.1	1503	2	Q52973
9	31	79.5	272	12	Q99719
10	31	79.5	406	2	Q93A02
11	31	79.5	406	16	Q53593
12	31	79.5	699	2	Q51287
13	31	79.5	1181	10	Q9SRW9
14	31	79.5	1225	10	Q9Z0F8
15	31	79.5	1260	5	Q9W2V5
16	31	79.5	1484	4	Q9BXP3

17	30	76.9	212	9	Q9MBS2	Q9mbs2 staphylococ
18	30	76.9	257	16	Q9CHP1	Q9chp1 lactococcus
19	30	76.9	296	5	Q01340	Q01340 caenorhabdi
20	30	76.9	297	12	Q9RTT1	Q9rtt1 frog adenov
21	30	76.9	319	10	Q9LHS3	Q9lhs3 arabidopsis
22	30	76.9	368	10	Q82288	Q82288 arabidopsis
23	30	76.9	379	17	Q97AS9	Q97as9 thermoplasma
24	30	76.9	385	13	Q91412	Q91412 neoturus ma
25	30	76.9	411	3	Q08412	Q08412 saccharomyc
26	30	76.9	417	5	Q9V4V1	Q9v4v1 drosophila
27	30	76.9	421	5	Q9BIC9	Q9bic9 trichinella
28	30	76.9	425	6	Q28759	Q28759 procavia ca
29	30	76.9	435	3	Q94232	Q94232 kluyveromyc
30	30	76.9	470	5	Q16747	Q16747 caenorhabdi
31	30	76.9	519	2	Q92B32	Q92b32 bruceella ab
32	30	76.9	538	2	Q9S4A4	Q9s4a4 actinobacil
33	30	76.9	574	4	Q9UTG6	Q9utg6 homo sapien
34	30	76.9	574	4	Q9Y225	Q9y225 homo sapien
35	30	76.9	578	4	Q969M2	Q969m2 homo sapien
36	30	76.9	578	11	Q99JA3	Q99ja3 mus musculu
37	30	76.9	601	10	Q94AV3	Q94av3 arabidopsis
38	30	76.9	656	17	Q97A14	Q97a14 thermoplasma
39	30	76.9	661	16	Q92JG4	Q92jg4 rickettsia
40	30	76.9	688	5	Q9VBE6	Q9vbe6 drosophila
41	30	76.9	711	2	Q9ZFD4	Q9zfd4 moraxella c
42	30	76.9	712	2	Q9Z106	Q9z106 moraxella c
43	30	76.9	713	2	Q85051	Q85051 moraxella c
44	30	76.9	759	10	Q9S1X2	Q9s1x2 arabidopsis
45	30	76.9	770	11	Q9Z1E0	Q9z1e0 mus musculu

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
ID Q9NSD6 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 107 AA.  
AC Q9NSD6;  
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Created)  
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)  
DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBLrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
DE HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN (FRAGMENT).  
OS Homo sapiens (Human).  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;  
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.  
OX NCBI\_TaxID=9606;  
RN [1]  
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
RC TISSUE=LYMPHOCTE;  
RA Hermann A.;  
RT "Autoimmunity";  
RL Submitted (JUL-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
DR EMBL; LA5092; AAA69746.2; -.  
DR HSSP; P01709; 2MCG.  
DR InterPro; IPR003006; Iq\_MHC.  
DR InterPro; IPR003596; Iq\_V.  
DR Pfam; PF00047; Iq\_1.  
DR SMART; SM00406; IqV\_1.  
FT NON\_TER 1  
FT NON\_TER 107  
SQ SQUINCE 107 AA; 11306 MW; A2B04B37187A5F00 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 4; Length 107;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.75;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRRS 7  
Db 47 GKNRRS 53  
RESULT 2

Q9SL28 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 248 AA.  
 AC Q9SL28;  
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBlrel. 13, Created)  
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBlrel. 13, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBlrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
 DE AT2628270. PROTEIN.  
 GN AT2628270.  
 OS Arabidopsis thaliana (Mouse-ear cress).  
 OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Tracheophyta;  
 OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicots; Rosidae;  
 OC eucosids II; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Arabidopsids.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=3702;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=CV. COLUMBIA;  
 RX MEDLINE=20083487; PubMed=10617197;  
 RA Lin X., Kaul S., Rounsley S.D., Shea T.P., Benito M.-I., Town C.D.,  
 Fujii C.Y., Mason T.M., Bowman C.L., Barnstead M.E., Feldblum T.V.,  
 Buell C.R., Ketchum K.A., Lee J.J., Ronning C.M., Koo H., Moffat K.S.,  
 Cronin L.A., Shen M., VanAken S.E., Umayam L., Tallon L.J., Gill J.E.,  
 Adams M.D., Carrera A.J., Creasy T.H., Goodman H.M., Somerville C.R.,  
 Copenhaver G.P., Preuss D., Nierman W.C., White O., Eisen J.A.,  
 Salinger S.L., Fraser C.M., Venter J.C.;  
 RT "Sequence and analysis of chromosome 2 of the plant Arabidopsis  
 thaliana."  
 RL Nature 402:761-768(1999).  
 RN [2]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=CV. COLUMBIA;  
 RA Lin X.;  
 RL Submitted (MAR-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
 DR EMBL: AC006202; AAD29826.1; -;  
 DR InterPro: IPR004146; DC1.  
 DR Pfam: PF03107; DC1; 2.  
 DR SMART: SM00249; PHD; 1.  
 SQ SEQUENCE 248 AA; 28016 MW; 4A2D79F034C209DB CRC64;

Query Match 84.6%; Score 33; DB 10; Length 248;  
 Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 35;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 DB 4 GKNRPS 10  
 ID 1 11111  
 AC Q9LUD2 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 515 AA.  
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Created)  
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBlrel. 15, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMBlrel. 19, Last annotation update)  
 DE CYTOCHROME P450 (AT3G14620/MIEL\_12).  
 OS Arabidopsis thaliana (Mouse-ear cress).  
 OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Tracheophyta;  
 OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicots; Rosidae;  
 OC eucosids II; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Arabidopsids.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=3702;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=COLUMBIA;  
 RA Sato S., Nakamura Y., Kaneko T., Kato T., Asamizu E., Tabata S.;  
 RL Submitted (FEB-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
 RN [2]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=COLUMBIA;  
 RX MEDLINE=20277480; PubMed=10819329;  
 RA Nakamura Y.;  
 RT "Structural analysis of Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome 3. I. Sequence

RT features of the regions of 4,504,864 bp covered by sixty P1 and TAC  
 RT clones."  
 RL DNA Res. 7:131-135(2000).  
 RN [3]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RA Cheuk R., Chen H., Kim C.J., Koesema E., Meyers M.C., Banh J.,  
 Bowser L., Carinich P., Dale J.M., Goldsmith A.D., Hayashizaki Y.,  
 RA Ishida J., Jiang P.X., Jones T., Kamiya A., Karlin-Neumann G.,  
 RA Kawai J., Lam B., Lee J.M., Lin J., Liu S.X., Miranda M., Narusaka M.,  
 RA Nguyen M., Onodera C.S., Palm C.J., Pham P.K., Quach H.L., Sakurai T.,  
 RA Satou M., Seki M., Southwick A., Tang C.C., Toriumi M., Yamada K.,  
 RA Yamamura Y., Yu G., Yu S., Shimozaki K., Davis R.W., Theologis A.,  
 RA Ecker J.R.;  
 RT "Arabidopsis cDNA clones."  
 RL Submitted (AUG-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE CYTOCHROME P450 FAMILY.  
 DR EMBL: AB023038; BAB02394.1; -;  
 DR EMBL: AY052208; AAK97679.1; -;  
 DR InterPro: IPR001128; CYP\_P450.  
 DR Pfam: PF00067; P450; 1.  
 DR PRINTS: PR00385; P450.  
 DR PROSITE: PS00086; CYTOCHROME\_P450; UNKNOWN\_1.  
 KW Heme; Monooxygenase; Oxidoreductase.  
 SQ SEQUENCE 515 AA; 58643 MW; 9F4EFCF7686F55A1 CRC64;

Query Match 84.6%; Score 33; DB 10; Length 515;  
 Best Local Similarity 71.4%; Pred. No. 73;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 2; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 DB 358 GKNRPN 364  
 ID 094748 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 531 AA.  
 AC 094748;  
 DT 01-MAY-1999 (TREMBlrel. 10, Created)  
 DT 01-MAY-1999 (TREMBlrel. 10, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-OCT-2001 (TREMBlrel. 18, Last annotation update)  
 DE PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE-Z-LIKE SERINE/THREONINE PHOSPHATASE.  
 GN PZL-1.  
 OS Neurospora crassa.  
 OC Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Pezizomycotina; Sordariomycetes;  
 OC Sordariales; Sordariaceae; Neurospora.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=5141;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RX MEDLINE=98449783; PubMed=9774742;  
 RA Szoor B., Fehér Z., Zeke T., Gergely P., Yatzkan E., Yarden O.,  
 RA Dombiadi V.;  
 RT "pZl-1 encodes a novel protein phosphatase-Z-like Ser/Thr protein  
 phosphatase in Neurospora crassa."  
 RL Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1388:260-266(1998).  
 CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: A PHOSPHOPROTEIN + H(2)O = A PROTEIN +  
 -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE PPP FAMILY OF PHOSPHATASES.  
 DR EMBL: AF071752; AAD09996.1; -;  
 DR EMBL: AF071751; AAD09995.1; -;  
 DR HSP: P08129; 1RTM.  
 DR InterPro: IPR000934; Ser\_thr\_phosphatase.  
 DR Pfam: PF00149; STPHOSPHATASE.  
 DR PRINTS: PR00114; STPHOSPHATASE.  
 DR SMART: SM00156; PP2AC; 1.  
 DR PROSITE: PS00125; SER\_THR\_PHOSPHATASE; UNKNOWN\_1.  
 KW Hydrolyase; Iron; Manganese.  
 SQ SEQUENCE 531 AA; 58311 MW; D9D3B71EA704F736 CRC64;

Query Match 84.6%; Score 33; DB 3; Length 531;  
 Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 76;

GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:24:29 ; Search time 49.09 Seconds

(without alignments)  
3.483 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-13

Perfect score: 39

Sequence: 1 GKNNRPS 7

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 231628 seqs, 24425594 residues

1 number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 231628

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

1: Issued\_Patents\_AA.\*  
2: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/5A.COMB.pep.\*  
3: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/5B.COMB.pep.\*  
4: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/6A.COMB.pep.\*  
5: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/6B.COMB.pep.\*  
6: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/Backfiles1.pep.\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	39	100.0	67	2	US-08-273-146-67
2	39	100.0	97	2	US-08-665-202-35
3	39	100.0	103	2	US-08-273-146-71
4	39	100.0	104	2	US-08-793-450-2
5	39	100.0	109	2	US-08-652-816A-16
6	39	100.0	109	2	US-08-665-202-34
7	39	100.0	238	4	US-08-793-450-6
8	39	100.0	278	4	US-09-260-527-3
9	39	100.0	280	4	US-09-260-527-1
10	39	100.0	309	4	US-09-079-029-9
11	39	100.0	312	4	US-09-079-029-10
12	36	92.3	106	4	US-09-240-274-47
13	36	92.3	106	4	US-09-240-274-48
14	34	87.2	104	4	US-09-240-274-49
15	33	84.6	131	1	US-08-305-683A-4
16	32	82.1	2123	4	US-08-968-685A-10
17	31	79.5	360	4	US-09-188-930-307
18	30	76.9	707	2	US-08-949-941B-2
19	30	76.9	1070	3	US-08-613-009A-11
20	30	76.9	1212	4	US-09-268-866-2
21	29	74.4	7	4	US-08-918-148-10
22	29	74.4	110	4	US-09-240-274-65
23	29	74.4	112	4	US-09-240-274-64
24	29	74.4	186	3	US-08-705-771-14
25	29	74.4	249	4	US-08-918-148-74
26	29	74.4	348	1	US-08-035-392-2
27	29	74.4	348	1	US-08-504-511A-2

28	29	74.4	430	1	US-08-035-392-4	Sequence 4, Appl
29	29	74.4	430	1	US-08-504-511A-4	Sequence 4, Appl
30	29	74.4	1545	1	US-08-296-791-4	Sequence 4, Appl
31	29	74.4	1545	5	PCT-US95-10661A-4	Sequence 4, Appl
32	28	73.1	3289	2	US-08-477-451-2	Sequence 2, Appl
33	28	71.8	12	4	US-08-672-850-18	Sequence 18, Appl
34	28	71.8	106	1	US-08-488-113B-152	Sequence 152, App
35	28	71.8	106	1	US-08-477-484B-152	Sequence 152, App
36	28	71.8	106	1	US-08-107-669D-16	Sequence 16, Appl
37	28	71.8	106	1	US-08-472-788A-16	Sequence 16, Appl
38	28	71.8	106	2	US-08-477-531B-16	Sequence 16, Appl
39	28	71.8	106	2	US-08-646-360-152	Sequence 152, App
40	28	71.8	106	2	US-08-082-842A-16	Sequence 16, Appl
41	28	71.8	106	4	US-08-839-765-152	Sequence 152, App
42	28	71.8	106	4	US-09-136-389-152	Sequence 152, App
43	28	71.8	110	4	US-09-240-274-63	Sequence 63, Appl
44	28	71.8	132	2	US-08-345-321-4	Sequence 4, Appl
45	28	71.8	236	4	US-09-049-672A-7	Sequence 7, Appl

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
US-08-273-146-67  
Sequence 67, Application US/08273146  
Patent No. 5855885  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Smith, Rodger  
APPLICANT: McCafferty, John  
APPLICANT: Darsley, Michael J.  
APPLICANT: Fitzgerald, Kevin  
APPLICANT: Keuten, John H.  
APPLICANT: Martin, Mark T.  
APPLICANT: Tiltas, Richard C.  
APPLICANT: Williams, Richard O.  
TITLE OF INVENTION: The Isolation and Production of  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 71  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Catalytic Antibodies using Phage Technology  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESSES:  
ADDRESS: IGEN, Inc.  
STREET: 1530 East Jefferson St.  
CITY: Rockville  
STATE: MD  
COUNTRY: USA  
ZIP: 20852  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/273,146  
FILING DATE: 14-JUL-1994  
CLASSIFICATION: 435  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Ryan, John W.  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,771  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 09000  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: 301-984-8000  
TELEFAX: 301-230-0158  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 67:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 67 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
TOPOLOGY: linear  
MOLECULE TYPE: protein  
US-08-273-146-67  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 67;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.42;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||||  
Db 6 GKNRPS 12

## RESULT 2

US-08-665-202-35  
; Sequence 35, Application US/08665202  
; Patent No. 5977322

## GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Marks, James D.  
TITLE OF INVENTION: No. 5977322e1 High Affinity Human Antibodies to  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Tumor Antigens  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 141  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: Townsend and Townsend and Crew LLP  
STREET: Two Embarcadero Center, Eighth Floor  
CITY: San Francisco  
STATE: California  
COUNTRY: USA  
ZIP: 94111-3834

## COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/665,202  
FILING DATE: 13-JUN-1996  
CLASSIFICATION: 424

## PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/000,238  
FILING DATE: 14-JUN-1995

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/000,250  
FILING DATE: 15-JUN-1995

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: Hunter, Tom

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,498

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 02307E-061410

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: (415) 576-0200

TELEFAX: (415) 576-0200

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 35:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 97 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

STRANDEDNESS:

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

US-08-665-202-35

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 97;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.61;

Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||||  
Db 48 GKNRPS 54

## RESULT 3

US-08-273-146-71  
; Sequence 71, Application US/08273146  
; Patent No. 5855885

## GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Smith, Rodger  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Mccafferty, John

APPLICANT: Chiswell, David

APPLICANT: Darsley, Michael J.

APPLICANT: Fitzgerald, Kevin

APPLICANT: Kenten, John H.

APPLICANT: Martin, Mark T.

APPLICANT: Titmas, Richard C.

APPLICANT: Williams, Richard O.

TITLE OF INVENTION: The Isolation and Production of

TITLE OF INVENTION: Catalytic Antibodies using Phage Technology

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 71

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: IGEN, Inc.

STREET: 1530 East Jefferson St.

CITY: Rockville

STATE: MD

COUNTRY: USA

ZIP: 20852

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/273,146

FILING DATE: 14-JUL-1994

CLASSIFICATION: 435

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: Ryan, John W.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,771

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 09000

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: 301-984-8000

TELEFAX: 301-230-0158

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 71:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 103 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: protein

US-08-273-146-71

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 103;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.65;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||||  
Db 43 GKNRPS 49

## RESULT 4

US-08-793-450-2  
; Sequence 2, Application US/08793450  
; Patent No. 6312690

## GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: EDELMAN, LENA

APPLICANT: MARGARITTE, CHRISTEL

APPLICANT: KACZORER, MICHEL

APPLICANT: CHABIRIT, HASSAN

TITLE OF INVENTION: MONOCLONAL RECOMBINANT ANTI-RHESUS D

TITLE OF INVENTION: MONOCLONAL RECOMBINANT ANTI-RHESUS D

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 25

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

ADDRESSEE: OBION, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT,

STREET: P.C.

CITY: ARLINGTON

STATE: VA

COUNTRY: USA

ZIP: 22202

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk



COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/793.450  
FILING DATE: 03-MAR-1997  
CLASSIFICATION: 536  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: FR 94/10566  
FILING DATE: 02-SEP-1994  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: OBLON, NORMAN F.  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 24,618  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 660-118-0 PCT  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: 703-413-3000  
TELEFAX: 703-413-2220  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 104 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
TOPOLOGY: linear  
MOLECULE TYPE: protein  
US-08-793-450-2

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 4; Length 104;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.65;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||  
DB 49 GKNRPS 55

RESULT 5  
US-08-652-816A-16  
Sequence 16, Application US/08652816A  
Patent No. 5872215  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Osbourn, JK  
APPLICANT: Allen, DJ  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Specific binding members, materials and  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Methods.  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 53  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: Marshall, O'Toole, Gerstein, Murray & Borun  
STREET: 6300 Sears Tower, 233 South Wacker Drive  
CITY: Chicago  
STATE: Illinois  
COUNTRY: United States of America  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25 (EPO)  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/652.816A  
FILING DATE: 23-MAY-1996  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9125579.4  
FILING DATE: 02-DEC-1991  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9125579.8  
FILING DATE: 02-DEC-1991  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9206318.9  
FILING DATE: 24-MAR-1992  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9206372.6  
FILING DATE: 23-SEP-1992  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9525004.9  
FILING DATE: 07-DEC-1995  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9610824.6  
FILING DATE: 23-MAY-1996  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/GB92/02240  
FILING DATE: 02-DEC-1992  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/244,597  
FILING DATE: 01-JUN-1994  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: David W. Clough  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,107  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 28111/33308  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: 312-474-6300  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 109 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
TOPOLOGY: linear  
US-08-652-816A-16

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 109;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.68;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||  
DB 49 GKNRPS 55

RESULT 6  
US-08-665-202-34  
Sequence 34, Application US/08665202  
Patent No. 5977322  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Marks, James D.  
APPLICANT: Schier, Robert  
TITLE OF INVENTION: No. 5977322el High Affinity Human Antibodies to  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Tumor Antigens  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 141  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: Townsend and Townsend and Crew LLP  
STREET: Two Embarcadero Center, Eighth Floor  
CITY: San Francisco  
STATE: California  
COUNTRY: USA  
ZIP: 94111-3834  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/665.202  
FILING DATE: 13-JUN-1996  
CLASSIFICATION: 424  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/000,238  
FILING DATE: 14-JUN-1995  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/000,250  
FILING DATE: 15-JUN-1995  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Hunter, Tom  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,498  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 02307E-061410  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: (415) 576-0200  
TELEFAX: (415) 576-0300

;; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 34:  
;; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
;; LENGTH: 109 amino acids  
;; TYPE: amino acid  
;; STRANDEDNESS:  
;; TOPOLOGY: linear  
;; MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
US-08-665-202-34

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 109;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.68;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||  
DB 48 GKNRPS 54

RESULT 7

Sequence 6, Application US/08793450  
Patent No. 6312690

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: EDELMAN, LENA

APPLICANT: MARGARITE, CHRISTEL

APPLICANT: KACZOREK, MICHEL

APPLICANT: CHAABIH, HASSAN

TITLE OF INVENTION: MONOCLONAL RECOMBINANT ANTI-RHESUS D

NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 25

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESSES:

ADDRESSEE: OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT,  
P.C.

STREET: 1755 SOUTH JEFFERSON DAVIS HIGHWAY, SUITE 400

CITY: ARLINGTON

STATE: VA

COUNTRY: USA

ZIP: 22202

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30

CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/793,450

FILING DATE: 03-MAR-1997

CLASSIFICATION: 536

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: FR 94/10566

FILING DATE: 02-SEP-1994

ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

NAME: OBLON, NORMAN F.

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 24,618

REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 660-118-0 PCT

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

TELEPHONE: 703-413-3000

TELEFAX: 703-413-2220

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

LENGTH: 238 amino acids

TYPE: amino acid

TOPOLOGY: linear

MOLECULE TYPE: protein

US-08-793-450-6

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 4; Length 238;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||

DB 68 GKNRPS 74

RESULT 8

US-09-260-527-3

Sequence 3, Application US/09260527A

Patent No. 6228599

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Knox, J.P.

APPLICANT: Mikkelsen, J.D.

APPLICANT: Willats, W. G.

TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTIBODY

FILE REFERENCE: DYO019.001AUS

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/260,527A

CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-02-26

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 7

SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0

SEQ ID NO 3

LENGTH: 278

TYPE: PRT

ORGANISM: UNKNOWN

FEATURE:

OTHER INFORMATION: Anti-homogalacturonan specific antibodies selected

OTHER INFORMATION: from a naive phage display library known as the

OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic scfv library (#1) from the Centre for

US-09-260-527-3

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 4; Length 278;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||  
DB 201 GKNRPS 207

RESULT 9

US-09-260-527-1

Sequence 1, Application US/09260527A

Patent No. 6228599

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: Knox, J.P.

APPLICANT: Mikkelsen, J.D.

APPLICANT: Willats, W. G.

TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTIBODY

FILE REFERENCE: DYO019.001AUS

CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/260,527A

CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-02-26

NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 7

SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0

SEQ ID NO 1

LENGTH: 280

TYPE: PRT

ORGANISM: UNKNOWN

FEATURE:

OTHER INFORMATION: Anti-homogalacturonan specific antibodies from a

OTHER INFORMATION: phage display library known as the Synthetic scfv

OTHER INFORMATION: Library (#1) from the Centre for Protein

OTHER INFORMATION: Engineering, MRC Centre, Cambridge, UK.

US-09-260-527-1

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 4; Length 280;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
|||||  
DB 203 GKNRPS 209

RESULT 10  
US-09-079-029-9  
Sequence 9, Application US/09079029  
Patent No. 6342369  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Adams, Camilla W.  
APPLICANT: Ashkenazi, Avi J.  
APPLICANT: Chuntcharapai, Arian  
APPLICANT: Kim, Kyung J.  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Apo-2 Receptor  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 14  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: Genentech, Inc.  
STREET: 1 DNA Way  
CITY: South San Francisco  
STATE: California  
COUNTRY: USA  
ZIP: 94080  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5 inch, 1.44 Mb floppy disk  
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: WinPatIn (Genentech)  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/079,029  
FILING DATE:  
CLASSIFICATION:  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Marschang, Diane L.  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 35,600  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: P1101R2  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: 650/225-5416  
TELEFAX: 650/952-9881  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 309 amino acids  
TYPE: Amino Acid  
TOPOLOGY: Linear  
US-09-079-029-9  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 4; Length 309;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.9;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
1111111  
223 GKNRPS 229  
RESULT 11  
US-09-079-029-10  
Sequence 10, Application US/09079029  
Patent No. 6342369  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Adams, Camilla W.  
APPLICANT: Ashkenazi, Avi J.  
APPLICANT: Chuntcharapai, Arian  
APPLICANT: Kim, Kyung J.  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Apo-2 Receptor  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 14  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: Genentech, Inc.  
STREET: 1 DNA Way  
CITY: South San Francisco  
STATE: California  
COUNTRY: USA  
ZIP: 94080  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5 inch, 1.44 Mb floppy disk  
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

SOFTWARE: WinPatIn (Genentech)  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/079,029  
FILING DATE:  
CLASSIFICATION:  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Marschang, Diane L.  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 35,600  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: P1101R2  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: 650/225-5416  
TELEFAX: 650/952-9881  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 312 amino acids  
TYPE: Amino Acid  
TOPOLOGY: Linear  
US-09-079-029-10  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 4; Length 312;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
1111111  
Db 226 GKNRPS 232  
RESULT 12  
US-09-240-274-47  
Sequence 47, Application US/09240274  
Patent No. 6255455  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Siegel, Donald L.  
TITLE OF INVENTION: RH(D)-BINDING PROTEINS AND MAGNETICALLY ACTIVATED CELL  
FILE REFERENCE: 09596-4202  
CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-01-29  
EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/081,380  
EARLIER FILING DATE: 1998-04-10  
EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/028,550  
EARLIER FILING DATE: 1996-10-11  
NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 224  
SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0  
SEQ ID NO 47  
LENGTH: 106  
TYPE: PRT  
ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
FEATURE:  
OTHER INFORMATION: anti-Rh(D) chain J01  
US-09-240-274-47  
Query Match 92.3%; Score 36; DB 4; Length 106;  
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 2.6;  
Matches 6; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
1111111  
Db 47 GKNRPS 53  
RESULT 13  
US-09-240-274-48  
Sequence 48, Application US/09240274  
Patent No. 6255455  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Siegel, Donald L.  
TITLE OF INVENTION: RH(D)-BINDING PROTEINS AND MAGNETICALLY ACTIVATED CELL  
FILE REFERENCE: 09596-4202

```

; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/240,274
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-01-29
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/081,380
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1998-04-10
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/028,550
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1996-10-11
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 224
; SOFTWARE: Patentln Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 48
; LENGTH: 106
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: anti-Rh(D) chain J02
US-09-240-274-48

```

```

Query Match          92.3%; Score 36; DB 4; Length 106;
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 2.6;
Matches 6; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
1 GKNRPS 7
1:|||||
Db      47 GKNRPS 53

```

```

RESULT 14
US-09-240-274-49
; Sequence 49, Application US/09240274
; Patent No. 6255455
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Siegel, Donald L.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Rh(D)-BINDING PROTEINS AND MAGNETICALLY ACTIVATED CELL
; FILE REFERENCE: 09596-4202
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/240,274
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-01-29
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/081,380
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1998-04-10
; EARLIER APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/028,550
; EARLIER FILING DATE: 1996-10-11
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 224
; SOFTWARE: Patentln Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 49
; LENGTH: 104
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: anti-Rh(D) chain J04
US-09-240-274-49

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```

Query Match          87.2%; Score 34; DB 4; Length 104;
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 6.3;
Matches 6; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
1 GKNRPS 7
1:|||||
Db      47 GKNRPS 53

```

```

RESULT 15
US-08-305-683A-4
; Sequence 4, Application US/08305683A
; Patent No. 5646041
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: HARFELDT, Elisabeth
; APPLICANT: LAKE, Philip
; APPLICANT: NOTTAGE, Barbara
; APPLICANT: OSTBERG, Lars G.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY TO HERPES SIMPLEX
; TITLE OF INVENTION: VIRUS AND CELL LINE PRODUCING THE SAME
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 4

```

```

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESS: Townsend and Townsend Kourile and Crew
; STREET: 379 Lytton Avenue
; CITY: Palo Alto
; STATE: California
; COUNTRY: US
; ZIP: 94301
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Patentln Release #1.0, Version #1.25
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/305,683A
; FILING DATE: 13-SEP-1994
; CLASSIFICATION: 424
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/759,279
; FILING DATE: 13-SEP-1991
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Liebeschuetz, Joe
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 37,505
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 11823-005230
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (415) 326-2400
; TELEFAX: (415) 326-2422
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 131 amino acids
; TYPE: amino acid
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-305-683A-4

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Query Match          84.6%; Score 33; DB 1; Length 131;
Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 13;
Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
1 GKNRPS 7
1:|||||
Db      71 GKNRPS 77

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Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:24:30  
Job time: 265 sec

GenCore version 4.5  
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2000 Compugen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:23:34 ; Search time 136.11 Seconds

(without alignments)  
8.977 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-14

Sequence: 1 GSRDSGIRHV 11

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 747574 seqs, 111073796 residues

Number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 747574

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Database : A.Geneseq\_032802.\*

1: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1980.DAT:\*  
2: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1981.DAT:\*  
3: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1982.DAT:\*  
4: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1983.DAT:\*  
5: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1984.DAT:\*  
6: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1985.DAT:\*  
7: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1986.DAT:\*  
8: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1987.DAT:\*  
9: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1988.DAT:\*  
10: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1989.DAT:\*  
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19: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1998.DAT:\*  
20: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA1999.DAT:\*  
21: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2000.DAT:\*  
22: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2001.DAT:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	55	100.0	11	22	AA65304
2	55	100.0	109	22	AA65309
3	55	100.0	109	22	AA65353
4	42	76.4	11	22	AA62970
5	42	76.4	11	22	AA62974
6	42	76.4	11	22	AA62976
7	42	76.4	11	22	AA62980
8	42	76.4	11	22	AA62984
9	42	76.4	101	13	AA62972
10	42	76.4	107	22	AA62943
11	42	76.4	107	22	AA62969

12	42	76.4	108	21	AAV44616	Human antibody clo
13	42	76.4	108	22	AA62933	Amino acid sequenc
14	42	76.4	108	22	AA62937	Amino acid sequenc
15	42	76.4	108	22	AA62939	Amino acid sequenc
16	42	76.4	109	18	AAW1984	CBA-specific antib
17	42	76.4	109	18	AAW15525	Anti-TGF beta-2 sc
18	42	76.4	109	22	AAU02500	Anti-adipocyte mon
19	42	76.4	109	22	AAU02509	Anti-adipocyte mon
20	42	76.4	109	22	AAU02513	Anti-adipocyte mon
21	42	76.4	112	22	AA62947	Human acid sequenc
22	42	76.4	229	19	AAW49694	Human SCFV1 agalns
23	42	76.4	236	19	AAW49690	Human SCFV2 agalns
24	42	76.4	237	19	AAW49691	Human SCFV3 agalns
25	42	76.4	239	19	AAW49692	Human SCFV3 agalns
26	42	76.4	249	18	AAW49691	Human MSX receptor
27	42	76.4	254	19	AAW49693	Human SCFV4 agalns
28	42	76.4	280	22	AAE02186	PAW2 single chain
29	42	76.4	282	22	AAE02185	PAW1 single chain
30	42	76.4	309	20	AAW83322	Single chain Apo-2
31	42	76.4	312	20	AAW83323	Single chain Apo-2
32	41	74.5	309	21	AA622855	Arabidopsis thalia
33	41	74.5	389	21	AA622854	Arabidopsis thalia
34	41	74.5	453	21	AA622953	Arabidopsis thalia
35	39	70.9	11	22	AA62972	Complementarity de
36	39	70.9	11	22	AA62982	Complementarity de
37	39	70.9	11	22	AA62998	Complementarity de
38	39	70.9	106	22	AAU02518	Anti-adipocyte mon
39	39	70.9	106	22	AAU02531	Anti-adipocyte mon
40	39	70.9	108	22	AA62935	Amino acid sequenc
41	39	70.9	108	22	AA62945	Amino acid sequenc
42	39	70.9	108	22	AA62961	TGF beta-1/TGF bet
43	39	70.9	109	18	AAW15559	Anti-adipocyte mon
44	39	70.9	109	22	AAU02527	Amino acid sequenc
45	39	70.9	115	22	AA65559	Amino acid sequenc

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	
AA65304	standard; protein; 11 AA.
AA65304:	
30-NOV-2001	(first entry)
Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light chain CDR3 fragment.	
IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;	
nocitopic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiac;	
immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.	
Homo sapiens.	
WO200158956-A2.	
16-AUG-2001.	
09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.	
10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.	
(BADI ) BASF AG.	
Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Iabkovsky B, Salfeld J;	
Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;	
Lennard SN;	
WPI: 2001-550020/61.	
Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human	
interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,	

PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
PI autoimmune diseases -  
XX  
PS Claim 27; Page 38; 91pp; English.  
XX  
CC The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
CC inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease,  
CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders  
CC (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and  
CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
CC as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders  
CC (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18  
CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light  
CC chain CDR3 fragment.

QY Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 55; DB 22; Length 11;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00028;  
Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GSRDSSGHHV 11  
DB 1 gsrdsghhv 11

#### RESULT 2

AA65309 ID AAG65309 standard; protein; 109 AA.

AC AAG65309;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light chain sequence.

XX IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antineumatic; cerebroprotective;  
XX KW neotropic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;  
XX KM immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO200158956-A2.

XX 16-AUG-2001.

XX 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

XX 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

XX (BADI ) BASF AG.

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;  
PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorroock CP, Thompson JE;  
PI Lennard SN;

XX WPI: 2001-550020/61.

DR N-PSDB; AAH47512.

XX

XX

XX

XX

Example 2; Page 38; 91pp; English.

XX  
CC The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
CC inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease,  
CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders  
CC (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and  
CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
CC as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders  
CC (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18  
CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light  
CC chain sequence.

SQ Sequence 109 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 55; DB 22; Length 109;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0043;  
Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GSRDSSGHHV 11  
DB 88 gsrdsghhv 98

#### RESULT 3

AA65353 ID AAG65353 standard; protein; 109 AA.

AC AAG65353;

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light chain sequence.

XX IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antineumatic; cerebroprotective;  
XX KW neotropic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;  
XX KM immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO200158956-A2.

XX 16-AUG-2001.

XX 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

XX 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

XX (BADI ) BASF AG.

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;  
PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorroock CP, Thompson JE;  
PI Lennard SN;

XX WPI: 2001-550020/61.

DR N-PSDB; AAH47512.

XX

XX

XX

XX

XX

The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a

disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from, inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease, inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18 antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids, cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light chain sequence.

Sequence 109 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 55; DB 22; Length 109;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.0043;  
Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
1 GSRDSSGIHV 11  
|||||  
88 gsrdsghiv 98

RESULT 4  
AAG62970  
ID AAG62970 standard; peptide: 11 AA.

AC AAG62970;  
DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)

DE Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G65.

XX Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
XX endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
XX transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
XX prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200144300-A2.

PD 21-JUN-2001.

PF 27-NOV-2000; 2000MO-GB04501.

PI 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.

PA (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

PI Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

DR WPI, 2001-398131/42.

XX Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
XX that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
XX molecules and treating neurological diseases -  
PS Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.

XX AAG62970-AAG63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3)  
XX of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification  
XX describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members,  
XX each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable,  
XX when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles or  
XX in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL  
XX variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass  
XX through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for  
XX the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such  
XX as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain

CC cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB  
CC breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind  
CC transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis  
CC and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases,  
CC such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia,  
CC epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving  
CC inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.

Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 11;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 0.097;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 SRDSSGIHV 11  
|||||  
Db 2 srdsghiv 11

RESULT 5  
AAG62974  
ID AAG62974 standard; peptide: 11 AA.

AC AAG62974;

DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)

DE Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G73.

XX Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
XX endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
XX transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
XX prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200144300-A2.

PD 21-JUN-2001.

PF 27-NOV-2000; 2000MO-GB04501.

PI 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.

PA (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

PI Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

DR WPI, 2001-398131/42.

XX Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
XX that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
XX molecules and treating neurological diseases -  
PS Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.

XX AAG62970-AAG63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3)  
XX of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification  
XX describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members,  
XX each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable,  
XX when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles or  
XX in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL  
XX variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass  
XX through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for  
XX the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such  
XX as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain  
XX cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB,  
XX breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind  
XX transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis  
XX and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases,  
XX such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia,  
XX epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving

CC Inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.  
XX Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 11;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 0.097;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11  
Db 2 strdssgnhv 11

RESULT 6  
AAG62976  
ID AAG62976 standard; peptide; 11 AA.  
AC AAG62976;  
XX

01-OCT-2001 (first entry)

Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G76.

Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.

Homo sapiens.

WO200144300-A2.

21-JUN-2001.

27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.

13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.

(CAMB-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

WPI; 2001-398131/42.

Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
molecules and treating neurological diseases

Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.

AAG62970-AAG63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3)  
of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification  
describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members,  
each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable,  
when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles or  
in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL  
variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass  
through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for  
the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such  
as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain  
cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB  
breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind  
transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis  
and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases,  
such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia,  
epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving  
inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.

Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 11;

Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 0.097;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11  
Db 2 strdssgnhv 11

RESULT 7  
AAG62980  
ID AAG62980 standard; peptide; 11 AA.  
AC AAG62980;  
XX

01-OCT-2001 (first entry)

Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G78.

Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.

Homo sapiens.

WO200144300-A2.

21-JUN-2001.

27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.

13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.

(CAMB-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

WPI; 2001-398131/42.

Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
molecules and treating neurological diseases

Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.

AAG62970-AAG63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3)  
of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification  
describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members,  
each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable,  
when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles or  
in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL  
variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass  
through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for  
the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such  
as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain  
cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB  
breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind  
transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis  
and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases,  
such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia,  
epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving  
inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.

Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 11;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 0.097;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11  
Db 2 strdssgnhv 11



RESULT 8  
AAG62984  
ID AAG62984 standard; peptide: 11 AA.  
XX  
AC AAG62984;  
XX  
DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G81.  
XX  
KW Antibody: light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.  
XX  
OS Homo sapiens.  
XX  
PN WO200144300-A2.  
XX  
PF 21-JUN-2001.  
XX  
PR 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.  
XX  
PR 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.  
XX  
PA (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.  
XX  
PI Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;  
XX  
DR WPI; 2001-398131/42.  
XX  
PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
PT molecules and treating neurological diseases  
XX  
PS Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.  
XX  
CC AAG62970-AAG63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3)  
CC of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification  
CC describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members,  
CC each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable,  
CC when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles or  
CC in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL  
CC variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass  
CC through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for  
CC the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such  
CC as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain  
CC cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB  
CC breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind  
CC transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis  
CC and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases,  
CC such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia,  
CC epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving  
CC inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 11;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 0.097; 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGIRHV 11  
| | | | | | | |  
Db 2 srdsghhv 11

RESULT 9  
AAR22572  
ID AAR22572 standard; Protein: 101 AA.  
XX

AC AAR22572;  
XX  
DT 21-MAY-1992 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Light chain VL3.5 from BSA binding scFv fragment.  
XX  
KW Fd; bacteriophage; gene III; filamentous; phageid; capsid; coat;  
KW pilus; g3p; binding; adsorption; gene VIII; diverse repertoire;  
KW specific binding pairs; replicable genetic display package; human.  
XX  
OS Homo sapiens.  
XX  
PN WO9201047-A.  
XX  
PD 23-JAN-1992.  
XX  
PF 10-JUL-1991; 91WO-GB01134.  
XX  
PR 15-MAY-1991; 91GB-0010549.  
PR 10-JUL-1990; 90GB-0015198.  
PR 19-OCT-1990; 90GB-0022845.  
PR 12-NOV-1990; 90GB-0024503.  
PR 06-MAR-1991; 91GB-0004744.  
XX  
PA (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY.  
PA (MEDT-) MED RES COUNCIL.  
XX  
PI McCafferty J, Pope AR, Johnson KS, Hoogenboom HRJ, Griffiths AD;  
PI Jackson RH, Holliger KP, Marks JD, Clackson TP, Chiswell DJ;  
PI Winter GP, Bonnett TP;  
XX  
DR WPI; 1992-056862/07.  
XX  
PT Producing members of specific binding pairs - by expression in  
PT recombinant host cells with a secreting replicable genetic  
PT display package.  
XX  
PS Table 11; Page 152; 109pp; English.  
XX  
CC PCR was used to prepare a human scFv library from RNA from white  
CC blood cells from an unimmunised donor. Heavy chains from IgG and  
CC IgM antibodies were amplified separately. Four separate libraries  
CC were generated (IgG-K, IgG-lambda, IgM-K and IgM-lambda). The  
CC purified scFv fragments were ligated into the phagemid pHEM1 for  
CC expression on the surface of fd bacteriophage as gene III fusions.  
CC The clones were then subjected to affinity selection for binding  
CC to phox:BSA by selection on tubes followed by analysis by ELISA. Of  
CC 96 clones analysed, 43 showed binding to both phox:BSA and BSA.  
CC These were designated BSA binders. Thirteen of fourteen clones  
CC sequenced had the same sequence, the VH derived from a human VH3  
CC family gene (AAR22571) and the VL from a human V lambda 3 family  
CC gene (shown here). The other was derived from a human VH4 family  
CC gene and a human VK1 family gene. One clone bound only to phox:BSA  
CC (oxazolone binder). This sequence revealed a VH derived from a  
CC human VH1 family gene (AAR22569) and VL from a human V lambda 1  
CC family gene (AAR22570).  
CC See also AAR21260-307, 309-312, AAR22450, AAR22565, AAR22567-81.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 101 AA;

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 13; Length 101;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 1.3;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGIRHV 11  
| | | | | | | |  
Db 89 srdsghhv 98

RESULT 10  
AAG62943  
ID AAG62943 standard; Protein: 107 AA.  
XX

XX AC AAG62943;  
 XX XX 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)  
 DE Amino acid sequence of variable light chain fragment of clone G78.  
 XX XX  
 KW Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
 KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
 KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
 KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.  
 XX XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX XX  
 PN WO200144300-A2.  
 XX XX  
 PD 21-JUN-2001.  
 XX XX  
 PF 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.  
 XX XX  
 PR 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.  
 XX XX  
 (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.  
 XX XX  
 PI Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;  
 XX XX  
 DR WPI: 2001-398131/42.  
 DR N-PSDB: AAH42387.  
 XX XX  
 PS Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
 PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
 PT molecules and treating neurological diseases  
 XX XX  
 PS Claim 1; Page 96; 109pp; English.  
 XX XX  
 CC The present sequence represents an antibody variable light chain (VL)  
 CC fragment. The fragment is used to produce a mixture or panel of 5  
 CC different specific binding members, each comprising an antibody VH  
 CC and/or VL variable domain and capable, when displayed on the surface  
 CC of filamentous bacteriophage particles or in the case of a specific  
 CC binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL variable domain when  
 CC bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass through a mammalian  
 CC blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for the selection of  
 CC specific binding members with a desired property such as ability to  
 CC cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain cell antigen,  
 CC ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB breakdown or  
 CC receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis and  
 CC treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases, such  
 CC as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia, epilepsy  
 CC and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving inflammation  
 CC occurring within the brain or central nervous system.  
 CC XX  
 SQ Sequence 107 AA;  
 XX XX  
 Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 107;  
 Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 1.4;  
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 2 SRDSSGIHV 11  
 Db 87 srdsghnv 96  
 ID AAG62969  
 XX AAG62969 standard; Protein; 107 AA.  
 AC AAG62969;  
 XX XX  
 DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)  
 XX XX

DE Amino acid sequence of variable light chain fragment of clone D5.  
 XX XX  
 KW Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
 KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
 KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
 KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.  
 XX XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX XX  
 PN WO200144300-A2.  
 XX XX  
 PD 21-JUN-2001.  
 XX XX  
 PF 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.  
 XX XX  
 PR 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.  
 XX XX  
 (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.  
 XX XX  
 PI Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;  
 XX XX  
 DR WPI: 2001-398131/42.  
 DR N-PSDB: AAH42412.  
 XX XX  
 PS Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
 PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
 PT molecules and treating neurological diseases  
 XX XX  
 PS Claim 1; Page 109; 109pp; English.  
 XX XX  
 CC The present sequence represents an antibody variable light chain (VL)  
 CC fragment. The fragment is used to produce a mixture or panel of 5  
 CC different specific binding members, each comprising an antibody VH  
 CC and/or VL variable domain and capable, when displayed on the surface  
 CC of filamentous bacteriophage particles or in the case of a specific  
 CC binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL variable domain when  
 CC bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass through a mammalian  
 CC blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for the selection of  
 CC specific binding members with a desired property such as ability to  
 CC cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain cell antigen,  
 CC ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB breakdown or  
 CC receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis and  
 CC treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases, such  
 CC as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia, epilepsy  
 CC and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving inflammation  
 CC occurring within the brain or central nervous system.  
 CC XX  
 SQ Sequence 107 AA;  
 XX XX  
 Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 107;  
 Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 1.4;  
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 2 SRDSSGIHV 11  
 Db 87 srdsghnv 96  
 ID AAY44616  
 XX AAY44616 standard; Protein; 108 AA.  
 AC AAY44616;  
 XX XX  
 DT 07-APR-2000 (first entry)  
 XX XX  
 DE Human antibody clone NHS76 VL.  
 DE Human antibody clone NHS76 VL.  
 XX XX  
 KW Human antibody clone NHS76 VL; VL; light chain variable region;  
 KW cytosolic; malignant tumour; human histone H1; antibody;  
 KW intracellular antigen; diagnosis; treatment; tumour; cervical; ovarian;

KW	prostate; lung; liver; pancreatic; colon; stomach; prodrug.
OS	
XX	Homo sapiens.
FH	Key
FT	Location/Qualifiers
FT	Domain
FT	23..33
FT	/label= Complementarity_determining_region_1
FT	49..55
FT	/label= Complementarity_determining_region_2
FT	88..98
FT	/label= Complementarity_determining_region_3
XX	
PN	WO200001822-A1.
PD	13-JAN-2000.
XX	
XX	02-JUL-1999;
PF	99WO-GB02123.
XX	
PR	02-JUL-1998;
XX	98GB-0014383.
XX	
XX	(CAMB-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.
PI	Williams AJ, Tempest PR, Hollet TL, Jackson H;
XX	
DR	WPI: 2000-137204/12.
DR	N-PSDB; AA249591.
XX	
PT	New specific binding members capable of binding an intracellular
PT	antigen, useful in the treatment and diagnosis of tumours
XX	
PS	Claim 5; Fig 2; 70pp; English.
XX	
CC	The present sequence is human antibody clone NHS76 light chain
CC	variable region. This is useful for targeting the necrotic centres of
CC	malignant tumours by binding to human histone H1 and other intracellular
CC	antigens. The specific binding members based on the CDRs
CC	(complementarity determining regions) of NHS76 can be used in diagnosis
CC	and treatment of tumours like cervical, ovarian, prostate, lung, liver,
CC	pancreatic, colon and stomach tumours. The antibody is labelled with
CC	functional labels such as toxins and enzymes which are capable of
CC	converting prodrugs into active drugs at the site of a tumour.
XX	
SQ	Sequence 108 AA;
XX	
XX	Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 21; Length 108;
XX	Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 1.5;
XX	Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
XX	
XX	2 SRDSSGHHV 11
XX	
XX	89 srdsqnhv 98
XX	
DE	RESULT 13
ID	AA62933
XX	AA62933 standard; Protein; 108 AA.
AC	AA62933;
XX	
XX	01-OCT-2001 (first entry)
DE	Amino acid sequence of variable light chain fragment of clone G65.
XX	
XX	Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;
KW	endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;
KW	transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;
KW	pilon disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.
OS	
XX	Homo sapiens.
PN	WO200144300-A2.
XX	

[illegible]

XX (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

PI Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

DR WPI; 2001-398131/42.

DR N-PSDB; AAH42381.

PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
PT molecules and treating neurological diseases

PS Claim 1; Page 93; 109pp; English.

CC The present sequence represents an antibody variable light chain (VL)  
CC fragment. The fragment is used to produce a mixture or panel of 5  
CC different specific binding members, each comprising an antibody VH  
CC and/or VL variable domain and capable, when displayed on the surface  
CC of filamentous bacteriophage particles or in the case of a specific  
CC binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL variable domain when  
CC bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass through a mammalian  
CC blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for the selection of  
CC specific binding members with a desired property such as ability to  
CC cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain cell antigen,  
CC ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB breakdown or  
CC ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind transferrin  
CC receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis and  
CC treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases, such  
CC as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia, epilepsy  
CC and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving inflammation  
CC occurring within the brain or central nervous system.

SQ Sequence 108 AA;

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 108;

Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 1.5;

Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11

Db 88 strdsgnhv 97

RESULT 15

AAG62939

ID AAG62939 standard; Protein; 108 AA.

XX AAG62939;

01-OCT-2001 (first entry)

XX Amino acid sequence of variable light chain fragment of clone 676.

XX Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;

KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;

KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;

KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.

XX Homo sapiens.

OS

XX WO200144300-A2.

PN 21-JUN-2001.

PD

XX 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.

PF

XX 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.

PR

XX (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

PA Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

PI

XX

DR WPI; 2001-398131/42.

DR N-PSDB; AAH42383.

PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members

PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different

PT molecules and treating neurological diseases

PS

XX Claim 1; Page 94; 109pp; English.

CC The present sequence represents an antibody variable light chain (VL)  
CC fragment. The fragment is used to produce a mixture or panel of 5  
CC different specific binding members, each comprising an antibody VH  
CC and/or VL variable domain and capable, when displayed on the surface  
CC of filamentous bacteriophage particles or in the case of a specific  
CC binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL variable domain when  
CC bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass through a mammalian  
CC blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for the selection of  
CC specific binding members with a desired property such as ability to  
CC cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain cell antigen,  
CC ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB breakdown or  
CC ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind transferrin  
CC receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis and  
CC treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases, such  
CC as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia, epilepsy  
CC and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving inflammation  
CC occurring within the brain or central nervous system.

SQ Sequence 108 AA;

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 108;

Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 1.5;

Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11

Db 88 strdsgnhv 97

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:23:34  
Job time: 319 sec

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:25:39 ; Search time 61.61 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
17.156 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-14  
Perfect score: 55  
Sequence: 1 GSRDSSGHHV 11

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 283138 seqs, 96089334 residues

number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 283138

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : PIR-71:\*

1: pir1: \*  
2: pir2: \*  
3: pir3: \*  
4: pir4: \*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length DB	ID	Description
1	42	76.4	108	2 S47184	Ig lambda chain -
2	42	76.4	109	2 S19663	Ig lambda chain V
3	41	74.5	389	2 B96635	hypothetical prote
4	39	70.9	108	1 L3H0SH	Ig lambda chain V-
5	39	70.9	190	2 S25740	Ig lambda chain -
6	39	70.9	622	2 T49426	Type 2C Protein Ph
7	38	69.1	450	2 C89771	immunoglobulin G b
8	38	69.1	508	2 A29605	protein A precursor
9	38	69.1	524	1 OVSA	Ig lambda chain pr
10	37	67.3	127	2 S70444	zinc
11	37	67.3	374	2 B86283	ankyrin-related pr
12	37	67.3	979	2 B57282	ankyrin-related pr
13	37	67.3	1786	2 A57282	ankyrin-related pr
14	37	67.3	1815	2 T15346	ankyrin-related un
15	37	67.3	1867	2 T15346	ankyrin-related un
16	37	67.3	2039	2 T15347	dolichyl-phosphate
17	36.5	66.4	287	2 D75177	Ig lambda chain -
18	36	65.5	109	2 S38456	probable pps phosph
19	36	65.5	109	2 D71528	thermolysin (EC 3.
20	36	65.5	552	2 A46564	hypothetical prote
21	35	63.6	149	2 B72735	hypothetical prote
22	35	63.6	176	2 T29845	cytb intron 3a pro
23	35	63.6	243	2 F48326	probable snas-rela
24	35	63.6	281	2 B71552	probable carboxype
25	35	63.6	429	2 T03607	hypothetical prote
26	35	63.6	481	2 T21550	microbial metallopro
27	35	63.6	527	1 PN0114	thermolysin (EC 3.
28	35	63.6	548	1 HYBST	neutral proteinase
29	35	63.6	551	2 B36706	

30	35	63.6	573	2 T25397	hypothetical prote
31	35	63.6	576	2 A71497	probable DNA misma
32	35	63.6	610	2 A33650	dopamine beta-mono
33	35	63.6	619	2 S45932	tyrosine transport
34	35	63.6	620	2 A61086	dopamine beta-mono
35	35	63.6	633	2 D64222	DNA topoisomerase
36	35	63.6	648	1 P3BP6	P3 protein - phage
37	35	63.6	1377	2 T51447	transcription regu
38	35	63.6	7962	2 I38346	elastic titin - hu
39	34	61.8	96	2 S36060	Ig lambda chain V
40	34	61.8	115	2 S13726	exu regulon regula
41	34	61.8	263	2 C65098	negative regulator
42	34	61.8	263	2 H91125	exu regulon regula
43	34	61.8	263	2 G85970	dihydrodipicolinat
44	34	61.8	273	2 H69206	3-mercaptopyrivate
45	34	61.8	298	2 T50448	

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
S47184  
Ig lambda chain - human  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 06-Jan-1995 #sequence revision 06-Jan-1995 #text-change 21-Jan-2000  
C:Accession: S47184  
R:McIntosh, R.S.; Tandon, N.; Metcalfe, R.A.; Weetman, A.P.  
Submitted to the EMBL Data Library, June 1994  
A:Description: Cloning and analysis of IgM anti-thyroglobulin autoantibodies from pat  
A:Reference number: S47184  
A:Accession: S47184  
A:Status: preliminary  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-108 <MC1>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X79783; NID:q506426; PIDN:CA56179.1; PID:q506427  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotrimer; immunoglobulin  
F:15-89/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 76.4% ; Score 42; DB 2; Length 108;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0% ; Pred. No. 0.5;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11  
Db 89 SRDSSGHHV 98

RESULT 2  
S19663  
Ig lambda chain V region (clone alpha-B5A3) - human  
C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
C:Date: 22-Jan-1993 #sequence revision 22-Jan-1993 #text-change 20-Jun-2000  
C:Accession: S19663  
R:Mark, J.D.; Hoogenboom, H.R.; Bonner, T.P.; McCafferty, J.; Griffiths, A.D.; Wint  
J. Mol. Biol. 222, 581-597, 1991  
A:Title: By-passing immunization. Human antibodies displayed on  
A:Reference number: S19663; M0ID:92085276  
A:Accession: S19663  
A:Molecule type: mRNA  
A:Residues: 1-109 <MAR>  
A:Cross-references: EMBL:X61640; NID:q29492; PIDN:CA43821.1; PID:q1340166  
C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
C:Keywords: heterotrimer; immunoglobulin  
F:15-89/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 76.4% ; Score 42; DB 2; Length 109;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0% ; Pred. No. 0.51;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11  
 |||||  
 Db 89 SRDSSGHHV 98

## RESULT 3

hypothetical protein T7P1.10 [imported] - Arabidopsis thaliana  
 C:Species: Arabidopsis thaliana (mouse-ear cress)  
 C:Date: 02-Mar-2001 #sequence\_revision 02-Mar-2001 #text\_change 23-Mar-2001  
 C:Accession: B96635  
 R:Rheologis, A.; Ecker, J.R.; Palm, C.J.; Federspiel, N.A.; Kaul, S.; White, O.; Alonso,  
 Chiu, C.W.; Chung, M.K.; Conn, L.; Conway, A.B.; Conway, A.R.; Creasy, T.H.; Dewar, K.;  
 Hansen, N.F.; Hughes, B.; Hutzar, L.  
 Nucleotide 408, 816-820, 2000  
 A:Authors: Hunter, J.L.; Jenkins, J.; Johnson-Hopson, C.; Khan, S.; Khaykin, E.; Kim, C.  
 A.; Li, J.H.; Li, Y.; Lin, X.; Liu, S.X.; Liu, Z.A.; Luros, J.S.; Maitl, R.; Matzall,  
 Rizzo, M.; Rooney, T.; Rowley, D.; Sakano, H.  
 A:Authors: Salzberg, S.L.; Schwartz, J.R.; Shinn, P.; Southwick, A.M.; Sun, H.; Tallon,  
 Ker, M.; Wu, D.; Yu, G.; Fraser, C.M.; Venter, J.C.; Davis, R.W.  
 Title: Sequence and analysis of chromosome 1 of the plant Arabidopsis.  
 Reference number: A86141; MUID:21016719  
 A:Accession: B96635  
 A:Status: preliminary  
 A:Molecule type: DNA  
 A:Residues: 1-389 <STO>  
 A:Cross-references: GB:AE005173; NID:g6751686; PIDN:AAF27669.1; GSPDB:GN00141  
 C:Genetics:  
 A:Gene: T7P1.10  
 A:Map position: 1  
 C:Superfamily: Arabidopsis thaliana zinc transporter ZIP1

Query Match 74.5%; Score 41; DB 2; Length 389;  
 Best Local Similarity 63.6%; Pred. No. 3.2;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GSRSSGHHV 11  
 |||||  
 Db 166 GSRSSGHHV 176

## RESULT 4

L3HUSH  
 Ig lambda chain V-III region (Sh) - human  
 C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
 C:Date: 24-Apr-1984 #sequence\_revision 24-Apr-1984 #text\_change 02-Sep-1997  
 C:Accession: A01980  
 A:Authors: Milani, K.; Wikler, M.; Shinoda, T.; Putnam, F.W.  
 Title: The amino acid sequence of a lambda type Bence-Jones protein. III. The complete  
 A:Reference number: A92057; MUID:70166723  
 A:Accession: A01980  
 A:Molecule type: protein  
 A:Residues: 1-108 <TIT>  
 A>Note: the sequence of the C region is also given  
 C:Genetics:  
 A:Gene: GDB:IGLV@  
 A:Cross-references: GDB:119342; OMTM:147240  
 A:Map position: 22q11.2-22q11.2  
 C:Complex: An immunoglobulin heterotetramer subunit consists of two identical light (kappa)  
 chain disulfide bonds. In some cases, such as IgA and IgM, the subunits associate into 16  
 C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
 C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
 F:14-88/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>  
 F:21-86/Disulfide bonds: #status experimental

Query Match 70.9%; Score 39; DB 1; Length 108;  
 Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 2;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Db 88 SRDSSGHHV 97  
 |||||

## RESULT 5

Ig lambda chain - human (fragment)  
 S25740  
 C:Species: Homo sapiens (man)  
 C:Date: 22-Nov-1993 #sequence\_revision 26-May-1995 #text\_change 21-Jan-2000  
 C:Accession: S25740  
 R:Combratio, G.; Klobbeck, H.G.  
 Eur. J. Immunol. 21, 1513-1522, 1991  
 A:Title: V(lambda) and J(lambda)-C(lambda) gene segments of the human immunoglobulin  
 A:Reference number: S16439; MUID:91257162  
 A:Accession: S25740  
 A:Status: preliminary; translation not shown  
 A:Molecule type: mRNA  
 A:Residues: 1-190 <COM>  
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:X57804; NID:g33705; PIDN:CAA40942.1; PID:g33706  
 C:Superfamily: immunoglobulin V region; immunoglobulin homology  
 C:Keywords: heterotetramer; immunoglobulin  
 F:105-173/Domain: immunoglobulin homology <IMM>

Query Match 70.9%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 190;  
 Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 3.7;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11  
 |||||  
 Db 65 SRDSSGHHV 74

## RESULT 6

T49426  
 Type 2C Protein Phosphatase related protein [imported] - Neurospora crassa  
 N:Alternate names: protein B17C10.70  
 C:Species: Neurospora crassa  
 C:Date: 02-Jun-2000 #sequence\_revision 02-Jun-2000 #text\_change 17-Nov-2000  
 C:Accession: T49426  
 R:Schulte, U.; Algr, V.; Hohsels, J.; Brandt, P.; Fartmann, B.; Holland, R.; Nyakatu  
 submitted to the Protein Sequence Database, May 2000  
 A:Reference number: Z25022  
 A:Accession: T49426  
 A:Status: preliminary  
 A:Molecule type: DNA  
 A:Residues: 1-622 <SCH>  
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:AL35926; GSPDB:GN00116; NCSP:B17C10.70  
 A:Experimental source: BAC clone B17C10; strain OR74A  
 C:Genetics:  
 A:Gene: NCSP:B17C10.70  
 A:Map position: 6  
 A:Introns: 239/2  
 C:Superfamily: Arabidopsis thaliana hypothetical protein F20M13.80

Query Match 70.9%; Score 39; DB 2; Length 622;  
 Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 13;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GSRSSGHH 9  
 |||||  
 Db 63 GARDSSGTH 71

## RESULT 7

C89771  
 Immunoglobulin G binding protein A precursor [imported] - Staphylococcus aureus (stra  
 C:Species: Staphylococcus aureus  
 C:Date: 10-May-2001 #sequence\_revision 10-May-2001 #text\_change 22-Oct-2001  
 C:Accession: C89771  
 R:Kuroda, M.; Ohta, T.; Uchiyama, I.; Baba, T.; Tuzawa, H.; Kobayashi, I.; Cui, L.; O  
 ma, A.; Mizutani-Oi, Y.; Kobayashi, N.; Sawano, T.; Inoue, R.; Kaito, C.; Sekimizu, K

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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:39:17 ; Search time 29.47 Seconds

(without alignments)  
14.452 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-14

Sequence: 1 GSRDSSGTHV 11

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 105224 seqs, 38719550 residues

T number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 105224

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Database : SwissProt\_40.\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	39	70.9	108	1	LV3A_HUMAN
2	38	69.1	508	1	SPA2_STRAU
3	38	69.1	524	1	SPA1_STRAU
4	36	65.5	109	1	PTHP_CHLTR
5	35	63.6	136	1	MCH_MERTO
6	35	63.6	316	1	THER_BACTH
7	35	63.6	429	1	CBPX_ORYSA
8	35	63.6	481	1	UGDH_CAEEL
9	35	63.6	527	1	NPRE_BACBR
10	35	63.6	551	1	NPRS_BACST
11	35	63.6	576	1	MUTL_CHLTR
12	35	63.6	610	1	DOPO_BOVIN
13	35	63.6	619	1	VALI_YEAST
14	35	63.6	620	1	DOPO_RAT
15	35	63.6	633	1	PARE_MYCGE
16	35	63.6	648	1	VP3_BPH6
17	34	61.8	258	1	EXUR_ECOCI
18	34	61.8	273	1	DABP_MERTH
19	34	61.8	488	1	HHR_CAVPO
20	34	61.8	517	1	SEST_CAEEL
21	34	61.8	639	1	GYRB_HALSO
22	34	61.8	687	1	DSPR_RAT
23	34	61.8	1173	1	TSP1_XENLA
24	34	61.8	1477	1	NX1A_HUMAN
25	34	61.8	1514	1	NX1A_RAT
26	34	61.8	1530	1	NX1A_BOVIN
27	34	61.8	2895	1	HYDP_DROME
28	33	60.0	155	1	FGF2_XENLA
29	33	60.0	259	1	EXUR_ERMCH
30	33	60.0	285	1	MEMB_ECOCI
31	33	60.0	285	1	MEMB_HAEIN
32	33	60.0	413	1	IF42_TOBAC
33	33	60.0	413	1	IF42_TOBAC

34	33	60.0	562	1	NPRE_BACME	000891 bacillus me
35	33	60.0	566	1	NPRE_BACCE	P05806 bacillus ce
36	33	60.0	590	1	NPRE_PAEPO	P29148 paenibacill
37	33	60.0	746	1	GYP7_YEAST	P48365 saccharomyc
38	33	60.0	810	1	SYEB_SYNT3	P74296 synechocyst
39	33	60.0	2124	1	PGCA_RAT	P07897 rattus norv
40	32.5	59.1	318	1	BST1_HUMAN	Q10588 homo sapien
41	32	58.2	206	1	ADEN_ADEB1	P42672 avian adeno
42	32	58.2	243	1	YJFH_ECOCI	P39290 escherichia
43	32	58.2	260	1	YBRI_ICMW	Q08595 indian cass
44	32	58.2	285	1	MEMB_PASMU	O9CLV5 pasteurella
45	32	58.2	285	1	RL2_MYCGE	P47400 mycoplasma

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	ID	LV3A_HUMAN	STANDARD:	PRT:	108 AA.
AC	P01714	21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)			
DT	21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Last sequence update)				
DR	15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 38, Last annotation update)				
DE	Ig lambda chain V-III region SH.				
OS	Homo sapiens (Human).				
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;				
OX	Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.				
NCBI_TaxID=9606;					
RP	SEQUENCE.				
RX	MEDLINE=70166723; PubMed=4909564;				
RA	Titani K., Wikler M., Shindoda T., Putnam F.W.;				
RT	"The amino acid sequence of a lambda type Bence-Jones protein. 3. The				
RT	complete amino acid sequence and the location of the disulfide				
RT	bridges."				
RL	J. Biol. Chem. 245:2171-2176(1970).				
CC	-I- MISCELLANEOUS: THIS IS A BENGE-JONES PROTEIN.				
DR	PIR: A01980; L3HOSH.				
DR	HSSP: P01703; 7EAB.				
DR	InterPro: IPR003006; IG_MHC.				
DR	InterPro: IPR003596; IG_V.				
DR	Pfam: PF00047; Ig; 1.				
DR	SMART: SM00406; IGV; 1.				
KW	Immunoglobulin V region; Bence-Jones protein.				
FT	DISULFID 21				
FT	NON_TER 108				
FT	SEQUENCE 108 AA; 11392 MW; E7E1229586411A56 CRC64;				
QY	2 SRDSSGTHV 11				
DB	88 SRDSSGTHV 97				
Query Match	70.9%; Score 39; DB 1; Length 108;				
Best Local Similarity	80.0%; Pred. No. 0.66;				
Matches	8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Caps 0;				
RESULT 2	SPA2_STRAU				
AC	P38507; STANDARD; PRT; 508 AA.				
DT	01-OCT-1994 (Rel. 30, Created)				
DR	01-OCT-1994 (Rel. 30, Last sequence update)				
DE	16-OCT-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)				
GN	Immunoglobulin G binding protein A precursor (IGG binding protein A).				
OS	Staphylococcus aureus.				
OC	Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillus/Clostridium group;				
OC	Bacillus/Staphylococcus group; Staphylococcus.				
NCBI_TaxID=1280;					
OX	[1]				

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN-COWAN 1 / NCTC 8530;  
 RX MEDLINE=88112878; PubMed=2828190;  
 RA Shuttleworth H.L., Dugleby C.J., Jones S.A., Atkinson T.,  
 RT "Nucleotide sequence analysis of the gene for protein A from  
 RT Staphylococcus aureus Cowan 1 (NCTC8530) and its enhanced expression  
 RT in *Escherichia coli*.";  
 RL Gene 58:283-295(1987).  
 RN [2]  
 RP PARTIAL SEQUENCE.  
 RC STRAIN-COWAN 1 / NCTC 8530;  
 RX MEDLINE=78023926; PubMed=913410;  
 RA Sjoedahl J.;  
 RT "Structural studies on the four repetitive Fc-binding regions in  
 RT protein A from *Staphylococcus aureus*.";  
 RL Eur. J. Biochem. 78:471-490(1977).  
 RN [3]  
 RP STRUCTURE BY NMR OF 211-270.  
 RX MEDLINE=93003122; PubMed=1390743;  
 RA Gouda H., Torigoe H., Saito A., Sato M., Arata Y., Shimada I.;  
 RT "Three-dimensional solution structure of the B domain of  
 RT staphylococcal protein A: comparisons of the solution and crystal  
 RT structures.";  
 RL Biochemistry 31:9665-9672(1992).  
 RN [4]  
 RP STRUCTURE BY NMR OF 37-92.  
 RX MEDLINE=91110349; PubMed=8952510;  
 RA Starovasnik M.A., Skelton N.J., O'Connell M.P., Kelley R.F.,  
 RT "Solution structure of the F-domain of staphylococcal protein A.";  
 RL Biochemistry 35:15558-15569(1996).  
 RN [5]  
 RP STRUCTURE BY NMR OF 212-269.  
 RX MEDLINE=97467196; PubMed=9325113;  
 RA Tashiro M., Tejero R., Zimmerman D.E., Celda B., Nilsson B.,  
 RT Montellione G.T.;  
 RL "High-resolution solution NMR structure of the Z domain of  
 RT staphylococcal protein A.";  
 RL J. Mol. Biol. 272:573-590(1997).  
 CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Type I membrane protein. Cell wall.  
 CC -1- DOMAIN: THE N-TERMINAL HALF CONTAINS THE IG-BINDING REGION  
 CC WHILEST THE C-TERMINAL HALF IS THE CELL-WALL-BINDING DOMAIN.  
 CC -1- MISCELLANEOUS: IMPORTANT IMMUNODIAGNOSTIC REAGENT BECAUSE OF ITS  
 CC ABILITY TO BIND THE FC FRAGMENT OF A WIDE RANGE OF MAMMALIAN  
 CC IMMUNOGLOBULINS.  
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: TO OTHER STREPTOCOCCAL AND STAPHYLOCOCCAL PROTEINS  
 CC IN THE REGION OF THE MEMBRANE ANCHOR.  
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 CC -----  
 DR EMBL: M18264; AAA26677.1;  
 DR PIR: A29605; A29605.  
 DR PDB: 1BDC; 11-JAN-97.  
 DR PDB: 1BDD; 11-JAN-97.  
 DR PDB: 1EDI; 01-APR-97.  
 DR PDB: 1EDJ; 01-APR-97.  
 DR PDB: 1EDK; 01-APR-97.  
 DR PDB: 1EDL; 01-APR-97.  
 DR PDB: 2SP2; 21-APR-00.  
 DR InterPro: IPR003132; B.domain.  
 DR InterPro: IPR001899; Gram\_pos\_anchor.  
 DR InterPro: IPR002482; LysM.  
 DR Pfam: PF02216; B; 5.  
 DR Pfam: PF00746; Gram\_pos\_anchor; 1.  
 DR Pfam: PF01476; LysM; 1.  
 DR SMART: SM00257; LysM; 1.

DR PROSITE: PS00343; GRAM\_POS\_ANCHORING; 1.  
 KW Ig-binding protein; Repeat; Transmembrane; Cell wall; Signal;  
 KM 3d-structure. 1  
 FT SIGNAL 36  
 FT CHAIN 37 508  
 FT DOMAIN 37 482  
 FT TRANSMEM 483 503  
 FT DOMAIN 504 508  
 FT DOMAIN 37 332  
 FT REPEAT 37 100  
 FT REPEAT 101 138  
 FT REPEAT 159 216  
 FT REPEAT 217 274  
 FT REPEAT 275 332  
 FT DOMAIN 333 408  
 FT REPEAT 333 340  
 FT REPEAT 341 348  
 FT REPEAT 349 356  
 FT REPEAT 357 364  
 FT REPEAT 365 372  
 FT REPEAT 373 380  
 FT REPEAT 381 388  
 FT REPEAT 389 396  
 FT REPEAT 397 405  
 FT REPEAT 406 413  
 FT REPEAT 414 421  
 FT REPEAT 422 429  
 FT DOMAIN 474 479  
 FT CONFLICT 273 273  
 FT SEQUENCE 508 AA; 55439 MW; E78C538D45E88F5 CRC64;  
 SQ  
 Query Match 69.1%; Score 38; DB 1; Length 508;  
 Best Local Similarity 54.5%; Pred. No. 6.1;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 2; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 GSRDSCGHVY 11  
 Db 407 GKEDGNGVHV 417  
 RESULT 3  
 ID SPAL STAAU STANDARD; PRT; 524 AA.  
 AC P02976;  
 DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)  
 DT 01-OCT-1994 (Rel. 30, Last sequence update)  
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)  
 DE Immunoglobulin G binding protein A precursor (IGG binding protein A).  
 GN SPA.  
 OS Staphylococcus aureus.  
 OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillus/Clostridium group;  
 OC Bacillus/Staphylococcus group; staphylococcus.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=1280;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN-NCTC 8325-4;  
 RX MEDLINE=84111639; PubMed=6319407;  
 RA Uhlen M., Guss B., Nilsson B., Gatenbeck S., Philipson L.,  
 RT "Complete sequence of the staphylococcal gene encoding protein A. A  
 RT gene evolved through multiple duplications.";  
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 259:1695-1702(1984).  
 RN [2]  
 RP REVISIONS.  
 RC STRAIN=8325-4;  
 RA Uhlen M., Guss B., Nilsson B., Gatenbeck S., Philipson L.,  
 RL J. Biol. Chem. 259:13628-13628(1984).  
 RN [3]  
 RP SEQUENCE OF 1-186 FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=8325-4;



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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:38:43 ; Search time 107.96 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
17.626 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-14

Perfect score: 55

Sequence: 1 GSRDSSGTHV 11

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 562222 seqs, 172994929 residues

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

SPREMBL\_19:  
1: sp.archaea:  
2: sp.bacteria:  
3: sp.fungi:  
4: sp.human:  
5: sp.invertebrate:  
6: sp.mammal:  
7: sp.mhc:  
8: sp.organelle:  
9: sp.phage:  
10: sp.plant:  
11: sp.potent:  
12: sp.virus:  
13: sp.vertebrate:  
14: sp.unclassified:  
15: sp.virus:  
16: sp.bacteriophage:  
17: sp.archaeop:

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

# SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	41	74.5	386	10	Q9FPW7
2	41	74.5	389	10	Q9C957
3	41	74.5	422	10	Q93XE7
4	40	72.7	458	17	Q96Y71
5	39	70.9	639	2	Q52165
6	38	69.1	107	4	Q9NSD6
7	38	69.1	190	2	Q53760
8	38	69.1	450	16	Q99XA2
9	38	69.1	454	2	Q53759
10	38	69.1	472	2	Q53779
11	38	69.1	492	2	Q56193
12	38	69.1	573	2	Q56192
13	38	69.1	666	2	Q53833
14	38	69.1	747	2	Q53832
15	37	67.3	374	10	Q04089
16	37	67.3	985	5	Q17341

17	37	67.3	1786	5	Q17344	Q17344 caenorhabd
18	37	67.3	1809	5	Q17487	Q17487 caenorhabd
19	37	67.3	1815	5	Q17488	Q17488 caenorhabd
20	37	67.3	1867	5	Q17486	Q17486 caenorhabd
21	37	67.3	2039	5	Q17489	Q17489 caenorhabd
22	37	67.3	6994	5	Q17343	Q17343 caenorhabd
23	36.5	66.4	287	17	Q9V152	Q9V152 pyrococcus
24	36	65.5	333	9	Q98813	Q98813 bacterioph
25	35	63.6	87	6	Q77640	Q77640 macaca m
26	35	63.6	149	17	Q9YF22	Q9YF22 aeropyrum
27	35	63.6	170	13	Q919A1	Q919A1 gallus gall
28	35	63.6	176	5	Q17529	Q17529 caenorhabd
29	35	63.6	200	8	Q9W0J1	Q9W0J1 podospora
30	35	63.6	221	13	Q9W7K6	Q9W7K6 brachydanio
31	35	63.6	232	8	Q9W0Q4	Q9W0Q4 podospora
32	35	63.6	243	8	Q02672	Q02672 podospora
33	35	63.6	281	16	Q84139	Q84139 chlamydia
34	35	63.6	298	5	Q9Y1C5	Q9Y1C5 drosophila
35	35	63.6	492	5	Q9BX61	Q9BX61 homo sapien
36	35	63.6	501	5	Q76254	Q76254 onchocerca
37	35	63.6	501	5	Q9TY54	Q9TY54 onchocerca
38	35	63.6	528	6	Q28094	Q28094 bos taurus
39	35	63.6	548	2	Q45779	Q45779 bacillus th
40	35	63.6	573	5	Q22842	Q22842 caenorhabd
41	35	63.6	574	11	Q70513	Q70513 rattus norv
42	35	63.6	597	6	Q9TVD1	Q9TVD1 bos taurus
43	35	63.6	610	6	Q9XTA0	Q9XTA0 equus cabal
44	35	63.6	629	17	Q97B91	Q97B91 thermoplasm
45	35	63.6	1165	5	Q962L9	Q962L9 plasmodium

# ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	Q9FPW7	PRELIMINARY:	PRT:	386 AA.
AC	Q9FPW7	01-MAR-2001 (TRENBLREL. 16, Created)		
DT	01-MAR-2001 (TRENBLREL. 16, Last sequence update)			
DT	01-DEC-2001 (TRENBLREL. 19, last annotation update)			
DE	POTATIVE ZN TRANSPORTER ZNT4.			
GN	ZNT4.			
OS	Thlaapi caerulescens.			
OC	Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;			
OC	Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicots; Rosidae;			
OC	eurosid II; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Thlaapi.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=107243;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.			
RA	Letham D.L.D., Pence N.S., Kochian L.V.;			
RT	"Identification and characterization of multiple members of the ZIP			
RT	metal transport family from the Zn/Cd hyperaccumulator, Thlaapi			
RT	caerulescens.";			
RL	Submitted (AUG-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.			
DR	EMBL: AF292370; AAC44953.1; "			
SO	SEQUENCE 386 AA; 40745 MW; D979B4A1563D93BF CRC64;			

Query Match 74.5%; Score 41; DB 10; Length 386;  
Best Local Similarity 63.6%; Pred. No. 8.1;  
Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY	1	GSRDSSGTHV 11		
DB	169	GSRDSSGTHV 179		
RESULT 2				
ID	Q9C957	PRELIMINARY:	PRT:	389 AA.
AC	Q9C957	01-JUN-2001 (TRENBLREL. 17, Created)		
DT	01-JUN-2001 (TRENBLREL. 17, Created)			

DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMUREL. 17, Last sequence update)  
 DE 01-JUN-2001 (TREMUREL. 17, Last annotation update)  
 GN 77P1.10.  
 OS Arabidopsis thaliana (Mouse-ear cress).  
 OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;  
 OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicots; Rosidae;  
 OC eurosids II; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Arabidopsis.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=3702;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=CV. COLUMBIA;  
 RX MEDLINE=21016719; PubMed=11130712;  
 RA Theologis A., Ecker J.R., Palm C.J., Federspiel N.A., Kaul S.,  
 RA White O., Alonso J., Altieri H., Araujo R., Bowman C.L., Brooks S.Y.,  
 RA Buehler E., Chan A., Chao Q., Chen H., Cheuk R.F., Chin C.W.,  
 RA Chung M.K., Conn L., Conway A.B., Conway A.R., Cressy T.H., Dewar K.,  
 RA Dunn P., Egu P., Feldblyum T.V., Feng J.-D., Fong B., Fujii C.X.,  
 RA Gill J.E., Goldsmith A.D., Haas B., Hansen N.F., Hughes B., Hultzer L.,  
 RA Hunter J.L., Jenkins J., Johnson-Hopson C., Khan S., Khaykin E.,  
 RA Kim C.J., Koo H.L., Kremenetskaia I., Kurtz D.B., Kwan A., Lam B.,  
 RA Langin-Hooper S., Lee A., Lee J.M., Lenz C.A., Li J.H., Li Y.-P.,  
 RA Lin X., Liu S.X., Liu Z.A., Luros J.S., Mafti R., Marziani A.,  
 RA Miltischer J., Miranda M., Nguyen M., Nierman W.C., Osborne B.I.,  
 RA Pai G., Peterson J., Pham P.K., Rizzo M., Rooney T., Rowley D.,  
 RA Sakano H., Salzberg S.L., Schwartz J.R., Shinn P., Southwick A.M.,  
 RA Sun H., Talon L.J., Tambunga G., Tortum M.J., Town C.D.,  
 RA Utterback T., Van Aken S., Vaysberg M., Vysotskaia V.S., Walker M.,  
 RA Wu D., Yu G., Fraser C.M., Venter J.C., Davis R.W.;  
 RT "Sequence and analysis of chromosome 1 of the plant Arabidopsis  
 thaliana."  
 RT Nature 408:816-820(2000).  
 DR EMBL: AC018908; ANGI5164.1; -;  
 DR InterPro: IPR002395; Kintinogen.  
 DR Pfam: PF02535; Zfp. 1.  
 DR PRINTS: PR00334; KININOGEN.  
 SO SEQUENCE 389 AA; 41034 MW; 2CFE27202B59D96 CRC64;

Query Match 74.5%; Score 41; DB 10; Length 389;  
 Best Local Similarity 63.6%; Pred. No. 8.1;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 GSRDSSGIHV 11  
 DB 166 GEDSGIHIV 176  
 ID 093XET PRELIMINARY; PRT; 422 AA.  
 AC 093XET;  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMUREL. 19, Created)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMUREL. 19, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMUREL. 19, Last annotation update)  
 DE ZIP-LIKE ZINC TRANSPORTER.  
 GN ZNF2.  
 OS Thlaspi caerulescens.  
 OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;  
 OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicots; Rosidae;  
 OC eurosids II; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Thlaspi.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=107243;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC TISSUE=ROOT;  
 RA Assuncao A.G.L., da Costa Martins P., de Folter S., Voeljs R.,  
 RA Schat H., Aarts M.G.M.;  
 RT "Elevated expression of metal transporter genes in three accessions of  
 the metal hyperaccumulator Thlaspi caerulescens."  
 RT Submitted (JUN-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBU databases.  
 DR EMBL: AF275752; AAK69430.1; -;  
 SO SEQUENCE 422 AA; 44968 MW; 874B878BDD599AA6 CRC64;

Query Match 74.5%; Score 41; DB 10; Length 422;  
 Best Local Similarity 63.6%; Pred. No. 8.9;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 3; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 GSRDSSGIHV 11  
 DB 205 GEDSGIHIV 215  
 ID 096Y71 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 458 AA.  
 AC 096Y71;  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMUREL. 19, Created)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMUREL. 19, Last sequence update)  
 DE PUTATIVE D-LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE.  
 GN ST2295.  
 OS Sulfolobus tokodaii.  
 OC Archaea; Crenarchaeota; Sulfolobales; Sulfolobaceae; Sulfolobus.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=111955;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=JCM 10545 / 7;  
 RX PubMed=11572479;  
 RA Kawarabayashi Y., Hino Y., Horikawa H., Jin-no K., Takahashi M.,  
 RA Nagai Y., Nishijima K., Otsuka R., Kosugi H., Hosoyama A., Fukui S.,  
 RA Yoshizawa T., Tanaka T., Kudo Y., Yamazaki J., Kushiida N., Oguchi A.,  
 RA Aoki K.-I., Masuda S., Yanagii M., Nishimura M., Yamagishi A.,  
 RA Oshima T., Kikuchi H.;  
 RT "Complete genome sequence of an aerobic thermocacidophilic  
 Crenarchaeon, Sulfolobus tokodaii strain7."  
 RT DNA Res. 8:123-140(2001).  
 DR EMBL: AP000989; BAB67406.1; -;  
 DR Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.  
 SO SEQUENCE 458 AA; 51003 MW; DEC3835D018B86F CRC64;

Query Match 72.7%; Score 40; DB 17; Length 458;  
 Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 15;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 2 SRDSSGIHV 11  
 DB 138 SHDSGIHV 147  
 ID 052165 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 639 AA.  
 AC 052165;  
 DT 01-JUN-1998 (TREMUREL. 06, Created)  
 DT 01-MAY-1999 (TREMUREL. 10, Last sequence update)  
 DT 01-DEC-2001 (TREMUREL. 19, Last annotation update)  
 DE TOPOISOMERASE IV SUBUNIT (TOPOISOMERASE IV SUBUNIT E).  
 GN PARE.  
 OS Mycoplasma hominis.  
 OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillus/Clostridium group; Mollicutes;  
 OC Mycoplasmataceae; Mycoplasma.  
 OX NCBI\_TaxID=2098;  
 RN [1]  
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.  
 RC STRAIN=PG21;  
 RX MEDLINE=98353329; PubMed=9687401;  
 RA Bebear C.M., Chattron A., Bove J.M., Bebear C., Renaudin J.;  
 RT "Cloning and nucleotide sequences of the topoisomerase IV parC and  
 RT parE genes of Mycoplasma hominis."  
 RT Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 42:2024-2031(1998).  
 RN [2]  
 SO SEQUENCE OF 403-501 FROM N.A.

GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:24:30 ; Search time 49.05 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
5.473 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-14  
Perfect score: 55  
Sequence: 1 GSRSSGIRHV 11

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 231628 seqs, 24425594 residues

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :  
1: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/5A.COMB.pep:\*  
2: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/5B.COMB.pep:\*  
3: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/6A.COMB.pep:\*  
4: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/6B.COMB.pep:\*  
5: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/PCIRUS.COMB.pep:\*  
6: /cgn2\_6/ptodata/2/1aa/backfiles1.pep:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a  
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,  
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	42	76.4	97	2	US-08-665-202-35
2	42	76.4	109	2	US-08-652-816A-16
3	42	76.4	278	4	US-09-260-527-3
4	42	76.4	280	4	US-09-260-527-1
5	42	76.4	309	4	US-09-079-029-9
6	42	76.4	312	4	US-09-079-029-10
7	36	65.5	316	3	US-08-682-643-4
8	36	65.5	409	2	US-09-031-485-15
9	36	65.5	409	2	US-08-847-429A-15
10	36	65.5	409	3	US-09-065-474-15
11	36	65.5	1745	2	US-09-031-485-33
12	36	65.5	1745	2	US-08-847-429A-33
13	36	65.5	1745	2	US-09-065-474-33
14	35	63.6	11	2	US-08-350-260A-349
15	35	63.6	11	2	US-08-350-260A-430
16	35	63.6	67	2	US-08-273-146-67
17	35	63.6	316	1	US-08-038-932B-1
18	35	63.6	316	1	US-08-656-349-1
19	35	63.6	316	1	US-09-104-623A-5
20	34	61.8	11	2	US-08-350-260A-516
21	34	61.8	11	2	US-08-350-260A-522
22	33	60.0	285	3	US-09-058-488-12
23	33	60.0	566	1	US-08-415-823-4
24	33	60.0	566	1	US-09-086-662-4
25	33	60.0	15281	2	US-08-471-119A-2
26	32.5	59.1	318	1	US-08-537-942A-1
27	32.5	59.1	318	4	US-08-997-252A-1

28	32.5	59.1	318	4	US-09-517-739-1	Sequence 1, Appl
29	32	58.2	11	2	US-08-350-260A-342	Sequence 342, App
30	32	58.2	11	2	US-08-350-260A-424	Sequence 424, App
31	32	58.2	106	4	US-09-240-274-50	Sequence 50, Appl
32	32	58.2	159	4	US-08-271-397-1	Sequence 1, Appl
33	32	58.2	159	4	US-08-469-191-1	Sequence 1, Appl
34	32	58.2	159	5	PCT-US91-07280-1	Sequence 1, Appl
35	32	58.2	159	1	US-08-414-926A-12	Sequence 12, Appl
36	32	58.2	169	3	US-08-926-922-12	Sequence 12, Appl
37	32	58.2	169	3	US-09-253-682-12	Sequence 12, Appl
38	32	58.2	169	4	US-09-527-657-12	Sequence 12, Appl
39	32	58.2	206	4	US-09-171-461-13	Sequence 13, Appl
40	32	58.2	319	3	US-08-682-643-3	Sequence 3, Appl
41	32	58.2	405	4	US-09-347-801-20	Sequence 20, Appl
42	32	58.2	511	2	US-08-271-397-2	Sequence 2, Appl
43	32	58.2	511	4	US-08-469-191-2	Sequence 2, Appl
44	32	58.2	511	5	PCT-US91-07280-2	Sequence 2, Appl
45	31	56.4	381	4	US-09-655-270A-5	Sequence 5, Appl

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1  
US-08-665-202-35  
Sequence 35, Application US/08665202  
Patent No. 5977322  
GENERAL INFORMATION:  
APPLICANT: Marks, James D.  
APPLICANT: Schier, Robert  
TITLE OF INVENTION: No. 5977322el High Affinity Human Antibodies to  
TITLE OF INVENTION: Tumor Antigens  
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 141  
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
ADDRESSEE: Townsend and Townsend and Crew LLP  
STREET: Two Embarcadero Center, Eighth Floor  
CITY: San Francisco  
STATE: California  
COUNTRY: USA  
ZIP: 94111-3834  
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
SOFTWARE: Patentln Release #1.0, Version #1.30  
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/665,202  
FILING DATE: 13-JUN-1996  
CLASSIFICATION: 424  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/000,238  
FILING DATE: 14-JUN-1995  
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 60/000,250  
FILING DATE: 15-JUN-1995  
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
NAME: Hunter, Tom  
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,498  
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 02307E-061410  
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
TELEPHONE: (415) 576-0200  
TELEFAX: (415) 576-0300  
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 35:  
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
LENGTH: 97 amino acids  
TYPE: amino acid  
STRANDEDNESS:  
TOPOLOGY: linear  
MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
US-08-665-202-35  
Query Match 76.4% Score 42; DB 2; Length 97;

Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 0.62;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11  
|||||  
Db 88 SRDSSGHHV 97

## RESULT 2

US-08-652-816A-16  
; Sequence 16, Application US/08652816A  
; Patent No. 5872215  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Oshorn, JK  
; APPLICANT: Allen, DJ  
; APPLICANT: McCallery, JG  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Specific binding members, materials and  
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 53  
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:  
; ADDRESSEE: Marshall, O'Toole, Gerstein, Murray & Borun  
; STREET: 6300 Sears Tower, 233 South Wacker Drive  
; CITY: Chicago  
; STATE: Illinois  
; COUNTRY: United States of America  
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:  
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
; SOFTWARE: Patent Release #1.0, Version #1.25 (EPO)  
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/652,816A  
; FILING DATE: 23-MAY-1996  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9125579.4  
; FILING DATE: 02-DEC-1991  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9125579.8  
; FILING DATE: 02-DEC-1991  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9206318.9  
; FILING DATE: 24-MAR-1992  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9206372.6  
; FILING DATE: 23-SEP-1992  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9525004.9  
; FILING DATE: 07-DEC-1995  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: GB 9610824.6  
; FILING DATE: 23-MAY-1996  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/GB92/02240  
; FILING DATE: 02-DEC-1992  
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:  
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/244,597  
; FILING DATE: 01-JUN-1994  
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:  
; NAME: David W. Clough  
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 36,107  
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 28111/33308  
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:  
; TELEPHONE: 312-474-6300  
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:  
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
; LENGTH: 109 amino acids  
; TYPE: amino acid  
; TOPOLOGY: linear  
; US-08-652-816A-16

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 2; Length 109;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 0.71;

Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11  
|||||  
Db 89 SRDSSGHHV 98

## RESULT 3

US-09-260-527-3  
; Sequence 3, Application US/09260527A  
; Patent No. 6228599  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Knox, J.P.  
; APPLICANT: Mikelsen, J.D.  
; APPLICANT: Willats, W.G.  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTIBODY  
; FILE REFERENCE: DY0019.001AUS  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/260,527A  
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-02-26  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 7  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0  
; SEQ ID NO 3  
; LENGTH: 278  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: UNKNOWN  
; FEATURE:  
; OTHER INFORMATION: Anti-homogalacturonan specific antibodies selected  
; OTHER INFORMATION: from a naive phage display library known as the  
; OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic scfv library (#1) from the Centre for  
; OTHER INFORMATION: Protein Engineering, MRC Centre, Cambridge, UK  
; US-09-260-527-3

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 4; Length 278;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 2;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11  
|||||  
Db 241 SRDSSGHHV 250

## RESULT 4

US-09-260-527-1  
; Sequence 1, Application US/09260527A  
; Patent No. 6228599  
; GENERAL INFORMATION:  
; APPLICANT: Knox, J.P.  
; APPLICANT: Mikelsen, J.D.  
; APPLICANT: Willats, W.G.  
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANTIBODY  
; FILE REFERENCE: DY0019.001AUS  
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/260,527A  
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-02-26  
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 7  
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 3.0  
; SEQ ID NO 1  
; LENGTH: 280  
; TYPE: PRT  
; ORGANISM: UNKNOWN  
; FEATURE:  
; OTHER INFORMATION: Anti-homogalacturonan specific antibodies from a  
; OTHER INFORMATION: phage display library known as the Synthetic scfv  
; OTHER INFORMATION: library (#1) from the Centre for Protein  
; OTHER INFORMATION: Engineering, MRC Centre, Cambridge, UK.  
; US-09-260-527-1

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 4; Length 280;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 2.1;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
QY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11

GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 10:57:38 ; Search time 28.87 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
23.084 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-9  
Perfect score: 37  
Sequence: 1 TGYIYH 6

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 747574 seqs, 11073796 residues

Number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 36243

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 6

Post-processing: Minimum Match 08  
Maximum Match 1008  
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

A-Geneseq\_032802:\*

- 1: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1980.DAT:\*
- 2: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1981.DAT:\*
- 3: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1982.DAT:\*
- 4: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1983.DAT:\*
- 5: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1984.DAT:\*
- 6: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1985.DAT:\*
- 7: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1986.DAT:\*
- 8: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1987.DAT:\*
- 9: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1988.DAT:\*
- 10: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1989.DAT:\*
- 11: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1990.DAT:\*
- 12: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1991.DAT:\*
- 13: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1992.DAT:\*
- 14: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1993.DAT:\*
- 15: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1994.DAT:\*
- 16: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1995.DAT:\*
- 17: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1996.DAT:\*
- 18: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1997.DAT:\*
- 19: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA1998.DAT:\*
- 20: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA2000.DAT:\*
- 21: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA2001.DAT:\*
- 22: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-embL/AA2001.DAT:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	37	100.0	6	22	AA850794
2	37	100.0	6	22	AA65299
3	29	78.4	5	20	AAW95252
4	29	78.4	5	22	AA86299
5	28	75.7	5	21	AA821360
6	27	73.0	5	16	AA86079
7	26	70.3	5	18	AAW27347
8	26	70.3	6	18	AAW42309
9	25	67.6	5	17	AA826978
10	24	64.9	5	21	AA85324
11	23	62.2	5	20	AAW52749

12	23	62.2	5	21	AA807960
13	23	62.2	6	19	AA87188
14	23	62.2	6	19	AAW87190
15	21	56.8	5	18	AAW19193
16	21	56.8	5	19	AAW87109
17	21	56.8	5	19	AAW87110
18	21	56.8	5	19	AAW70923
19	21	56.8	5	20	AAW93178
20	21	56.8	5	22	AAW86043
21	21	56.8	5	22	AAW86075
22	21	56.8	6	14	AAW37396
23	21	56.8	6	18	AAW19190
24	21	56.8	6	20	AAW3177
25	21	56.8	6	21	AAW50630
26	20	54.1	4	18	AAW25216
27	20	54.1	4	19	AAW62358
28	20	54.1	5	17	AAW91722
29	20	54.1	5	17	AAW91723
30	20	54.1	5	18	AAW25215
31	20	54.1	5	19	AAW39863
32	20	54.1	5	20	AAW9216
33	20	54.1	5	20	AAW30441
34	20	54.1	5	20	AAW30442
35	20	54.1	5	21	AAW35326
36	20	54.1	5	21	AAW15327
37	20	54.1	5	22	AAW51295
38	20	54.1	5	22	AAW51357
39	20	54.1	5	22	AAW51419
40	20	54.1	5	22	AAW81027
41	20	54.1	6	13	AAW25076
42	20	54.1	6	14	AAW37395
43	20	54.1	6	17	AAW92553
44	20	54.1	6	17	AAW92606
45	20	54.1	6	22	AAW51308

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	AA850794	standard; Protein; 6 AA.
ID	AA850794	
AC	AA850794;	
DT	21-MAR-2001 (first entry)	
DE	Murine antibody S2C6 heavy chain variable region CDRL.	
KW	Mouse; antibody; S2C6; heavy chain variable region; CD40; cancer;	
KW	Inflammatory disease; immune system disorder; CDR;	
KW	complementarity determining region.	
OS	Mus musculus.	
XX	WO200075348-A1.	
XX	14-DEC-2000.	
XX	08-JUN-2000; 2000WO-US15749.	
XX	08-JUN-1999; 99US-0328296.	
XX	(SEAT-) SEATTLE GENETICS INC.	
XX	Siegall CB, Wahl AF, Francisco JA, Fell HP;	
XX	WPI; 2001-071080/08.	
XX	Anti-CD40 antibodies which immunospecifically bind CD40, useful for	
XX	prevention and treatment of cancer, inflammatory diseases and disorders	
XX	or deficiencies of immune system	

CDRL sequence from  
Peptide determined  
Peptide determined  
Isolated point  
Peptide determined  
Peptide determined  
CDRL of the heavy  
Nerve related pept  
H. pylori catalase  
H. pylori catalase  
Peptide for treati  
Isolated point  
Nerve related pept  
Alpha1-proteinase  
Synthetic peptide  
Peptide exhibiting  
NAP subsequence.  
NAP subsequence.  
Heavy chain CDRL o  
Seq ID No: 13 of U  
Nematode extracted  
Nematode extracted  
NAP domain fragmen  
Anti-HIV peptide w  
Anti-HIV peptide w  
Tea oloid peptide  
Glutathione pep  
Opioid peptide fro  
Peptide for treati  
VLA-4 binding pept  
Anti-HIV peptide w

PS Claim 1; Page 88; 91pp; English.

XX The present invention provides the protein and coding sequences of  
 CC anti-CD40 antibodies. These can be used in the treatment of cancer and  
 CC inflammatory and immune system diseases, including systemic lupus  
 CC erythematosus, scleroderma, inflammatory myositis, Sjogren's syndrome,  
 CC mixed connective tissue disease, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple  
 CC sclerosis, inflammatory bowel disease, acute respiratory distress  
 CC syndrome, pulmonary inflammation, osteoporosis, delayed type  
 CC hypersensitivity, asthma, primary biliary cirrhosis and idiopathic  
 CC thrombocytopenic purpura.

XX Sequence 6 AA:

SO Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 22; Length 6;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

DB 1 TGYIHH 6  
 1 tgyyih 6

RESULT 2  
 ID AAG65299 standard; protein; 6 AA.  
 XX AAG65299;  
 AC  
 XX 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)  
 DT  
 XX Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy chain CDR1 fragment.

DE IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;  
 KM neurotropic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiac;  
 KW immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX WO200158956-A2.  
 PN  
 XX 16-AUG-2001.  
 PD  
 XX 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.  
 PF  
 XX 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.  
 PR  
 XX (BAD1) BASF AG.  
 XX Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;  
 PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;  
 PI Lennard SN;  
 XX WPI; 2001-550020/61.  
 DR  
 XX Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human  
 PT interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,  
 PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
 PT autoimmune diseases -  
 XX Claim 25; Page 37; 91pp; English.

XX The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
 CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
 CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
 CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
 CC inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease,  
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders  
 CC (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and  
 CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
 CC as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders  
 CC (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18

CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
 CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
 CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
 CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
 CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy  
 CC chain CDR1 fragment.

XX Sequence 6 AA:

SO Query Match 100.0%; Score 37; DB 22; Length 6;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

DB 1 TGYIHH 6  
 1 tgyyih 6

RESULT 3  
 ID AAW95252 standard; peptide; 5 AA.  
 XX AAW95252;  
 AC  
 XX 11-MAR-1999 (first entry)  
 DT  
 XX Anti-progesterone antibody Vh region (clone 1578/p1) CDR H1 sequence.

DE ARM; protein selection; display; cell free system; genetic information;  
 KW reverse transcription; single-chain antibody; RT-PCR; primer; drug;  
 KW antibody-ribosome-mRNA complex; antibody engineering; progesterone;  
 KW testosterone; human  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX WO9854312-A1.  
 PN  
 XX 03-DEC-1998.  
 PD  
 XX 28-MAY-1998; 98WO-GB01564.  
 PF  
 XX 28-FEB-1998; 98GB-0004195.  
 PR  
 XX 28-MAY-1997; 97GB-0010829.  
 PR  
 XX 26-NOV-1997; 97GB-0024850.  
 XX  
 PA (BABR-) BABRAHAM INST.  
 XX He M, Tauszig MJ;  
 PI WPI; 1999-059832/05.  
 DR  
 XX In vitro display and evolution of proteins - by transcription and  
 PT translation of DNA in a cell free system, selection and recovery of  
 PT complexes and RT-PCR on RNA bound to ribosomes  
 XX Example 13; Fig 19; 62pp; English.

XX The invention relates to methods for the display and selection of  
 CC proteins or peptides and for recovery of the genetic material encoding  
 CC them. One method comprises (a) transcription and translation of DNA in a  
 CC cell free system such that complexed particles are formed, each  
 CC comprising at least one individual nascent protein or peptide or other  
 CC DNA expression product associated with one or more ribosomes and the  
 CC specific mRNA encoding the protein or peptide; (b) contacting the  
 CC complexed particles with a ligand, antigen, antibody or other agent in  
 CC order to select particles through binding to the protein or peptide  
 CC product; and (c) recovering the genetic information encoding the protein  
 CC or peptide as DNA by RT-PCR carried out on the mRNA while the latter  
 CC remains bound to the complexed particle. The steps of display, selection  
 CC and recovery can be repeated in consecutive cycles. The method is  
 CC exemplified using single-chain antibody constructs as antibody-ribosome-  
 CC mRNA complexes (ARMS). Methods in which the DNA is produced by RT-PCR,

CC methods for making antibodies of human, mouse or rat are also provided.  
 CC The methods can be used for the display and selection of single chain  
 CC antibody fragments from libraries, antibody engineering, selection of  
 CC human antibodies and selection of proteins from mRNA libraries. They can  
 CC also be used to select ligands for combining sites or receptors, such  
 CC ligands having potential uses as drugs or therapeutics. By carrying out the  
 CC RT-PCR recovery step directly on the intact ribosome complex without  
 CC prior dissociation to release the mRNA maximal efficiency and  
 CC sensitivity can be obtained. Peptides AAW95247 to AAW95271 represent  
 CC sequences of human anti-progesterone and anti-testosterone antibodies  
 CC isolated from an immunised transgenic mouse by AMW display.

SO Sequence 5 AA:

Query Match 78.4%; Score 29; DB 20; Length 5;  
 Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 GYTH 6  
 1 1111  
 1 9YTH 5

RESULT 4

AAB86299  
 ID AAB86299 standard; peptide: 5 AA.

AC AAB86299;

DT 13-SEP-2001 (first entry)

DE Murine derived antibody Wue-1 heavy chain variable region CDR-1.

KM Antibody; Wue-1; variable region; light chain; heavy chain; antitumor;  
 KM immunomodulatory; cognate antigen identification: autoimmune disease;  
 KM tumor; multiple myeloma; lymphoma; plasmacytoma; CDR-1.

OS Mus sp.

PN DE19962583-A1.

XX 28-JUN-2001.

PF 23-DEC-1999; 99DE-1062583.

PR 23-DEC-1999; 99DE-1062583.

PA (MUEL/) MUELLER-HERMELINK H K.  
 (GREI/) GREINER A.

PI Mueller-Hermelink HK, Greiner A;

DR WPI: 2001-426596/46.

PT New antibodies specific for plasma cells, useful for treatment and  
 PT diagnosis of autoimmune diseases and plasma cell tumors

PS Claim 1; Page 11; 18pp; German.

CC This invention describes novel antibodies (Ab) in which the variable  
 CC region (VR) of at least one chain and/or the VR of at least one heavy  
 CC chain includes at least one of 7 specified sequences, or fragments of  
 CC these sequences, or contain at least one light chain and/or heavy  
 CC chain encoded by specific nucleic acid sequences (I) and (II),  
 CC reproduced, or their fragments. The products of the invention have  
 CC antitumor and immunomodulatory activity. Ab, or other antibodies that  
 CC recognize the same antigen, are used: (i) to identify cognate antigens;  
 CC (ii) for specific labeling of plasma cells (PC), for identification or  
 CC separation, e.g. in an extracorporeal system; (iii) for generating  
 CC additional antibodies able to label PC; and (iv) for treating autoimmune  
 CC diseases and/or tumors, e.g. multiple myeloma, lymphoma and/or  
 CC plasmacytoma. Ab are specific for mature PC, i.e. they do not recognize

CC precursor stages, even though these precursors are used as immunogens. As  
 CC therapeutic agents, they should show fewer side effects than conventional  
 CC chemotherapeutic agents. This sequence represents the Wue-1 antibody  
 CC variable region heavy chain complementarity determining region CDR-1  
 CC fragment described in the method of the invention.

SO Sequence 5 AA:

Query Match 78.4%; Score 29; DB 22; Length 5;  
 Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 GYTH 6  
 1 1111  
 1 9YTH 5

RESULT 5

AAB21360  
 ID AAB21360 standard; peptide: 5 AA.

AC AAB21360;

DT 25-JAN-2001 (first entry)

DE Rat antibody 2C10 heavy chain variable region CDR I.

KM Rat; antibody 2C10; antiarthritic; immunosuppressive; neuroprotective;  
 KM antiinflammatory; antipsoriatic; interleukin-18; IL-18;  
 KM autoimmune disease; multiple sclerosis; rheumatoid arthritis;  
 KM type I diabetes; insulin dependent diabetes; IDDM; psoriasis;  
 KM inflammatory bowel disease; complementarity determining region; CDR.

OS Rattus norvegicus.

PN WO200056771-A1.

PD 28-SEP-2000.

PF 17-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US07349.

PR 19-MAR-1999; 99US-0125299.

PA (SMIK ) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORP.  
 (SMIK ) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM PLC.

PI Ho YS, Holmes SD, Taylor AH, Abecel-Meguid SS;

DR WPI: 2000-628249/60.

DR N-PSDB: AAA99639.

PT Novel anti-human interleukin (IL)-18 rodent neutralizing monoclonal  
 PT antibody having high affinity and useful for treating IL-18 mediated  
 PT disorders such as multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis and  
 PT psoriasis

PS Disclosure; Fig 2; 64pp; English.

CC The present sequence is complementarity determining region I (CDR I)  
 CC of the rat antibody 2C10 heavy chain variable region. The antibody has  
 CC high affinity for human interleukin-18 (IL-18) and is useful for treating  
 CC and diagnosing IL-18-mediated disorders, e.g. autoimmune diseases such as  
 CC multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, type I or insulin dependent  
 CC diabetes, inflammatory bowel disease and psoriasis. Specific changes can  
 CC be introduced into the nucleotide sequences encoding the CDRs or  
 CC framework regions of the variable light chain and heavy chain peptides.  
 CC The resulting modified or fusion nucleic acid sequences can then be  
 CC introduced into a plasmid for expression.

SO Sequence 5 AA:

Query Match 75.7%; Score 28; DB 21; Length 5;  
Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 GYIH 6  
| | | |  
1 gyfth 5

## RESULT 6

AAW76079  
ID AAR76079 standard; Peptide; 5 AA.

AC AAR76079;

DT 21-NOV-1995 (first entry)

DE Mab 55.1 heavy chain CDR1.

Antigen binding structure; complementarity determining region; CDR; CA55.1; colorectal cancer; tumor-associated antigen; hybridoma; monoclonal antibody; Mab; immunotherapy; therapy; diagnosis; transgenic animal; transgenic plant; antibody engineering; humanized antibody; immunotoxin.

OS Mus sp.

PN WO9515382-A.

PD 08-JUN-1995.

PF 29-NOV-1994; 94WO-GB02610.

PR 03-JUN-1994; 94GB-0011089.

PR 03-DEC-1993; 93GB-0024819.

PA (ZENE) ZENECA LTD.

PI Blakey DC, Boot C, Copley CG, Hall SM, Paterson DS;

PI Rose MS, Wright AF;

DR WPI: 1995-215262/28.

Antigen binding structures containing CDRs recognising the CA55.1 antigen - produced by hybridomas and host cells, for use in the diagnosis and therapy of cancer

Claim 2; Page 96; 121pp; English.

An antigen binding structure is based on the CDRs (given in AAR76078-84) of the heavy and light chains of Mab 55.1 (ECACC 93081901), which recognises the colorectal tumor-associated antigen CA55.1. It is optionally humanized and in the form F(ab')<sub>2</sub>, F(ab)', Fab, Fv, scFv or v-mIn, and is produced in transgenic animals or plants.

Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 73.0%; Score 27; DB 16; Length 5;  
Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 GYIH 6  
| | | |  
1 gyfth 5

## RESULT 7

AAW7347  
ID AAW7347 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

AC AAW7347;

XX AAW7347;

DT 12-DEC-1997 (first entry)

DE CDR1 from murine anti-human IgE receptor antibody light chain.

Complementarity determining region; CDR1; murine; mouse; human; high affinity; immunoglobulin E; receptor; monoclonal antibody; IgE; Mab; light chain; variable region; humanised; semi-chimeric; chimeric; treatment; prevention; disease; allergy.

OS Mus spp.

PN JP09191886-A.

PD 29-JUL-1997.

PF 19-JAN-1996; 96JP-0024816.

PR 19-JAN-1996; 96JP-0024816.

PA (ASA) ASAHI BREWERIES LTD.

PA (NIKK) NIKKA WHISKY KK.

PA (TORI) TORII YAKUHIN KK.

DR WPI: 1997-429186/40.

Humanised, semi-chimeric and chimeric antibodies against human high-affinity IgE receptor - useful medicinally and have low antigenicity in humans

Claim 1; Page 13; 26pp; Japanese.

The present complementarity determining region 1 (CDR1), which is from a murine, anti-human high affinity immunoglobulin E (IgE) receptor, monoclonal antibody (Mab) light chain variable region, can be used in the preparation of humanised or semi-chimeric anti-human high affinity IgE receptor Mab. The Mab can be used to treat or prevent diseases, specifically allergies, associated with the receptor. The humanised, semi-chimeric or chimeric Mab have very low antigenicity in humans.

Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 70.3%; Score 26; DB 18; Length 5;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 3 YIYH 6  
| | | |  
2 yfth 5

## RESULT 8

AAW42309  
ID AAW42309 standard; Peptide; 6 AA.

AC AAW42309;

DT 08-APR-1998 (first entry)

DE Biotinylated cross-linked interleukin-8 6-mer peptide ligand 16.

Bacteriophage peptide library; peptide epitope; therapeutic target; variegated compound library; interleukin-8; IL-8.

OS Synthetic.

PN WO9735194-A2.

PD 25-SEP-1997.

PF 21-MAR-1997; 97WO-US04176.



XX 21-MAR-1996; 96US-0622338.  
 PR (HARD ) HARVARD COLLEGE.  
 PA  
 XX  
 PI Forster AC;  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 1997-480355/44.  
 XX  
 PT Identifying compounds which interact with target molecules - using  
 PT enantiomers of the target molecules and testing of enantiomers of  
 PT selected compounds.  
 PS  
 PS Disclosure; Fig 7; 89pp; English.  
 CC 6-mer peptides AAM4294-309 are identified as ligands of a biotinylated,  
 CC cross-linked interleukin-8 (IL-8) target, using the method of the  
 CC invention. This novel method identifies compounds which interact with  
 CC a target molecule, and comprises contacting a screening molecule with  
 CC a variegated compound library, where the screening molecule comprises  
 CC solid target molecule, or the enantiomer if the target molecule is  
 CC chiral. Compounds which have a desired interaction with the target  
 CC molecule are selected, and the ability of their enantiomer to interact  
 CC with the target molecule is tested. Ligands for a target protein can be  
 CC identified by combining a D-enantiomer of a target protein (a D-target  
 CC protein), and a variegated compound library, and then selecting one or  
 CC more compounds from the library which have a desired binding interaction  
 CC with the D-target protein. The methods can be used for identifying  
 CC agonists or antagonists of targets such as receptors, enzymes, DNA  
 CC binding proteins or signal transduction proteins. The methods can  
 CC provide a structurally selective approach in addition to scoring for  
 CC interaction of functional groups. They provide a powerful selection  
 CC method that allows for the production of ligands with the same diversity  
 CC as peptides but with the greatly improved pharmacokinetic profiles needed  
 CC for drug activity.  
 CC  
 CC Sequence 6 AA:  
 SO  
 Query Match 70.3%; Score 26; DB 18; Length 6;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 OY 3 YYIH 6  
 Db 1 yih 4.  
 RESULT 9  
 ID AAB26978 standard; Peptide: 5 AA.  
 AC AAB26978;  
 XX  
 XX 25-JAN-2001 (first entry)  
 DT  
 XX  
 DE Rat antibody 14B7 heavy chain variable region CDR I.  
 XX  
 XX Rat; antibody 14B7; antiarthritic; immunosuppressive; neuroprotective;  
 KW antiinflammatory; antipsoriatic; interleukin-18; IL-18;  
 KW autoimmune disease; multiple sclerosis; rheumatoid arthritis;  
 KW type 1 diabetes; insulin dependent diabetes; IDDM; psoriasis;  
 KW inflammatory bowel disease; complementarity determining region; CDR.  
 OS  
 OS Rattus norvegicus.  
 XX  
 XX WO200056771-A1.  
 PN  
 PD 28-SEP-2000.  
 XX  
 PF 17-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US07349.  
 XX  
 PR 19-MAR-1999; 99US-0125299.

XX (SMK ) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORP.  
 PA (SMK ) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM PLC.  
 XX  
 XX  
 PI Ho YS, Holmes SD, Taylor AH, Abdel-Meguid SS;  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 2000-628249/60.  
 DR N-PSDB: AAA9655.  
 XX  
 PT Novel anti-human interleukin (IL)-18 rodent neutralizing monoclonal  
 PT antibody having high affinity and useful for treating IL-18 mediated  
 PT disorders such as multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis and  
 PT psoriasis -  
 PS  
 PS Disclosure; Fig 6; 64pp; English.  
 CC  
 CC The present sequence is complementarity determining region I (CDR I)  
 CC of the rat antibody 14B7 heavy chain variable region. The antibody has  
 CC high affinity for human interleukin-18 (IL-18) and is useful for treating  
 CC and diagnosing IL-18-mediated disorders, e.g. autoimmune diseases such as  
 CC multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, type I or insulin dependent  
 CC diabetes, inflammatory bowel disease and psoriasis. Specific changes can  
 CC be introduced into the nucleotide sequences encoding the CDRs or  
 CC framework regions of the variable light chain and heavy chain peptides.  
 CC The resulting modified or fusion nucleic acid sequences can then be  
 CC introduced into a plasmid for expression.  
 CC  
 CC Sequence 5 AA:  
 SO  
 Query Match 67.6%; Score 25; DB 21; Length 5;  
 Best Local Similarity 75.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 3; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 OY 3 YYIH 6  
 Db 2 yvvh 5  
 RESULT 10  
 ID AAR95324  
 ID AAR95324 standard; peptide; 5 AA.  
 AC AAR95324;  
 XX  
 XX 24-OCT-1996 (first entry)  
 DT  
 XX  
 DE Anti-thyroid peroxidase antibody clone SP1.2 heavy chain CDRI.  
 XX  
 XX Mutagenesis; Ig: immunoglobulin; FR: framework region; variable; CDR;  
 KW complementarity determining region; light; heavy chain; PCR;  
 KW polymerase chain reaction; antibody library; diversity; affinity;  
 KW immunospecificity; ds.  
 OS  
 OS Synthetic.  
 XX  
 XX WO9607754-A1.  
 PN  
 PD 14-MAR-1996.  
 XX  
 PF 01-SEP-1995; 95WO-US11235.  
 XX  
 PR 02-SEP-1994; 94US-0300386.  
 XX  
 XX (SCRI ) SCRIPPS RES INST.  
 PA  
 XX  
 PI Barbas CF, Burton DR, Lerner RA;  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 1996-171625/17.  
 XX  
 PT Oligo-nucleotide(s) for inducing mutagenesis in an Ig light chain  
 PT gene CDR - useful for prodn. of Ig heavy and light chain  
 PT combinatorial antibody libraries

XX Example 9C; Page 76; 125pp; English.

PS  
CC AAR95324, AAR95325 and AAR99005 are heavy chain complementarity  
CC determining regions (CDRs) 1, 2 and 3, respectively of an anti-thyroid  
CC peroxidase (TPO) antibody clone SPL.2. Several anti-TPO clones were made  
CC using mutagenic primers which induce mutations in the CDRs of the light  
CC and heavy chain variable regions, the primers pref. mutate CDR3 of a  
CC human Ig light chain. The mutagenic primers have sequences at their 3'  
CC and 5' ends both capable of binding different framework regions linked  
CC by a sequence 6 to 50 nucleotides long. Different immunoglobulins  
CC produced using the primers may be used to produce antibody libraries  
CC having diverse and novel immunospecificities and affinities. By using  
CC mutagenic ONS an extremely large population of different randomised  
CC binding sites can be created and use of the universal light chain  
CC increases the number of combinations which yield functional  
CC heterodimeric antibodies.

SO Sequence 5 AA:

QY 2 GYIH 6  
DB 1 ghyhm 5

Query Match 64.9%; Score 24; DB 17; Length 5;  
Best Local Similarity 60.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
Matches 3; Conservative 2; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 11  
AAY52749  
ID AAY52749 standard; Peptide: 5 AA.  
XX  
AC AAY52749;  
XX  
DT 26-JAN-2000 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Humanised ATR-5 H chain V region CDR1.  
XX  
KW Human tissue factor; TF; humanised; antibody; mouse monoclonal antibody;  
KW ATR-2; ATR-3; ATR-4; ATR-5; ATR-7; ATR-8; thrombotic disease; DIC;  
KW disseminated intravascular coagulation; immunogenicity; chimeric.  
XX  
OS Synthetic.  
OS Homo sapiens.  
XX  
XX WO9551743-A1.  
XX  
XX 14-OCT-1999.  
XX  
XX 02-APR-1999; 99WO-JP01768.  
XX  
XX 03-APR-1998; 98JP-0091850.  
XX  
XX (CHUS ) CHUGAI SEIYAKU KK.  
XX  
XX Sato K, Adachi H, Yabuta N;  
XX  
XX WPI; 1999-620204/53.  
XX  
PT Humanised antibody recognizing human tissue factor, used for treatment  
PT of disseminated intravascular coagulation -  
XX  
PS Claim 11; Page 271; 291pp; Japanese.

XX The present invention describes chimeric antibody (Ab) heavy (H) chains  
CC containing the variable region of the H chain of a mouse monoclonal Ab  
CC recognising human tissue factor (hrf) and the constant region of the H  
CC chain of a human Ab. The variable region is one of six specified  
CC sequences (which are the H chain variable regions from mouse monoclonal  
CC Ab's ATR-2,3,4,5,7 or 8). Also described are chimeric Ab light (L)  
CC chains containing the variable region of the L chain of a mouse

CC monoclonal Ab recognising human tissue factor (hrf) and the constant  
CC region of the L chain of a human Ab, the variable region being one of six  
CC specified sequences (which are the L chain variable regions from mouse  
CC monoclonal Ab's ATR-2,3,4,5,7 or 8). The chimeric Ab's can be used for  
CC the treatment and prevention of thrombotic disease, especially of  
CC disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC). The humanised antibody has  
CC the high hrf binding activity of the mouse monoclonal antibody but  
CC greatly reduced immunogenicity. AAZ33001 to AAZ33091 and Y527007 to  
CC AAY52767 represent sequences used in the exemplification of the present  
CC invention.

SO Sequence 5 AA:

QY 3 YYIH 6  
DB 2 yymh 5

Query Match 62.2%; Score 23; DB 20; Length 5;  
Best Local Similarity 75.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
Matches 3; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

RESULT 12  
AAB07960  
ID AAB07960 standard; peptide; 5 AA.  
XX  
AC AAB07960;  
XX  
DT 14-NOV-2000 (first entry)  
XX  
DE CDR1 sequence from an antibody with affinity for B7 molecules.  
XX  
XX Complementarity determining region; CDR; antibody; B7 molecule; B7-1;  
KW B7-2; humanised immunoglobulin; autoimmune disease; infectious disease;  
KW inflammatory disorder; systemic lupus erythematosus; diabetes mellitus;  
KW insulinitis; asthma; arthritis; inflammatory bowel disease; cancer;  
KW inflammatory dermatitis; multiple sclerosis; transplant rejection;  
KW proliferative disease; leukemia; lymphoma; anaemia; sickle-cell anaemia;  
KW thalassemia; aplastic anaemia; myeloid dysplasia syndrome.  
XX  
OS Mus sp.  
XX  
XX WO200047625-A2.  
XX  
XX 17-AUG-2000.  
XX  
XX 09-FEB-2000; 2000WO-US03303.  
XX  
XX 12-FEB-1999; 99US-0249011.  
XX  
XX 24-JUN-1999; 99US-0339596.  
XX  
XX (GEMV ) GENETICS INST INC.  
XX  
XX Co MS, Vasquez M, Carreno B, Celotker AC, Collins M, Goldman S;  
XX Gray GS, Knight A, O'hara D, Rup B, Veldman GW;  
XX  
XX WPI; 2000-524532/47.  
XX  
DR Humanized immunoglobulin having a binding specificity to B7-1 (derived  
XX from ATCC PTA-263), or B7-2 (derived from ATCC CRL-12524) molecules,  
XX PT modulates immune responses and can therefore treat e.g. autoimmune  
XX PT diseases, infectious diseases -  
XX  
XX  
XX  
PS Disclosure; Page 29; 162pp; English.

XX The present sequence represents a complementarity determining region  
CC (CDR) 1 from the heavy chain of an murine antibody with having a  
CC binding specificity to B7-1 molecules. The sequence is used to construct  
CC humanized immunoglobulins, which comprise an antigen binding region of  
CC non-human origin and a portion of a human immunoglobulin. The humanized  
CC immunoglobulins are useful for treating autoimmune diseases, infectious  
CC diseases, inflammatory disorders, systemic lupus erythematosus, diabetes

CC mellitus, insulinitis, asthma, arthritis, inflammatory bowel disease,  
 CC inflammatory dermatitis, and multiple sclerosis. The immunoglobulins are  
 CC also useful for treating a transplant recipient or preventing transplant  
 CC rejection in a transplant recipient, and treating proliferative disease  
 CC (leukemia, lymphoma and cancer), anaemia (sickle-cell anaemia,  
 CC thalassemia and aplastic anaemia), inborn errors of metabolism,  
 CC congenital immunodeficiency diseases, and myeloid dysplasia syndrome.  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 5 AA;  
 Query Match 62.2%; Score 23; DB 21; Length 5;  
 Best Local Similarity 75.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 3; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 3 YIYH 6  
 11:1  
 Db 2 yymh 5  
 RESULT 13  
 ID AAW87188 standard; peptide; 6 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAW87188;  
 XX  
 DT 09-FEB-1999 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Peptide determined by the method of the invention.  
 XX  
 KW Amino acid determination; molecular mass; fragmentation spectrum;  
 XX DNA cloning; anti-body; recombinant; modification; mass spectrometry.  
 XX  
 OS Synthetic.  
 XX  
 PN GB2325465-A.  
 XX  
 PD 25-NOV-1998.  
 XX  
 PF 22-MAY-1998; 98GB-0011196.  
 XX  
 PR 22-MAY-1997; 97GB-0010582.  
 XX  
 PA (OXFO-) OXFORD GLYCOSCIENCES UK LTD.  
 XX  
 PI Parekh RB, Prime SB, Townsend RR, Wedd NS;  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 1998-571195/49.  
 XX  
 PT Peptide sequence determination used in e.g. DNA cloning - by  
 XX comparing mass spectra of the unknown peptide with a library of  
 PT linear chain known peptide sequences  
 XX  
 PS Example 1; Page 20; 40pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC The invention relates to a method for determination of the amino acid  
 CC sequence of an unknown peptide. The method comprises (a) determining  
 CC the molecular mass and an experimental fragmentation spectrum for the  
 CC peptide; (b) comparing the experimental fragmentation spectrum of the  
 CC unknown peptide with a theoretical fragmentation spectra calculated for  
 CC a peptide library composed of all possible linear sequences of amino  
 CC acids having a total mass that corresponds to the molecular mass of the  
 CC unknown peptide; and (c) identifying a peptide in the library with a  
 CC theoretical fragmentation spectrum that most closely matches the  
 CC fragmentation spectrum of the unknown peptide. The method is useful in  
 CC DNA cloning, anti-body production, identification of recombinant  
 CC products, and the study of post-translational modifications. It allows  
 CC the sequence of unknown peptides or proteins with no sub-sequence  
 CC identity to be characterised using mass spectrometry. Sequences  
 CC AAW87101 to AAW87364 represent a library of linear peptides constructed  
 CC to exemplify the method. The isoleucine residue in these peptides can be  
 CC replaced by leucine to construct another 264 linear peptides to be  
 CC included in the library.

XX  
 SQ Sequence 6 AA;  
 Query Match 62.2%; Score 23; DB 19; Length 6;  
 Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 2 GYIYH 6  
 11:1  
 Db 1 gyeth 5  
 RESULT 14  
 ID AAW87190 standard; peptide; 6 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAW87190;  
 XX  
 DT 09-FEB-1999 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Peptide determined by the method of the invention.  
 XX  
 KW Amino acid determination; molecular mass; fragmentation spectrum;  
 XX DNA cloning; anti-body; recombinant; modification; mass spectrometry.  
 XX  
 OS Synthetic.  
 XX  
 PN GB2325465-A.  
 XX  
 PD 25-NOV-1998.  
 XX  
 PF 22-MAY-1998; 98GB-0011196.  
 XX  
 PR 22-MAY-1997; 97GB-0010582.  
 XX  
 PA (OXFO-) OXFORD GLYCOSCIENCES UK LTD.  
 XX  
 PI Parekh RB, Prime SB, Townsend RR, Wedd NS;  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 1998-571195/49.  
 XX  
 PT Peptide sequence determination used in e.g. DNA cloning - by  
 XX comparing mass spectra of the unknown peptide with a library of  
 PT linear chain known peptide sequences  
 XX  
 PS Example 1; Page 20; 40pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC The invention relates to a method for determination of the amino acid  
 CC sequence of an unknown peptide. The method comprises (a) determining  
 CC the molecular mass and an experimental fragmentation spectrum for the  
 CC peptide; (b) comparing the experimental fragmentation spectrum of the  
 CC unknown peptide with a theoretical fragmentation spectra calculated for  
 CC a peptide library composed of all possible linear sequences of amino  
 CC acids having a total mass that corresponds to the molecular mass of the  
 CC unknown peptide; and (c) identifying a peptide in the library with a  
 CC theoretical fragmentation spectrum that most closely matches the  
 CC fragmentation spectrum of the unknown peptide. The method is useful in  
 CC DNA cloning, anti-body production, identification of recombinant  
 CC products, and the study of post-translational modifications. It allows  
 CC the sequence of unknown peptides or proteins with no sub-sequence  
 CC identity to be characterised using mass spectrometry. Sequences  
 CC AAW87101 to AAW87364 represent a library of linear peptides constructed  
 CC to exemplify the method. The isoleucine residue in these peptides can be  
 CC replaced by leucine to construct another 264 linear peptides to be  
 CC included in the library.  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 6 AA;  
 Query Match 62.2%; Score 23; DB 19; Length 6;  
 Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 GYIH 6  
| | |  
Db 1 geyih 5

## RESULT 15

AAW19193  
ID AAW19193 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

XX  
AC AAW19193;

DT 06-AUG-1997 (first entry)

DE Isoelectric point marker peptide 52.

XX Label: fluorescent dye: isoelectric; point; PI; marker; focusing;  
KW fluorescence; capillary; stable.

XX Synthetic.

EP744614-A2.

XX  
PD 27-NOV-1996.

PF 29-MAR-1996; 96EP-0105113.

XX 19-OCT-1995; 95JP-0271196.

PR 31-MAR-1995; 95JP-0076873.

XX (MOLE-) LAB MOLECULAR BIOPHOTONICS.

PI Kasai K, Matsumoto H, Shimura K, Takamoto H;

WPI: 1997-001360/01.

PT Isoelectric point markers for isoelectric focusing - comprising  
fluorescence-labelled oligo:nucleotide(s)

XX Example; Page 11; 29pp; English.

XX The present peptide, when labelled with a fluorescent dye, can be  
CC used as an isoelectric point (PI) marker for isoelectric focusing  
CC with fluorescence. The dye is linked to the peptide's  
CC amino-terminal through an amide, thioamide, sulphonamide, urea,  
CC thiourea or urethane bond, and is rhodamine, fluorescein, cyanine,  
CC indocyanine, indocarbocyanine, pyronine, lucifer yellow,  
CC quinacrine, squarillium, coumarin, fluoroanthranil maleimide or  
anthracene. The marker can be used for capillary isoelectric  
CC focusing, and it is possible to construct peptide sets that cover  
CC a wide PI range and have good storage stability.  
XX The present peptide has a calculated PI value of 7.90.

XX Sequence 5 AA;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 56.8%; Score 21; DB 18; Length 5;  
Matches 3; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Caps 0;

QY 3 YYIH 6  
| | |  
Db 1 yyih 4

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 10:58:36  
Job time: 58 sec

GenCore version 4.5  
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2000 Compugen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:03:09 ; Search time 28.81 Seconds

(without alignments)  
15.422 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-11

Perfect score: 20

Sequence: 1 KEKA 4

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 747574 seqs, 11073796 residues

number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 9580

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 4

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

A\_Geneseq\_032802:\*

1: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1980.DAT:\*

2: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1981.DAT:\*

3: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1982.DAT:\*

4: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1983.DAT:\*

5: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1984.DAT:\*

6: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1985.DAT:\*

7: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1986.DAT:\*

8: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1987.DAT:\*

9: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1988.DAT:\*

10: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1989.DAT:\*

11: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1990.DAT:\*

12: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1991.DAT:\*

13: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1992.DAT:\*

14: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1993.DAT:\*

15: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1994.DAT:\*

16: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1995.DAT:\*

17: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1996.DAT:\*

18: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1997.DAT:\*

19: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1998.DAT:\*

20: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1999.DAT:\*

21: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA2000.DAT:\*

22: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA2001.DAT:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	20	100.0	4	22	AA65301
2	16	80.0	4	12	AA13812
3	16	80.0	4	19	AA120704
4	16	80.0	4	19	AA61781
5	16	80.0	4	22	AA62145
6	15	75.0	4	21	AA90390
7	13	65.0	4	19	AA56198
8	13	65.0	4	17	AAW05773
9	12	60.0	4	5	AA40366
10	12	60.0	4	13	AA23938
11	12	60.0	4	16	AA75498

12	12	60.0	4	16	AA75499
13	12	60.0	4	18	AAW27455
14	12	60.0	4	18	AAW27456
15	12	60.0	4	18	AAW27457
16	12	60.0	4	18	AAW24497
17	12	60.0	4	19	AAW64563
18	12	60.0	4	19	AAW17399
19	12	60.0	4	20	AAV42628
20	12	60.0	4	20	AAV31051
21	12	60.0	4	21	AAW35866
22	12	60.0	4	21	AAW35867
23	12	60.0	4	21	AAW35874
24	12	60.0	4	21	AAW35875
25	12	60.0	4	21	AAW65960
26	12	60.0	4	22	AAE07173
27	12	60.0	4	22	AAW91662
28	11	55.0	3	21	AAV66971
29	11	55.0	3	22	AAW92359
30	11	55.0	4	2	AA10658
31	11	55.0	4	5	AA40354
32	11	55.0	4	5	AA40411
33	11	55.0	4	6	AA550015
34	11	55.0	4	12	AA13804
35	11	55.0	4	12	AA12867
36	11	55.0	4	12	AA12870
37	11	55.0	4	12	AA13803
38	11	55.0	4	12	AA13806
39	11	55.0	4	12	AA13808
40	11	55.0	4	13	AA27101
41	11	55.0	4	14	AA332109
42	11	55.0	4	14	AA34871
43	11	55.0	4	14	AA38103
44	11	55.0	4	14	AA39390
45	11	55.0	4	15	AA54863

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

AA65301

AA65301 standard; protein; 4 AA.

AC

AA65301:

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

XX

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy chain CDR3 fragment.

XX

KW IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;

KW neotropic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;

KW immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; ZEL.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

OS

PN WO200158956-A2.

XX

PD 16-AUG-2001.

XX

PF 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

XX

PR 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

XX

PA (BADI) BASF AG.

XX

PI Chayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;

PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Manovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;

PI Leonard SN;

XX

DR WPI; 2001-550020/61.

XX

PT Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human

PT Interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,

C5a receptor-antag

Beta-endorphin C-t

Beta-endorphin C-t

Beta-endorphin C-t

Immoblised fluore

Retrapptide used

Acetyl-Lys-D-Lys-S

Murine melanoma an

Non-crosslinked pr

Peptide used to mo

Peptide used to mo

Peptide used to mo

Peptide used to mo

T cell antigen rec

Mini C-peptide to

Opioide peptide SEQ

T cell antigen rec

Miscellaneous pept

Analgesic tetrapep

Sequence of hydrol

Chromogenic serine

Sequence of a clea

Factor Xa substrat

Chromogenic substr

Factor Xa substrat

Factor Xa substrat

Factor Xa substrat

Sequence of tetrap

Sequence of blood

Endothelin binding

Protease-labile fr

Factor Xa cleavage

Factor Xa cleavage

PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
 PT autoimmune diseases -  
 XX  
 XX  
 PS  
 XX  
 Claim 25; Page 37; 91pp. English.  
 CC  
 CC The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
 CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
 CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
 CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
 CC inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease,  
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders  
 CC (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and  
 CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
 CC as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders  
 CC (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18  
 CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
 CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
 CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
 CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
 CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 heavy  
 CC chain CDR3 fragment.

SQ Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 20; DB 22; Length 4;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Oy 1 KEGA 4  
 ||||  
 Db 1 kega 4

RESULT 2

AAR13812  
 ID AAR13812 standard; Protein; 4 AA.

XX  
 AC AAR13812;

XX  
 DT 07-NOV-1991 (firs entry)

XX  
 DE Factor Xa substrate peptide (10).

XX  
 KW Assay; factor Xa; substrate; affinity.

XX  
 OS Synthetic.

XX  
 Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1 /note= "ethyl-D-Lysine(carboxybenzoxy)"

FT Modified-site 4 /note= "L-Arg-HCl"

XX  
 PN WO9112338-A.

XX  
 PD 22-AUG-1991.

XX  
 PF 31-DEC-1990; 90WO-FR00974.

XX  
 PR 19-FEB-1990; 90FR-0001965.

XX  
 PA (SERB-) SERBIO.

XX  
 PI Quentin G, Martinoli JL;

XX  
 DR WPI; 1991-267149/36.

PT New labelled tri- or tetra-peptide derivs. - substrates for  
 PT factor Xa assay, with better affinity, selectivity or water  
 PT solubility  
 XX  
 PS Example 91; Page 25; 46pp. French.

XX  
 CC The peptides represented in AAR13803-12 are examples of a generic  
 CC formula. They are substrates for assaying factor Xa (an enzyme  
 CC involved in haemostasis). Compared with known substrates they have  
 CC better affinity, selectivity and/or water solubility.  
 XX

SQ Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 80.0%; Score 16; DB 12; Length 4;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 3; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Oy 1 KEG 3  
 ||||  
 Db 1 keg 3

RESULT 3

AAY20704  
 ID AAY20704 standard; Protein; 4 AA.

XX  
 AC AAY20704;

XX  
 DT 22-JUL-1999 (first entry)

XX  
 DE Human neurofilament-M wild type protein fragment 46.

XX  
 KW Human; beta-amyloid precursor protein; beta-Ap4; diagnosis; cancer;  
 KW frameshift mutation; age-related disease; neurodegenerative disorder;  
 KW Alzheimer's disease; Down's syndrome; myotonic dystrophy; neuronal;  
 KW Huntington's disease; multiple sclerosis; alcoholic liver disease;  
 KW diabetes mellitus type II; microtubule associated protein; Tau; Big Tau;  
 KW ubiquitin B; apolipoprotein E; MAP2; neurofilament-L; neurofilament-M;  
 KW neurofilament-F; presenilin I; presenilin II; cellular tumour antigen;  
 KW glial fibrillary acidic protein; GFAP; p53; semaphorin III; HSP-1;  
 KW bcl-2; B-cell leukemia/lymphoma 2 proto-oncogene; HMG-C; NSP-A;  
 KW high mobility group protein-C; neuroendocrine specific protein A.

XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.

XX  
 PN WO9845322-A2.

XX  
 PD 15-OCT-1998.

XX  
 PF 02-APR-1998; 98WO-IB00705.

XX  
 PR 10-APR-1997; 97US-0043163.

XX  
 PA (UYUT-) RIJKSUNIV UTRECHT.

XX  
 PA (ROYA-) ROYAL NETHERLANDS ACAD ARTS & SCI.

XX  
 PA (UYRO-) UNIV ROTTERDAM ERASMUS.

XX  
 PI Burdach JPH, Grosveld FG, Van Leeuwen FW;

XX  
 DR WPI; 1998-609901/51.

XX  
 DR N-PSDB; AAX75759.

PT Diagnosing disease by detecting frameshift mutations in RNA or  
 PT corresponding protein mutations - used to diagnose cancer and  
 PT neurological diseases, particularly Alzheimer's disease, and also  
 PT for treatment and prevention with specific ribozymes or wild-type  
 PT RNA  
 XX  
 PS Disclosure: Figure 8; 258pp; English.

XX  
 CC This invention describes a novel method for the diagnosis of a disease  
 CC caused by, or associated with, an RNA molecule that has a frameshift  
 CC mutation. The method is used to diagnose age-related diseases, especially  
 CC cancer and a wide range of neurodegenerative disorders (e.g. Alzheimer's  
 CC disease, Down's syndrome, myotonic dystrophy, Huntington's disease,  
 CC multiple sclerosis, alcoholic liver disease, diabetes mellitus type II  
 CC and many others listed) or susceptibility to these disorders. The method

CC allows a definitive diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease in living patients,  
CC at an early stage. It is based on the observation that disease may be  
CC caused by mutations in RNA rather than DNA. The invention describes the  
CC use of neuronal system RNA molecules, specifically proteins including  
CC beta-amyloid precursor protein (beta-APP), the microtubule associated  
CC proteins Tau and Big Tau, ubiquitin B, apolipoprotein E, microtubule  
CC associated protein 2 (MAP2), neurofilament-L, neurofilament-M,  
CC neurofilament-F, presenilin 1, presenilin 2, glial fibrillary acidic  
CC protein (GFAP), the cellular tumour antigen p53, B-cell leukemia/lymphoma  
CC 2 (bcl-2) proto-oncogene, semaphorin III, Hsp-1, high mobility group  
CC protein-C (HMGp-C) and neuroendocrine specific protein A.  
CC  
XX

Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 80.0%; Score 16; DB 19; Length 4;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
Matches 3; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;

QY 1 KEG 3  
DB 1 KEG 3

RESULT 4

AAW81781 standard; Protein; 4 AA.

AAW81781;

23-FEB-1999 (first entry)

Human HE4 epitope peptide #1.

HE4: epididymis-specific; diagnosis; male infertility; treatment;  
sterility; immunosterilisation.

Homo sapiens.

EP878544-A1.

18-NOV-1998.

29-JAN-1991; 91EP-0250021.

30-NOV-1990; 90DE-4038189.

01-FEB-1990; 90DE-4002981.

(IHFH-) IHF INST HORMON & FORTPFLANZUNGS.

Ivell R, Kirchhoff C;

WPI; 1998-585748/50.

DNA encoding human epididymis polypeptides - useful for, e.g.

diagnosis of male infertility

Example 9; Page 19; 29pp; German.

This sequence represents a novel human epididymis-specific protein, HE4  
CC epitope fragment. This protein may be used for cloning and for expression  
CC of human epididymis-specific polypeptides in prokaryotic or eukaryotic  
CC host cells. Such proteins and antibodies generated from them may be used  
CC for diagnosis of e.g. male infertility. The polypeptides and antibodies  
CC may also be used for treatment of male infertility and for  
CC immunosterilisation of mammals.

Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 80.0%; Score 16; DB 19; Length 4;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
Matches 3; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0;

QY 1 KEG 3  
DB 2 KEG 4

RESULT 5

AAW62145 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

AAW62145;

29-MAY-2001 (first entry)

P. falciparum FCRA3 varCSA protein fragment.

FCRA3 varCSA protein; chondroitin sulfate A (CSA) var gene; PFEMP1;  
CC erythrocyte membrane protein 1; parasitized red blood cell; PRBC;  
CC malaria; protozoacide.

Plasmodium falciparum.

WO200116326-A2.

08-MAR-2001.

01-SEP-2000; 2000WO-US24195.

01-SEP-1999; 99US-0152023.

(USSH ) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES.

Scherf A, Miller LH, Gamain B, Baruch DI, Buffet P, Scheidig C;

Gysin J, Fouvelle B, Fujil N, Smith J;

WPI; 2001-235109/24.

Novel FCRA3 varCSA protein, useful for modulating parasitized red blood

cell binding, sequestration and onset of maternal malaria -

Disclosure; Page 21; 78pp; English.

The invention relates to a P. falciparum FCRA3 varCSA protein, that is

capable of binding to chondroitin sulfate A (CSA). The var gene and the

corresponding P. falciparum erythrocyte membrane protein 1 (PFEMP1)

modulate adhesion of parasitized red blood cell (PRBC) to CSA. The

CC protein and the encoding gene are useful for treating and preventing

CC maternal malaria in a patient afflicted at a risk for contracting

CC present sequence represents a fragment of the P. falciparum FCRA3 varCSA

protein.

QY 1 KEG 3  
DB 1 KEG 3

RESULT 6

AAW90390 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

AAW90390;

15-JAN-2001 (first entry)

Tumour necrosis factor inhibitor peptide #15.

XX Tumour necrosis factor; inhibitor; TNF-alpha; TNF p55 receptor; cachexia;  
 KW TNF p75 receptor; sepsis syndrome; circulatory collapse; infection;  
 KW immune disorder; autoimmune disorder; systemic lupus erythematosus;  
 KW rheumatoid arthritis; alcohol-induced hepatitis; inflammatory disorder;  
 KW sarcoidosis; Crohn's disease; vascular inflammatory disease; therapy;  
 KW disseminated intravascular coagulation; graft-versus-host disease;  
 KW Rawasaki's disease; malignant disorder; TNF-alpha-secreting tumour.  
 OS Synthetic.  
 XX  
 XX US6107273-A.  
 XX  
 XX 22-AUG-2000.  
 XX  
 XX 24-JAN-1995; 95US-0377781.  
 XX  
 XX 24-JAN-1995; 95US-0377781.  
 XX  
 XX (UYJE-) UNIV JEFFERSON THOMAS.  
 XX  
 XX Jameson BA, Noe M:  
 XX  
 XX WPI; 2000-571331/53.  
 XX  
 XX Novel tumor necrosis factor inhibitors for treating disorders mediated  
 PT by tumor necrosis factor alpha activity e.g. autoimmune disorders,  
 PT pathogenic infections, malignant tumors and cachexia -  
 XX  
 XX PS Disclosure; Column 8; 17pp; English.  
 XX  
 XX This sequence represents a fragment of a tumour necrosis factor inhibitor  
 CC of the invention. The inhibitors are antagonists of tumour necrosis  
 CC factor-alpha (TNF-alpha), comprising less than 15 amino acids, having  
 CC restricted conformation and capable of binding to TNF p55 and/or TNF p75  
 CC receptor. The inhibitors are useful for treating a disease or condition  
 CC mediated by TNF-alpha such as sepsis syndrome, cachexia, circulatory  
 CC collapse and shock resulting from acute or chronic bacterial infection;  
 CC acute and chronic parasitic or infectious processes, including bacterial,  
 CC viral and fungal infections; acute and chronic immune and autoimmune  
 CC disorder, such as systemic lupus erythematosus and rheumatoid arthritis,  
 CC alcohol-induced hepatitis; chronic inflammatory disorder such as  
 CC sarcoidosis and Crohn's disease; vascular inflammatory disorder such as  
 CC disseminated intravascular coagulation, graft-versus-host disease,  
 CC Rawasaki's disease, and malignant disorders involving TNF-alpha-secreting  
 CC tumours.  
 XX  
 XX SO Sequence 4 AA:  
 XX  
 XX Query Match 75.0%; Score 15; DB 21; Length 4;  
 XX Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 XX Matches 3; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 XX  
 XX QY 2 EGA 4  
 XX III  
 XX Db 1 ega 3  
 XX  
 XX RESULT 7  
 XX AAW56198  
 XX ID AAW56198 standard; peptide: 3 AA.  
 XX  
 XX AC AAW56198;  
 XX  
 XX DT 20-JUL-1998 (first entry)  
 XX  
 XX DE Anti-inflammatory tripeptide.  
 XX  
 XX Anti-inflammatory; macrophage inhibitory activity; fibronectin;  
 KW T-cell inhibitory activity; adherence; extracellular matrix;  
 KW up-regulation; fas receptor expression; inflammation.  
 XX

OS Synthetic.  
 XX  
 XX WO9809985-A2.  
 XX  
 XX 12-MAR-1998.  
 XX  
 XX PD 03-SEP-1997; 97WO-IL00295.  
 XX  
 XX PF 28-MAY-1997; 97US-0864301.  
 XX PR 03-SEP-1996; 96US-0023376.  
 XX PR 20-NOV-1996; 96US-0753141.  
 XX  
 XX (YEDA ) YEDA RES & DEV CO LTD.  
 XX  
 XX Beserman P, Eisenbachschwartz M, Hirschberg DL;  
 XX  
 XX WPI; 1998-193550/17.  
 XX  
 XX Anti-inflammatory peptides and derivatives - used for treating, e.g.  
 PT arthritis, ulcerative colitis, auto-immune disease, allergy asthma,  
 PT shock, HIV infection, transplant rejection or Alzheimer's disease  
 XX  
 XX PS Claim 5; Page 34; 42pp; English.  
 XX  
 XX AAW56171-248 represent anti-inflammatory tripeptides of the invention.  
 CC They are derived from the formulae:  
 CC Xaa-Glu-Arg, Arg-Glu-Xaa, Xaa-Arg-Glu, or Glu-arg-Xaa, where  
 CC Xaa = any amino acid residue.  
 CC Cyclic derivatives of the peptides also function as anti-inflammatory  
 CC agents. The peptides can be covalently linked to one another either  
 CC directly or through a spacer. The peptides and their derivatives have  
 CC macrophage inhibitory and T-cell inhibitory activity and thus,  
 CC anti-inflammatory activity. The peptides and compositions have  
 CC anti-immune activity, i.e. inhibitory effects against a cellular and  
 CC humoral immune response, including a response not associated with  
 CC inflammation. The peptides also inhibit the ability of macrophages and  
 CC T-cells to adhere to extracellular matrix components and fibronectin, as  
 CC well as up-regulated fas receptor expression in T-cells. They can be  
 CC used to inhibit unwanted immune reaction and inflammation.  
 XX  
 XX SO Sequence 3 AA:  
 XX  
 XX Query Match 65.0%; Score 13; DB 19; Length 3;  
 XX Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 XX Matches 2; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 XX  
 XX QY 1 KEG 3  
 XX III  
 XX Db 1 reg 3  
 XX  
 XX RESULT 8  
 XX AAW05773  
 XX ID AAW05773 standard; peptide: 4 AA.  
 XX  
 XX AC AAW05773;  
 XX  
 XX DT 28-JUL-1997 (first entry)  
 XX  
 XX DE Presentin-1-1 residues 109-112.  
 XX  
 XX Presentin-1; human; hps1-1; hps1-2; integral membrane protein; AD;  
 KW familial Alzheimer's disease; cerebral haemorrhage; schizophrenia;  
 KW depression; antibody; gene expression modulator; therapy; muten.  
 XX  
 XX OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 XX PN WO9634099-A2.  
 XX  
 XX PD 31-OCT-1996.  
 XX  
 XX PF 29-APR-1996; 96WO-CA00263.  
 XX



XX 31-JUN-1995; 95US-0509359.  
 PR 28-APR-1995; 95US-0431048.  
 PR 28-JUN-1995; 95US-0496841.  
 XX  
 PA (HSCR-) HSC RES & DEV LP.  
 PA (UTOR ) UNIV TORONTO GOVERNING COUNCIL.  
 XX  
 PI Fraser PE, Rommens JM, St George-Hyslop PH;  
 DR WPI; 1996-497631/49.  
 XX  
 PT New presenilin genes - useful for diagnosis, therapy and drug  
 PT screening of familial Alzheimer's disease, cerebral disorders, etc.  
 XX  
 PS Claim 71; Page -: 178pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC AAW05768-W05788 represent antigenic fragments of the human  
 CC presenilin-1 protein (see AAW05733 for wild type sequence). AAW05734  
 CC represents a different wild type form of presenilin-1 that results from  
 CC alternate splicing of the genomic DNA sequence. The presenilins are a  
 CC family of highly conserved integral membrane proteins with a common  
 CC structural motif, common alternate splicing patterns, and common  
 CC mutational hot spot regions. Mutations in PS genes are implicated in  
 CC familial Alzheimer's disease (AD) and possibly other diseases such as  
 CC cerebral haemorrhage, schizophrenia, depression etc., so detection of  
 CC mutations in the DNA encoding the wild type sequences can be used for  
 CC diagnosis of these diseases. The wild type proteins, or vectors that  
 CC express them or containing antisense sequences, antibodies selective for  
 CC these mutant forms of the proteins and modulators of PS gene expression  
 CC are potentially useful for treatment of AD etc. Transgenic animals are  
 CC useful as models for drug screening. The antibodies can also be used e.g.  
 CC for affinity purification and in immunoassays.  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 4 AA;  
 XX  
 Query Match 65.0%; Score 13; DB 17; Length 4;  
 Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 2; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 KEG 3  
 1:1  
 Db 1 kdq 3  
 XX  
 RESULT 9  
 AAP40366  
 IT AAP40366 standard; peptide: 4 AA.  
 AC  
 AC AAP40366;  
 XX  
 DT 11-FEB-1992 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Sequence of inhibitor of pancreatic and leucocytic elastase.  
 XX  
 KM Pancreatitis therapy; emphysema; arthritis.  
 XX  
 FH Key location/Qualifiers  
 FT Modified-site 1  
 FT /label= N-alpha-ac-asp  
 FT  
 PN BE897844-A.  
 XX  
 PD 16-JAN-1984.  
 XX  
 PF 27-SEP-1983; 83BE-0897844.  
 XX  
 PR 01-OCT-1982; 82CS-0007013.  
 XX  
 PA (SPOF ) SPOFA SPOJENE PODN.  
 PA (KASA/) KASAFIREK E.  
 XX

PI Kasafirek E, Eric P, Slaby J, Roudalova A;  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 1984-037109/07.  
 XX  
 PT Tri:peptide and tetra:peptide elastase inhibitors - used to treat  
 PT acute pancreatitis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease e.g.  
 PT emphysema and some forms of arthritis  
 XX  
 PS Claim 9; Page 13; 19pp; French.  
 XX  
 CC The peptides of the invention may be used to treat acute  
 CC pancreatitis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (pulmonary  
 CC emphysema) and certain forms of arthritis.  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 4 AA;  
 XX  
 Query Match 60.0%; Score 12; DB 5; Length 4;  
 Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 2; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 2 EGA 4  
 :11  
 Db 1 dga 3  
 XX  
 RESULT 10  
 AAP23938  
 ID AAP23938 standard; Protein: 4 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAP23938;  
 XX  
 DT 15-NOV-1992 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Lactoferrin-introduced peptide (8).  
 XX  
 KM Human lactoferrin; LF; transformation; ss.  
 XX  
 OS Synthetic.  
 XX  
 PN JP04108390-A.  
 XX  
 PD 09-APR-1992.  
 XX  
 PF 29-AUG-1990; 90JP-0227619.  
 XX  
 PR 29-AUG-1990; 90JP-0227619.  
 XX  
 PA (SNOW ) SNOW BRAND MILK PRO.  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 1992-171655/21.  
 XX  
 PT Introduction of foreign genes into animal cells - using a  
 PT complex comprising the gene with lactoferrin.  
 XX  
 PS Disclosure; Page 5; 10pp; Japanese.  
 XX  
 CC The sequences given in AAP23931 - AAP23938 are synthetic peptides which  
 CC were introduced into human lactoferrin (LF) by introducing the DNA  
 CC encoding the peptide into the human LF gene and then incubating the  
 CC mixture. The introduction of the peptide caused increased  
 CC transformation rates compared to unmodified LF and this method could  
 CC be used to introduce an exogenous gene into an animal cell with no  
 CC stress.  
 CC  
 SQ Sequence 4 AA;  
 XX  
 Query Match 60.0%; Score 12; DB 13; Length 4;  
 Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 2; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 KEG 3

Db 2 kg 4

## RESULT 11

AAW75498 standard; Peptide; 4 AA.

AAW75498;

13-NOV-1995 (first entry)

C5a receptor-antagonist core tetrapeptide.

C5a; C5a receptor-antagonist; antiinflammatory.

Homo sapiens.

WO9516033-A.

15-JUN-1995.

16-NOV-1994; 94WO-IB00359.

06-DEC-1993; 93US-0162591.

(CIBA ) CIBA GEIGY AG.

Boyar WC, Galakatos NG, Peppard JV, Van Oostrum J;

WPI; 1995-224319/29.

C5a receptor antagonists having no agonist activity - are used in

compsns. to treat C5a-mediated diseases and inflammatory conditions

Disclosure; Page 36; 65pp; English.

Polypeptide receptor antagonists to C5a contain an essential core

tetrapeptide (AAW75498 or AAR75499) or core tripeptide (DGA) which

displays C5a blocking activity.

Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 60.0%; Score 12; DB 16; Length 4;

Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;

Matches 2; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

2 EGA 4

2 dga 4

## RESULT 12

AAW75499 standard; Peptide; 4 AA.

AAW75499;

13-NOV-1995 (first entry)

C5a receptor-antagonist core tetrapeptide.

C5a; C5a receptor-antagonist; antiinflammatory.

Homo sapiens.

WO9516033-A.

15-JUN-1995.

16-NOV-1994; 94WO-IB00359.

06-DEC-1993; 93US-0162591.

(CIBA ) CIBA GEIGY AG.

Boyar WC, Galakatos NG, Peppard JV, Van Oostrum J;

WPI; 1995-224319/29.

C5a receptor antagonists having no agonist activity - are used in

compsns. to treat C5a-mediated diseases and inflammatory conditions

Disclosure; Page 36; 65pp; English.

Polypeptide receptor antagonists to C5a contain an essential core

tetrapeptide (AAW75498 or AAR75499) or core tripeptide (DGA) which

displays C5a blocking activity.

Sequence 4 AA;

Query Match 60.0%; Score 12; DB 16; Length 4;

Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;

Matches 2; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

2 EGA 4

2 dga 3

## RESULT 13

AAW27455 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

AAW27455;

21-APR-1998 (first entry)

Beta-endorphin C-terminal fragment 1.

Beta-endorphin; diabetes mellitus; glucose uptake; insulin; muscle.

Class Mammalia.

WO9735608-A1.

02-OCT-1997.

21-MAR-1997; 97WO-GB00795.

22-MAR-1996; 96GB-0006076.

(UNBI ) UNIV BIRMINGHAM.

Smith ME;

WPI; 1997-489388/45.

Use of peptide including active carboxy-terminal fragment of

beta-endorphin - to treat diabetes mellitus or increase uptake of

blood glucose in muscle

Claim 8; Page 11; 18pp; English.

This peptide is an active carboxy-terminal fragment derived from

beta-endorphin. The peptide or an active analogue can be used in the

manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of diabetes mellitus, by

increasing uptake of blood glucose in muscle. The peptide does not

include the opioid amino-terminal region of beta-endorphin, and enhances

uptake of glucose into muscle by a non-insulin dependent route.

Query Match 60.0%; Score 12; DB 18; Length 4;  
 Best Local Similarity 66.7%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 2; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 KEG 3  
 1:1  
 Db 1 Kkg 3

## RESULT 14

AAW27456  
 ID AAW27456 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

XX AC AAW27456;

XX DT 21-APR-1998 (first entry)

XX DE Beta-endorphin C-terminal fragment 2.

XX KW Beta-endorphin; diabetes mellitus; glucose uptake; insulin; muscle.

XX C Class Mammalia.

XX PN WO9735608-A1.

XX PD 02-OCT-1997.

XX PF 21-MAR-1997; 97WO-GB00795.

XX PR 22-MAR-1996; 96GB-0006076.

XX PA (UNBI ) UNIV BIRMINGHAM.

XX PI Smith ME;

XX DR WPI; 1997-489388/45.

XX PT Use of peptide including active carboxy-terminal fragment of

XX PT beta-endorphin - to treat diabetes mellitus or increase uptake of

XX XX blood glucose in muscle

XX PS Claim 8; Page 11; 18pp; English.

XX CC This peptide is an active carboxy-terminal fragment derived from

XX CC beta-endorphin. The peptide or an active analogue can be used in the

XX CC manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of diabetes mellitus, by

XX CC increasing uptake of blood glucose in muscle. The peptide does not

XX CC include the oploid amino-terminal region of beta-endorphin, and enhances

XX CC uptake of glucose into muscle by a non-insulin dependent route.

XX SQ Sequence 4 AA;

QY 1 KEG 3  
 1:1  
 Db 1 Kkg 3

## RESULT 15

AAW27457  
 ID AAW27457 standard; peptide; 4 AA.

XX AC AAW27457;

XX DT 21-APR-1998 (first entry)

XX DE Beta-endorphin C-terminal fragment 3.

XX KW Beta-endorphin; diabetes mellitus; glucose uptake; insulin; muscle.

XX OS Class Mammalia.

XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers

XX FT Modified-site 1 /note= "N-terminal acetyl"

XX FT Misc-difference 2 /note= "D-form residue"

XX FT Modified-site 3 /label= Megly

XX FT /note= "Sarcosine"

XX PN WO9735608-A1.

XX PD 02-OCT-1997.

XX PF 21-MAR-1997; 97WO-GB00795.

XX PR 22-MAR-1996; 96GB-0006076.

XX PA (UNBI ) UNIV BIRMINGHAM.

XX PI Smith ME;

XX DR WPI; 1997-489388/45.

XX PT Use of peptide including active carboxy-terminal fragment of

XX PT beta-endorphin - to treat diabetes mellitus or increase uptake of

XX XX blood glucose in muscle

XX PS Claim 12; Page 11; 18pp; English.

XX CC This peptide is an active carboxy-terminal fragment derived from

XX CC beta-endorphin. The peptide or an active analogue can be used in the

XX CC manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of diabetes mellitus, by

XX CC increasing uptake of blood glucose in muscle. Although a known

XX CC peptide, this modified form is more stable and can be administered

XX CC orally, as compared to the unmodified form which is given

XX CC intravenously, subcutaneously or intramuscularly. The peptide does not

XX CC include the oploid amino-terminal region of beta-endorphin, and enhances

XX CC uptake of glucose into muscle by a non-insulin dependent route.

XX SQ Sequence 4 AA;

QY 1 KEG 3  
 1:1  
 Db 1 Kkg 3

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:06:35

Job time: 206 sec



GenCore version 4.5  
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:14:55 ; Search time 28.74 Seconds

(without alignments)  
27.053 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-13

Perfect score: 39

Sequence: 1 GKNNRPS 7

Scoring table:

Search: 747574 seqs, 11073796 residues

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

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22: /SIDSI/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneseq-emb1/AA2001.DAT:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

#### SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	39	100.0	7	21	AAV95196	Anti-platelet glyco
2	39	100.0	7	21	AAV95217	Anti-platelet glyco
3	39	100.0	7	22	AAV95303	Anti-IL-18 antibod
4	34	87.2	7	22	AAV953624	Complementarity de
5	29	74.4	7	20	AAV95691	Abi variable light
6	24	61.5	7	19	AAV95828	Light chain CDR3 o
7	24	61.5	7	19	AAV95831	Light chain CDR2 o
8	24	61.5	7	21	AAV95010	Anti-IL12 antibod
9	23	59.0	7	20	AAV950303	Human anti-GR1b/I
10	23	59.0	7	21	AAV950605	Anti-IL6 antibody
11	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95904	Anti-IL-12 antibo

12	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95001	Anti-IL12 antibod
13	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95002	Anti-IL12 antibod
14	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95003	Anti-IL12 antibod
15	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95004	Anti-IL12 antibod
16	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95005	Anti-IL12 antibod
17	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95006	Anti-IL12 antibod
18	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95007	Anti-IL12 antibod
19	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95008	Anti-IL12 antibod
20	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95009	Anti-IL12 antibod
21	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95010	Anti-IL12 antibod
22	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95011	Anti-IL12 antibod
23	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95012	Anti-IL12 antibod
24	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95013	Anti-IL12 antibod
25	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95014	Anti-IL12 antibod
26	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95015	Anti-IL12 antibod
27	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95016	Anti-IL12 antibod
28	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95017	Anti-IL12 antibod
29	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95018	Anti-IL12 antibod
30	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95019	Anti-IL12 antibod
31	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95020	Anti-IL12 antibod
32	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95021	Anti-IL12 antibod
33	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95022	Anti-IL12 antibod
34	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95023	Anti-IL12 antibod
35	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95024	Anti-IL12 antibod
36	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95025	Anti-IL12 antibod
37	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95026	Anti-IL12 antibod
38	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95027	Anti-IL12 antibod
39	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95028	Anti-IL12 antibod
40	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95029	Anti-IL12 antibod
41	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95030	Anti-IL12 antibod
42	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95031	Anti-IL12 antibod
43	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95032	Anti-IL12 antibod
44	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95033	Anti-IL12 antibod
45	23	59.0	7	21	AAV95034	Anti-IL12 antibod

#### ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	AAV95196	standard; Peptide: 7 AA.
XX	AAV95196;	
AC	AAV95196;	
XX	AAV95196;	
DT	29-AUG-2000 (first entry)	
XX	29-AUG-2000 (first entry)	
DE	Anti-platelet glycoprotein Ib human Hib-1 VL CDR2.	
XX	Anti-platelet glycoprotein Ib human Hib-1 VL CDR2.	
XX	Variable light chain; single chain antibody; scFv; human; Hib-1;	
KW	glycoprotein Ib alpha; platelet; aggregation; antiaggregant;	
KW	antithrombotic; thrombus; therapy; diagnostic; CDR2;	
KW	complementarity determining region.	
OS	Homo sapiens.	
XX	Homo sapiens.	
PN	WO200026667-A1.	
XX	WO200026667-A1.	
PD	11-MAY-2000.	
XX	11-MAY-2000.	
PF	29-OCT-1999; 99WO-US25495.	
XX	29-OCT-1999; 99WO-US25495.	
PR	30-OCT-1998; 98US-0106275.	
XX	30-OCT-1998; 98US-0106275.	
PA	(MILLER) MILLER J L.	
XX	(MILLER) MILLER J L.	
PI	Miller JL.	
XX	Miller JL.	
DR	WPI: 2000-365744/31.	
XX	WPI: 2000-365744/31.	
PT	Isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding anti-human platelet	
PT	glycoprotein Ib alpha molecule useful for producing antibodies which	
PT	inhibit platelet aggregation -	

XX Claim 20; Fig 5; 89pp; English.  
PS  
XX  
CC The present sequence is that of complementarity determining region  
CC 2 (CDR2) of the light chain variable region (VL) of human  
CC single chain antibody (scFv) Hib-1 (see AAY95198), which is directed  
CC against platelet glycoprotein Ib (GP1b). The Hib series of scFv  
CC was isolated from a human synthetic VH and VL scFv library on the  
CC basis of their binding to platelet GP1b. Whether displayed as  
CC surface proteins on a phagemid or secreted as free scFv by  
CC Escherichia coli, the Hib scFv clones are capable of inhibiting  
CC von Willebrand factor-dependent aggregation of platelets. The scFv  
CC are composed of native human protein sequences and are therefore  
CC attractive potential reagents for therapeutic purposes. They  
CC provide a new class of antithrombotic agents, useful for the  
CC prevention of platelet-dependent thrombi in diseased arteries,  
CC bypass grafts, dialysis etc., and can also be used as diagnostic  
CC reagents. Methods of inhibiting aggregation of platelets, of  
CC binding human platelet GP1b alpha and of selecting a VH or VL  
CC region of an antibody that inhibits platelet aggregation are  
CC claimed. Fragments of the scFv VH or VL chain, including CDR  
CC fragments, are also claimed.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 7 AA;  
XX  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 21; Length 7;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
OY 1 GKNNRPS 7  
Db | | | | | | |  
1 gknrps 7  
XX  
RESULT 2  
ID AAY95217 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.  
XX  
AC AAY95217;  
XX  
DT 29-AUG-2000 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Anti-platelet glycoprotein Ib human Hib-3 VL CDR2.  
XX  
KW Variable light chain; single chain antibody; scFv; human; Hib-3;  
KW glycoprotein Ib alpha; platelet; aggregation; antiaggregant;  
KW antithrombotic; thrombus; therapy; diagnostic; CDR2;  
KW complementarity determining region.  
OS  
XX Homo sapiens.  
XX  
PN WO200026667-A1.  
XX  
PD 11-MAY-2000.  
XX  
PE 29-OCT-1999; 99WO-US25495.  
XX  
PR 30-OCT-1998; 98US-0106275.  
XX  
PA (MILL/) MILLER J L.  
XX  
PI Miller JL;  
XX  
DR WPI: 2000-365744/31.  
XX  
PT Isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding anti-human platelet  
PT glycoprotein Ib alpha molecule useful for producing antibodies which  
PT inhibit platelet aggregation -  
XX  
PS Claim 20; Fig 7; 89pp; English.  
XX  
CC The present sequence is that of complementarity determining region

CC 2 (CDR2) of the light chain variable region (VL) of human  
CC single chain antibody (scFv) Hib-3 (see AAY95219), which is directed  
CC against platelet glycoprotein Ib (GP1b). The Hib series of scFv  
CC was isolated from a human synthetic VH and VL scFv library on the  
CC basis of their binding to platelet GP1b. Whether displayed as  
CC surface proteins on a phagemid or secreted as free scFv by  
CC Escherichia coli, the Hib scFv clones are capable of inhibiting  
CC von Willebrand factor-dependent aggregation of platelets. The scFv  
CC are composed of native human protein sequences and are therefore  
CC attractive potential reagents for therapeutic purposes. They  
CC provide a new class of antithrombotic agents, useful for the  
CC prevention of platelet-dependent thrombi in diseased arteries,  
CC bypass grafts, dialysis etc., and can also be used as diagnostic  
CC reagents. Methods of inhibiting aggregation of platelets, of  
CC binding human platelet GP1b alpha and of selecting a VH or VL  
CC region of an antibody that inhibits platelet aggregation are  
CC claimed. Fragments of the scFv VH or VL chain, including CDR  
CC fragments, are also claimed.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 7 AA;  
XX  
Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 21; Length 7;  
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
OY 1 GKNNRPS 7  
Db | | | | | | |  
1 gknrps 7  
XX  
RESULT 3  
ID AAG65303 standard; protein; 7 AA.  
XX  
AC AAG65303;  
XX  
DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)  
XX  
DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light chain CDR2 fragment.  
XX  
KW IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;  
KW neurotropic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;  
KW immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.  
XX  
OS  
XX Homo sapiens.  
XX  
PN WO200158956-A2.  
XX  
PD 16-AUG-2001.  
XX  
PE 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.  
XX  
PR 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.  
XX  
PA (BADI ) BASF AG.  
XX  
PI Ghayur T, Dixon RM, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J;  
PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrocks CP, Thompson JE;  
PI Lennard SN;  
XX  
DR WPI: 2001-550020/61.  
XX  
PT Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human  
PT interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,  
PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
PT autoimmune diseases -  
XX  
PS Claim 27; Page 38; 91pp; English.  
XX  
CC The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a

CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
 CC inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease,  
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders  
 CC (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and  
 CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
 CC as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neutropenia, and mental disorders  
 CC (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18  
 CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
 CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
 CC human IL-12, methotrexate, an anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
 CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
 CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light  
 CC chain CDR2 fragment.

CC Sequence 7 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 39; DB 22; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNNRPS 7  
 1 |||||  
 Db 1 gknmrps 7

RESULT 4  
 AAG63624  
 ID AAG63624 standard; peptide; 7 AA.

AC AAG63624;

XX 29-OCT-2001 (first entry)

DE Complementarity determining region (CDR) 2 of scFv1-4 H chain.

XX Complementarity determining region; CDR; single chain antibody; scFv;  
 KW hepatitis C virus; HCV; HCV infection; CD81; E2 protein; NS1 protein;  
 KW envelope glycoprotein.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO200158459-A1.

XX 16-AUG-2001.

XX 13-FEB-2001; 2001WO-JP00967.

XX 14-FEB-2000; 2000JP-0034906.

XX (MITS-) MITSUBISHI-TOKYO PHARM INC.

PI Itami S, Shibui T, Seki M, Yotsumoto Y, Matsuura Y, Miyamura T;

XX WPI; 2001-496986/54.

PT Remedies for hepatitis C containing substances with antiviral effects  
 PT e.g. antibodies, proteins, sulfated polysaccharides and low-molecular  
 PT compounds, by inhibiting binding of hepatitis C virus envelope  
 PT glycoprotein or CD81 -

XX Claim 24; Page 75; 138pp; Japanese.

CC The present sequence represents a complementarity determining region  
 CC (CDR) of a single chain (scFv) antibody of the invention. The  
 CC specification describes a substance can inhibit the binding between  
 CC hepatitis C virus (HCV) and cells with potential HCV infection, cells  
 CC with expression of CD81, or CD81. This substance is essentially an  
 CC antibody with affinity towards HCV E2/NS1 protein containing amino  
 CC acid sequences based on the CDR1, CDR2 and CDR3 of the H and L chain  
 CC variable regions. The antibody inhibits the viral envelope glycoprotein.  
 CC It is also a CD81 inhibitor. The antibodies and drugs are used for  
 CC treatment and/or prevention of hepatitis C, or for diagnosis of

CC hepatitis C.  
 XX Sequence 7 AA;  
 SQ

Query Match 87.2%; Score 34; DB 22; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 85.7%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GKNNRPS 7  
 1 |||||  
 Db 1 gknmrps 7

RESULT 5  
 AAY06691  
 ID AAY06691 standard; Protein; 7 AA.

AC AAY06691;

DE 17-JUN-1999 (first entry)

DE Abl variable light (VL) chain CDR2.

XX Agonist antibody; thrombopoietin receptor; TPO-R; thrombopoietin; DIC;  
 KW megakaryocyte; platelet; immunological; hematopoietic; thrombocytopenia;  
 KW bone marrow hypoplasia; disseminated intravascular coagulation; anemia;  
 KW myelodysplasia; myelotoxic chemotherapy; leukaemia; tumour; MDS; CDR;  
 KW neuromuscular; muscular dystrophy; complementarity determining region;  
 KW variable heavy chain; variable light chain; VH; VL.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO9910494-A2.

XX 04-MAR-1999.

XX 21-AUG-1998; 98WO-US17364.

XX 25-AUG-1997; 97US-0918148.

XX (GETH ) GENENTECH INC.

PI Adams CW, Carter PJ, Fendly BM, Gurney AL;

XX WPI; 1999-204666/17.

XX N-PSDB; AAX32391.

PT New thrombopoietin receptor agonist antibodies - useful for  
 PT treating immunological or hematological disorders

XX Claim 10; Page 75; 86pp; English.

CC The invention relates to an agonist antibody (Ab) which binds to a  
 CC thrombopoietin receptor (TPO-R). The antibodies which bind the TPO-R can  
 CC be used in the same way and for the same indications as thrombopoietin  
 CC (TPO). They can stimulate proliferation, differentiation or growth of  
 CC megakaryocytes. They may also be able to stimulate megakaryocytes to  
 CC increase platelet production. They can be used for treating  
 CC immunological or hematopoietic disorders, especially thrombocytopenia.  
 CC Thrombocytopenia - associated bone marrow hypoplasia (e.g. aplastic anemia  
 CC following chemotherapy or bone marrow transplant) may be effectively  
 CC treated with the antibody compounds as well as disorders such as  
 CC disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC), immune thrombocytopenia  
 CC (HIV-induced and non HIV-induced), chronic idiopathic thrombocytopenia,  
 CC congenital thrombocytopenia, thrombotic thrombocytopenia and  
 CC myelodysplasia. They can also be used in e.g. myelotoxic chemotherapy for  
 CC treatment of solid tumours or leukaemia, myeloblastic chemotherapy for  
 CC autologous or allogeneic bone marrow transplant, myelodysplasia,  
 CC idiopathic aplastic anemia, congenital thrombocytopenia, and immune  
 CC thrombocytopenia. The antibodies which bind to the TPO-R receptor can be  
 CC used for improving neuromuscular function in a patient, e.g. in muscular  
 CC dystrophy. The products can also be used for detection and diagnosis. The

CC antibodies have a longer half-life than the natural ligand for the TPO-R.  
 CC Sequences AAY0687-Y06712 represent CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 regions of  
 CC variable heavy (VH) chains and variable light (VL) chains of antibodies  
 CC Ab1 to Ab6.  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 7 AA:

Query Match 74.4%; Score 29; DB 20; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 71.4%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 | : ||||  
 Db 1 gsnrps 7

## RESULT 6

AAW39828 standard; peptide; 7 AA.

AAW39828:

XX  
 DT 16-JUN-1998 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Light chain CDR3 of catalytic antibody 9A3.  
 XX  
 KW Variable domain; lambda light chain; catalytic antibody; degradation;  
 KW cocaine; cocaine transition state analogue; TSA; benzoic acid;  
 KM phenyl cocaine; immunogenic conjugate; reduction; cocaine; treatment;  
 KM overdose; addiction.  
 XX  
 OS Mus sp.  
 XX  
 PN WO9749800-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 31-DEC-1997.  
 XX  
 PF 25-JUN-1997; 97WO-US10965.  
 XX  
 PR 25-JUN-1996; 96US-0672345.  
 XX  
 PA (UYCO ) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.  
 XX  
 PI Landry DW;  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 1998-077166/07.

XX New catalytic antibodies able to decompose cocaine, single-chain  
 PT analogues used to treat cocaine overdose and addiction, required  
 PT in far smaller doses than antibodies that antagonise cocaine by  
 PT simply binding

PS Claim 6; Page 84; 147pp; English.

CC AAW39827-29 represent the sequences of the light chain complementarity  
 CC determining regions (CDRs) of the catalytic antibody 9A3, which is able  
 CC to degrade cocaine. A series of cocaine transition state analogues  
 CC (TSAs) were prepared and used to immunise mice for production of  
 CC hybridomas. Catalytic antibodies were identified by their capacity to  
 CC release 3H-benzoic acid from 3H-phenyl cocaine. The 9A3 antibody was  
 CC identified using TSA1, which is an immunogenic conjugate of a phosphate  
 CC monoester transition state analogue. Antibody 9A3 has a per minute Kcat  
 CC of 0.015. The antibodies reduce the concentration of cocaine in a  
 CC subject, and are used particularly for the treatment of cocaine in a  
 CC are also used for treating addiction (by reducing the in vivo  
 CC concentration that can be achieved).

XX Sequence 7 AA:

Query Match 61.5%; Score 24; DB 19; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;

Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 3 NNRP 6  
 | |||  
 Db 3 nnrp 6

## RESULT 7

AAW39831 standard; peptide; 7 AA.

AAW39831:

XX  
 AC AAW39831;  
 XX  
 DT 16-JUN-1998 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Light chain CDR2 of catalytic antibody 1968.  
 XX  
 KW Variable domain; lambda light chain; catalytic antibody; degradation;  
 KW cocaine; cocaine transition state analogue; TSA; benzoic acid;  
 KM phenyl cocaine; immunogenic conjugate; reduction; cocaine; treatment;  
 KM overdose; addiction.  
 XX  
 OS Mus sp.  
 XX  
 PN WO9749800-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 31-DEC-1997.  
 XX  
 PF 25-JUN-1997; 97WO-US10965.  
 XX  
 PR 25-JUN-1996; 96US-0672345.  
 XX  
 PA (UYCO ) UNIV COLUMBIA NEW YORK.  
 XX  
 PI Landry DW;  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 1998-077166/07.

XX New catalytic antibodies able to decompose cocaine, single-chain  
 PT analogues - used to treat cocaine overdose and addiction, required  
 PT in far smaller doses than antibodies that antagonise cocaine by  
 PT simply binding

PS Claim 4; Page 85; 147pp; English.

CC AAW39830-32 represent the sequences of the light chain complementarity  
 CC determining regions (CDRs) of the catalytic antibody 1968, which is able  
 CC to degrade cocaine. A series of cocaine transition state analogues  
 CC (TSAs) were prepared and used to immunise mice for production of  
 CC hybridomas. Catalytic antibodies were identified by their capacity to  
 CC release 3H-benzoic acid from 3H-phenyl cocaine. The 1968 antibody was  
 CC identified using TSA1, which is an immunogenic conjugate of a phosphate  
 CC monoester transition state analogue. Antibody 1968 has a per minute Kcat  
 CC of 0.091. The antibodies reduce the concentration of cocaine in a  
 CC subject, and are used particularly for the treatment of cocaine in a  
 CC are also used for treating addiction (by reducing the in vivo  
 CC concentration that can be achieved).

XX Sequence 7 AA:

Query Match 61.5%; Score 24; DB 19; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 3 NNRP 6  
 | |||  
 Db 3 nnrp 6

## RESULT 8

AAW40010 standard; peptide; 7 AA.



XX AAB40010;  
 AC  
 XX  
 DT 05-FEB-2001 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Anti-IL12 antibody light chain CDR2 amino acid sequence SEQ ID 526.  
 XX  
 KW Human; neutralising antibody; interleukin-12; IL-12; antiinflammatory;  
 KW complementarity determining region; CDR; antirheumatic; antiarthritic;  
 KW antisclerotic; neuroprotective; antipsoriatic; antiasthmatic; cardiant;  
 KW antiparasitic; antibacterial; immunosuppressive; Crohn's disease;  
 KW multiple sclerosis; rheumatoid arthritis.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PN WO200056772-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 28-SEP-2000.  
 XX  
 PF 24-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US07946.  
 XX  
 PR 25-MAR-1999; 99US-0126603.  
 XX  
 PA (BADI) BASF AG.  
 PA (GEMT) GENETICS INST INC.  
 XX  
 PI Salfeld JG, Roguska M, Paskind M, Banerjee S, Tracey DE, White M;  
 PI Kaymakalan Z, Labkovsky B, Sakorafas P, Friedrich S, Myles A;  
 PI Veldman GM, Venturini A, Warne NW, Widom A, Elyin JG, Duncan AR;  
 PI Deryshire EJ, Carmen S, Smith S, Hollet TL, Du Fou SL;  
 XX  
 DR WPI: 2000-638250/61.  
 XX  
 PT New human antibody specific for human interleukin-12 (IL-12) used to  
 PT treat disorders characterized by aberrant IL-12 expression e.g. Crohn's  
 PT disease and multiple sclerosis -  
 XX  
 PS Claim 33; Figure 26; 377pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC This invention relates to a new human antibody specific for human  
 CC interleukin-12 (IL-12). The invention also includes antigen binding  
 CC portions that bind to IL-12. Sequences AAB39485-B39516 represent human  
 CC anti-IL-12 antibody heavy and light chain complementarity determining  
 CC region (CDR) amino acid sequences, and also includes variable region  
 CC amino acid sequences. Other variable region amino acid sequences are  
 CC given in AAB39517-B39560 and AAB40068-B40149. Sequences AAB39561-B39771  
 CC represent anti-IL-12 CDR3 related amino acid sequences, AAB39772-B40063  
 CC represent other CDR sequences. Light chain CDR3 consensus sequences are  
 CC given in AAB40064-B40067. Primers used in the identification and  
 CC construction of the antibodies of the invention are given in  
 CC AAB41062-C61071. The antibody of the invention is a neutralising  
 CC antibody and has antirheumatic; antiarthritic; antisclerotic;  
 CC antiinflammatory; neuroprotective; antipsoriatic; antiasthmatic;  
 CC cardiant; antiparasitic; antibacterial and immunosuppressive activity.  
 CC The antibodies or antigen-binding fragments are useful in the treatment  
 CC of disorders associated with detrimental release of human IL-12, such as  
 CC especially Crohn's disease, multiple sclerosis and rheumatoid arthritis.  
 CC They can also be used in the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition  
 CC to treat human IL-12 disorders.  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 7 AA;  
 XX

Query Match 61.5%; Score 24; DB 21; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 57.1%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 DB 1 : : : : :  
 1 gndrps 7  
 RESULT 9

AAW90303  
 ID AAW90303 standard; Protein; 7 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAW90303;  
 XX  
 DT 07-SEP-1999 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Human anti-GPIIb/IIIa auto-antibody light chain protein CDR2 region 1.  
 XX  
 KW Antibody; GPIIb/IIIa; human; auto-antibody; anti-idiotypic; diagnosis;  
 KW blood platelet membrane protein; predisposition; prevention; treatment;  
 KW autoimmune thrombocytopenic purpura; AITP; fibrinogen binding; thrombi;  
 KW thrombocyte; cardiac infarction; pulmonary embolism; light chain.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 PN WO9855619-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 10-DEC-1998.  
 XX  
 PF 05-JUN-1998; 98WO-EP03397.  
 XX  
 PR 08-MAY-1998; 98DE-1020663.  
 PR 06-JUN-1997; 97DE-1023904.  
 PR 12-DEC-1997; 97DE-1055227.  
 XX  
 PA (ASAT-) ASAT AG APPLIED SCI & TECHNOLOGY.  
 PA Berchtold P, Escher RFA;  
 XX  
 PI WPI: 1999-105496/09.  
 XX  
 DR Nucleic acid encoding human autoantibodies against platelet  
 DR glycoprotein IIb/IIIa - used for diagnosis, treatment and prevention  
 DR of autoimmune thrombocytopenic purpura and for modulation of  
 PT fibrinogen binding  
 XX  
 PS Claim 6a; Page 6; 93pp; German.  
 XX  
 CC This invention describes novel nucleic acid fragments that encode human  
 CC auto-antibodies and anti-idiotypic antibodies against blood platelet  
 CC membrane protein, GPIIb/IIIa. The products of the invention are used  
 CC for diagnosis (including monitoring and determining predisposition)  
 CC prevention and treatment of autoimmune thrombocytopenic purpura (AITP)  
 CC and also for modulating binding of fibrinogen to thrombocytes  
 CC (particularly to dissolve thrombi and/or prevent their formation, e.g.  
 CC in cases of cardiac infarction or pulmonary embolism). Unlike murine  
 CC antibodies, human antibodies (hAb) do not induce adverse side effects  
 CC and persist for longer in vivo than small peptides. AAW90293-W90337  
 CC represent antibody fragments used in the method of the invention.  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 7 AA;  
 XX

Query Match 59.0%; Score 23; DB 20; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 57.1%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 GKNRPS 7  
 DB 1 : : : : :  
 1 gshdps 7  
 RESULT 10  
 AAB30605  
 ID AAB30605 standard; peptide; 7 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAB30605;  
 XX  
 DT 19-MAR-2001 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Anti-IgE antibody light chain complementarity determining region 2.  
 XX

KW Anti-idiotype antibody; C-epsilon3 region; immunoglobulin E; IgE;  
 KW anti-IgE antibody; mimobody; vaccine; allergy; asthma; atopic dermatitis;  
 KW rhinitis; chronic urticaria; food allergy; IgE-mediated disease;  
 KW passive immunisation.  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX WO200063252-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 26-OCT-2000.  
 XX  
 PE 12-APR-2000; 2000WO-EP03288.  
 XX  
 PR 14-APR-1999; 99GB-0008533.  
 XX  
 PA (NOVS ) NOVARTIS AG.  
 PA (NOVS ) NOVARTIS-ERFINDUNGEN VERW GES MBH.  
 PI Kricek F, Stadler B, Vogel M;  
 PI WPI; 2000-687161/67.  
 PT Novel anti-idiotypic antibody against antibodies which inhibit binding  
 PT of immunoglobulin E to its high affinity receptor, useful in vaccines  
 PT for treating diseases such as allergy, rhinitis, atopic dermatitis -  
 XX  
 PS Claim 5; Page 67; 73pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC AAB39595-B30606 represent complementarity determining regions (CDRs)  
 CC from human anti-idiotype antibodies that interfere with the binding of  
 CC the C-epsilon3 region of immunoglobulin (Ig)E to the high affinity  
 CC receptor for IgE, i.e., and anti-IgE antibody. Such an antibody is  
 CC referred to as a mimobody. The anti-IgE antibody fragment is used as a  
 CC vaccine, and as a pharmaceutical for treating IgE-mediated diseases such  
 CC as allergy, in particular asthma, atopic dermatitis, rhinitis, chronic  
 CC urticaria and food allergies. It is also used to treat IgE-mediated  
 CC diseases. It is also used for raising polyclonal or monoclonal  
 CC antibodies. The polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies obtained are useful  
 CC for treating IgE-mediated diseases by passive immunisation.  
 CC  
 SQ Sequence 7 AA;  
 Query Match 59.0%; Score 23; DB 21; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 Oy 3 GNNRPS 7  
 : : : : :  
 3 snrps 7  
 RESULT 11  
 ID AAB39504 standard; Protein; 7 AA.  
 AC AAB39504;  
 XX  
 DT 05-FEB-2001 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Anti-hIL-12 antibody light chain CDR2 amino acid sequence SEQ ID 20.  
 XX  
 KW Human; neutralising antibody; interleukin-12; IL-12; antiinflammatory;  
 KW complementarity determining region; CDR; antirheumatic; antiarthritic;  
 KW antisclerotic; neuroprotective; antiporiatic; antiasthmatic; cardiant;  
 KW antiparasitic; antibacterial; immunosuppressive; Crohn's disease;  
 KW multiple sclerosis; rheumatoid arthritis.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX WO200006772-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 26-SEP-2000.

XX  
 PF 24-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US07946.  
 XX  
 PR 25-MAR-1999; 99US-0126603.  
 XX  
 PA (BADI ) BASF AG.  
 PA (GEMV ) GENETICS INST INC.  
 XX  
 PI Salfield JG, Roguska M, Paskind M, Panerjee S, Tracey DE, White M;  
 PI Kaymakalan Z, Iabkovsky B, Sakorafas P, Friedrich S, Myles A;  
 PI Veldman GW, Venturini A, Warne NW, Widom A, Elyin JG, Duncan AR;  
 PI Derdyshire EJ, Carmen S, Smith S, Holteit TL, Du Fou SL;  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 2000-638250/61.  
 XX  
 PT New human antibody specific for human interleukin-12 (IL-12) used to  
 PT treat disorders characterized by aberrant IL-12 expression e.g. Crohn's  
 PT disease and multiple sclerosis -  
 XX  
 PS Claim 24; Page 232; 377pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC This invention relates to a new human antibody specific for human  
 CC interleukin-12 (IL-12). The invention also includes antigen binding  
 CC portions that bind to IL-12. Sequences AAB39485-B39516 represent human  
 CC anti-IL-12 antibody heavy and light chain complementarity determining  
 CC region (CDR) amino acid sequences, and also includes variable region  
 CC amino acid sequences. Other variable region amino acid sequences are  
 CC given in AAB39517-B39560 and AAB40068-B40149. Sequences AAB39561-B39771  
 CC represent anti-IL-12 CDR3 related amino acid sequences. AAB39772-B40063  
 CC represent other CDR sequences. Light chain CDR3 consensus sequences are  
 CC given in AAB40064-B40067. Primers used in the identification and  
 CC construction of the antibodies of the invention are given in  
 CC AAB61062-C61071. The antibody of the invention is a neutralising  
 CC antibody and has antirheumatic; antiarthritic; antisclerotic;  
 CC antiinflammatory; neuroprotective; antiporiatic; antiasthmatic;  
 CC cardiant; antiparasitic; antibacterial and immunosuppressive activity.  
 CC The antibodies or antigen-binding fragments are useful in the treatment  
 CC of disorders associated with detrimental release of human IL-12,  
 CC especially Crohn's disease, multiple sclerosis and rheumatoid arthritis.  
 CC They can also be used in the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition  
 CC to treat human IL-12 disorders.  
 CC  
 SQ Sequence 7 AA;  
 Query Match 59.0%; Score 23; DB 21; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 57.1%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 Oy 1 GNNRPS 7  
 : : : : :  
 1 gndgrps 7  
 Db  
 RESULT 12  
 ID AAB40001 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.  
 AC AAB40001;  
 XX  
 DT 05-FEB-2001 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Anti-hIL12 antibody light chain CDR2 amino acid sequence SEQ ID 517.  
 XX  
 KW Human; neutralising antibody; interleukin-12; IL-12; antiinflammatory;  
 KW complementarity determining region; CDR; antirheumatic; antiarthritic;  
 KW antisclerotic; neuroprotective; antiporiatic; antiasthmatic; cardiant;  
 KW antiparasitic; antibacterial; immunosuppressive; Crohn's disease;  
 KW multiple sclerosis; rheumatoid arthritis.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.  
 XX WO2000056772-A1.  
 XX  
 PD

XX 28-SEP-2000.  
 XX 24-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US07946.  
 PF 25-MAR-1999; 99US-0126603.  
 PR (BADI ) BASF AG.  
 PA (GEMV ) GENETICS INST INC.  
 XX  
 PI Salfield JG, Roguska M, Paskind M, Banerjee S, Tracey DE, White M,  
 PI Kaymakcalan Z, Labkovsky B, Sakorafas P, Friedrich S, Myles A,  
 PI Veldman GM, Venturini A, Warne NW, Widom A, Elvin JG, Duncan AR,  
 PI Derbyshire EJ, Carmen S, Smith S, Holtet TL, Du Fou SL,  
 DR WPI; 2000-638250/61.  
 XX  
 PT New human antibody specific for human interleukin-12 (IL-12) used to  
 PT treat disorders characterized by aberrant IL-12 expression e.g. Crohn's  
 PT disease and multiple sclerosis -  
 PS Claim 33; Figure 2G; 377pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC This invention relates to a new human antibody specific for human  
 CC interleukin-12 (IL-12). The invention also includes antigen binding  
 CC portions that bind to IL-12. Sequences AAB39485-B39516 represent human  
 CC anti-IL-12 antibody heavy and light chain complementarity determining  
 CC region (CDR) amino acid sequences, and also includes variable region  
 CC amino acid sequences. Other variable region amino acid sequences are  
 CC given in AAB39517-B39560 and AAB40068-B40149. Sequences AAB39561-B39771  
 CC represent anti-IL-12 CDR3 related amino acid sequences. AAB39772-B40063  
 CC represent other CDR sequences. Light chain CDR3 consensus sequences are  
 CC given in AAB40064-B40067. Primers used in the identification and  
 CC construction of the antibodies of the invention are given in  
 CC AAC61062-C61071. The antibody of the invention is a neutralising  
 CC antibody and has antirheumatic; antiarthritic; antisclerotic;  
 CC antiinflammatory; neuroprotective; antipsoriatic; antistomatitic;  
 CC cardiant; antiparasitic; antibacterial and immunosuppressive activity.  
 CC The antibodies or antigen-binding fragments are useful in the treatment  
 CC of disorders associated with detrimental release of human IL-12,  
 CC especially Crohn's disease, multiple sclerosis and rheumatoid arthritis.  
 CC They can also be used in the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition  
 CC to treat human IL-12 disorders.  
 CC  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 7 AA:  
 Query Match 59.0%; Score 23; DB 21; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 57.1%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 GKNRRPS 7  
 I : |||  
 Db 1 gndrps 7  
 RESULT 13  
 AAB40012  
 ID AAB40012 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAB40012;  
 XX  
 DT 05-FEB-2001 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Anti-IL12 antibody light chain CDR2 amino acid sequence SEQ ID 528.  
 XX  
 KW Human: neutralising antibody; interleukin-12; IL-12; antiinflammatory;  
 KW complementarity determining region; CDR; antirheumatic; antiarthritic;  
 KW antisclerotic; neuroprotective; antipsoriatic; antistomatitic; cardiant;  
 KW antiparasitic; antibacterial; immunosuppressive; Crohn's disease;  
 KW multiple sclerosis; rheumatoid arthritis.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sap lens.

XX WO200056772-A1.  
 XX 28-SEP-2000.  
 PD 24-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US07946.  
 PF 25-MAR-1999; 99US-0126603.  
 PR (BADI ) BASF AG.  
 PA (GEMV ) GENETICS INST INC.  
 XX  
 PI Salfield JG, Roguska M, Paskind M, Banerjee S, Tracey DE, White M,  
 PI Kaymakcalan Z, Labkovsky B, Sakorafas P, Friedrich S, Myles A,  
 PI Veldman GM, Venturini A, Warne NW, Widom A, Elvin JG, Duncan AR,  
 PI Derbyshire EJ, Carmen S, Smith S, Holtet TL, Du Fou SL,  
 DR WPI; 2000-638250/61.  
 XX  
 PT New human antibody specific for human interleukin-12 (IL-12) used to  
 PT treat disorders characterized by aberrant IL-12 expression e.g. Crohn's  
 PT disease and multiple sclerosis -  
 PS Claim 33; Figure 2G; 377pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC This invention relates to a new human antibody specific for human  
 CC interleukin-12 (IL-12). The invention also includes antigen binding  
 CC portions that bind to IL-12. Sequences AAB39485-B39516 represent human  
 CC anti-IL-12 antibody heavy and light chain complementarity determining  
 CC region (CDR) amino acid sequences, and also includes variable region  
 CC amino acid sequences. Other variable region amino acid sequences are  
 CC given in AAB39517-B39560 and AAB40068-B40149. Sequences AAB39561-B39771  
 CC represent anti-IL-12 CDR3 related amino acid sequences. AAB39772-B40063  
 CC represent other CDR sequences. Light chain CDR3 consensus sequences are  
 CC given in AAB40064-B40067. Primers used in the identification and  
 CC construction of the antibodies of the invention are given in  
 CC AAC61062-C61071. The antibody of the invention is a neutralising  
 CC antibody and has antirheumatic; antiarthritic; antisclerotic;  
 CC antiinflammatory; neuroprotective; antipsoriatic; antistomatitic;  
 CC cardiant; antiparasitic; antibacterial and immunosuppressive activity.  
 CC The antibodies or antigen-binding fragments are useful in the treatment  
 CC of disorders associated with detrimental release of human IL-12,  
 CC especially Crohn's disease, multiple sclerosis and rheumatoid arthritis.  
 CC They can also be used in the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition  
 CC to treat human IL-12 disorders.  
 CC  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 7 AA:  
 Query Match 59.0%; Score 23; DB 21; Length 7;  
 Best Local Similarity 57.1%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 4; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 GKNRRPS 7  
 I : |||  
 Db 1 gndrps 7  
 RESULT 14  
 AAB40013  
 ID AAB40013 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAB40013;  
 XX  
 DT 05-FEB-2001 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Anti-IL12 antibody light chain CDR2 amino acid sequence SEQ ID 529.  
 XX  
 KW Human: neutralising antibody; interleukin-12; IL-12; antiinflammatory;  
 KW complementarity determining region; CDR; antirheumatic; antiarthritic;  
 KW antisclerotic; neuroprotective; antipsoriatic; antistomatitic; cardiant;  
 KW antiparasitic; antibacterial; immunosuppressive; Crohn's disease;  
 KW multiple sclerosis; rheumatoid arthritis.  
 KW

XX Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 XX WO200056772-A1.  
 XX  
 XX 28-SEP-2000.  
 XX  
 XX 24-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US07946.  
 XX  
 XX 25-MAR-1999; 99US-0126603.  
 XX  
 XX (BADI ) BASF AG.  
 XX (GENY ) GENETICS INST INC.  
 XX  
 XX Safleld JG, Roguska M, Paskind M, Banerjee S, Tracey DE, White M;  
 XX Kaymakcalan Z, Labkovsky B, Sakorafas P, Friedrich S, Wyles A;  
 XX Veldman GM, Venturini A, Wayne NW, Widom A, Elvin JG, Duncan AR;  
 XX Derdyshire EJ, Carmen S, Smith S, Holtet TL, Du Fou SL;  
 XX  
 XX WPI; 2000-638250/61.  
 XX  
 XX New human antibody specific for human interleukin-12 (IL-12) used to  
 XX treat disorders characterized by aberrant IL-12 expression e.g. Crohn's  
 XX disease and multiple sclerosis -  
 XX  
 XX Claim 33; Figure 2G; 377pp; English.  
 XX  
 XX This invention relates to a new human antibody specific for human  
 XX interleukin-12 (IL-12). The invention also includes antigen binding  
 XX portions that bind to IL-12. Sequences AAB39485-B39516 represent human  
 XX anti-IL-12 antibody heavy and light chain complementarity determining  
 XX region (CDR) amino acid sequences, and also includes variable region  
 XX amino acid sequences. Other variable region amino acid sequences are  
 XX given in AAB39517-B39560 and AAB40068-B40149. Sequences AAB39561-B39771  
 XX represent anti-IL-12 CDR3 related amino acid sequences, AAB39772-B40063  
 XX represent other CDR sequences. Light chain CDR3 consensus sequences are  
 XX given in AAB40064-B40067. Primers used in the identification and  
 XX construction of the antibodies of the invention are given in  
 XX AAB61062-C61071. The antibody of the invention is a neutralising  
 XX antibody and has antirheumatic; antiarthritic; antisclerotic;  
 XX antiinflammatory; neuroprotective; antipsoriatic; antiasthmatic;  
 XX cardiant; antiparasitic; antibacterial and immunosuppressive activity.  
 XX The antibodies or antigen-binding fragments are useful in the treatment  
 XX of disorders associated with detrimental release of human IL-12,  
 XX especially Crohn's disease, multiple sclerosis and rheumatoid arthritis.  
 XX They can also be used in the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition  
 XX to treat human IL-12 disorders.  
 XX  
 XX Sequence 7 AA;  
 XX  
 XX Query Match 59.0%; Score 23; DB 21; Length 7;  
 XX Best Local Similarity 57.1%; Freq. No. 6.4e+05;  
 XX Matches 4; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 XX  
 XX Oy 1 GKNRPS 7  
 XX | : |||  
 XX Db 1 gndgrps 7  
 XX  
 XX RESULT 15  
 XX AAB40014  
 XX ID AAB40014 standard; Peptide; 7 AA.  
 XX  
 XX AAB40014;  
 XX  
 XX 05-FEB-2001 (first entry)  
 XX  
 XX Anti-IL12 antibody light chain CDR2 amino acid sequence SEQ ID 530.  
 XX  
 XX Human, neutralising antibody; interleukin-12; IL-12; antiinflammatory;  
 XX complementarity determining region; CDR; antirheumatic; antiarthritic;  
 XX antipsoriatic; neuroprotective; antiparasitic; antibacterial; cardiant;  
 XX

antiparasitic; antibacterial; immunosuppressive; Crohn's disease;  
multiple sclerosis; rheumatoid arthritis.

Homo sapiens.  
WO200056772-A1.  
28-SEP-2000.  
24-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US07946.  
25-MAR-1999; 99US-0126603.  
(BADI ) BASF AG.  
(GENM ) GENETICS INST INC.  
Salfield JG, Roguska M, Paskind M, Banerjee S, Tracey DE, White M;  
Kamkalan Z, Labrovsky B, Sakorafas P, Friedrich S, Myles A;  
Veidman GM, Venturini A, Wayne NW, Widom A, Elvin JG, Duncan AR;  
Derbyshire EJ, Carmen S, Smith S, Holtet TL, Du Fou SL;  
WPI; 2000-638250/61.

New human antibody specific for human interleukin-12 (IL-12) used to  
treat disorders characterized by aberrant IL-12 expression e.g. Crohn's  
disease and multiple sclerosis -

Claim 33; Figure 2G; 377pp; English.

This invention relates to a new human antibody specific for human  
interleukin-12 (IL-12). The invention also includes antigen binding  
portions that bind to IL-12. Sequences AAB39485-B39516 represent human  
anti-IL-12 antibody heavy and light chain complementarily determining  
region (CDR) amino acid sequences, and also includes variable region  
amino acid sequences. Other variable region amino acid sequences are  
given in AAB3517-B39560 and AAB40068-B40149. Sequences AAB39561-B39771  
represent anti-IL-12 CDR3 related amino acid sequences, AAB39772-B40063  
represent other CDR sequences. Light chain CDR3 consensus sequences are  
given in AAB40064-B40067. Primers used in the identification and  
construction of the antibodies of the invention are given in  
AAC1062-661071. The antibody of the invention is a neutralising  
antibody and has antirheumatic; antiallergic; antisclerotic;  
antiinflammatory; neuroprotective; antiparasitic; antiasthmatic;  
cardiac; antiparasitic; antibacterial and immunosuppressive activity.  
The antibodies or antigen-binding fragments are useful in the treatment  
of disorders associated with detrimental release of human IL-12,  
especially Crohn's disease, multiple sclerosis and rheumatoid arthritis.  
They can also be used in the manufacture of a pharmaceutical composition  
to treat human IL-12 disorders.

Sequence 7 AA;

Query Match 59.0%; Score 23; DB 21; Length 7;  
Best Local Similarity 57.1%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
Matches 4; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0.

1 GKNRPS 7  
| : |||  
1 gndtrps 7

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:17:34  
JOB time: 159 sec

GenCore version 4.5  
Copyright (c) 1993 - 2000 CompuGen Ltd.

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: June 12, 2002, 11:11:05 ; Search time: 48.93 Seconds  
(without alignments)  
24.971 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-780-035-14  
Perfect score: 55  
Sequence: 1 GSRSSSGIHV 11

Scoring table: BLOSUM62  
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 747574 seqs, 111073796 residues

Number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 147623

Minimum DB seq length: 0  
Maximum DB seq length: 11

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%  
Maximum Match 100%  
Listing first 45 summaries

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22: /SIDSL/gcgdata/hold-geneseq/geneeqp-emb1/AA2001.DAT:\*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

## SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	55	100.0	11	22	AA65304
2	42	76.4	11	22	AA62970
3	42	76.4	11	22	AA62974
4	42	76.4	11	22	AA62976
5	42	76.4	11	22	AA62980
6	42	76.4	11	22	AA62984
7	39	70.9	11	22	AA62972
8	39	70.9	11	22	AA62982
9	39	70.9	11	22	AA62988
10	35	63.6	9	22	AAU02694
11	34	61.8	9	21	AA95197

12	34	61.8	9	21	AA95218
13	32	58.2	10	17	AA88543
14	32	58.2	11	22	AAU08356
15	30	54.5	11	19	AA662282
16	28	50.9	10	22	AA697060
17	26	47.3	6	17	AA88549
18	26	47.3	11	14	AA830164
19	25	45.5	10	22	AA695162
20	25	45.5	10	22	AA686891
21	24	43.6	9	20	AAV47834
22	24	43.6	9	22	AA675900
23	24	43.6	9	22	AA675901
24	24	43.6	10	16	AA621482
25	24	43.6	10	22	AA696424
26	24	43.6	10	22	AA696430
27	24	43.6	10	22	AA696432
28	24	43.6	10	22	AA697032
29	24	43.6	10	22	AA697034
30	24	43.6	10	22	AA683494
31	24	43.6	10	22	AA685139
32	24	43.6	10	22	AA687059
33	24	43.6	10	22	AA687964
34	24	43.6	10	22	AA687965
35	24	43.6	10	22	AA688169
36	23	41.8	5	18	AAW28455
37	23	41.8	5	18	AAW28436
38	23	41.8	5	18	AAW28439
39	23	41.8	5	18	AAW28379
40	23	41.8	6	18	AAW28454
41	23	41.8	6	18	AAW28428
42	23	41.8	6	18	AAW28434
43	23	41.8	8	13	AA625461
44	23	41.8	8	13	AA625212
45	23	41.8	8	16	AA661400

## ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

AA65304 standard; protein; 11 AA.

XX

AC AAG65304;

XX

DT 30-NOV-2001 (first entry)

XX

DE Anti-IL-18 antibody 2E1 light chain CDR3 fragment.

XX

DE IL-18; interleukin-18; human; antibody; antirheumatic; cerebroprotective;

KW neurotropic; neurological; antiinflammatory; antiparkinsonian; cardiant;

KW immunosuppressive; antidepressant; neuroleptic; hepatotropic; 2E1.

XX

OS Homo sapiens.

XX

PN WO200158956-A2.

XX

PD 16-AUG-2001.

XX

PF 09-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US04170.

XX

PR 10-FEB-2000; 2000US-0181608.

XX

PA (BAD ) BASF AG.

XX

PI Ghayur T, Dixon RW, Roguska M, White M, Labkovsky B, Salfeld J,

PI Duncan AR, Brocklehurst SM, Mankovich J, Shorrock CP, Thompson JE;

PI Lennard SN;

XX

DR WPI; 2001-550020/61.

XX

PT Novel antibodies and compounds capable of binding to human

PT interleukin-18 useful for treating, e.g., inflammatory disorders,

PT neurological disorders, heart failure, myocardial infarction, and  
 PT autoimmune diseases -  
 XX  
 PS Claim 27; Page 38; 91pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC The invention provides isolated antibodies, or antigen-binding portions,  
 CC that are capable of binding to human interleukin-18 (IL-18). The  
 CC antibodies may be used to inhibit human IL-18 activity in, and treat a  
 CC disorder where IL-18 is detrimental in, a human subject suffering from,  
 CC inflammatory disorders (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease,  
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, and osteoarthritis), neurological disorders  
 CC (e.g., Huntington's chorea, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease, and  
 CC stroke), heart failure, myocardial infarction, autoimmune diseases such  
 CC as autoimmune hepatitis and autoimmune neuropathia, and mental disorders  
 CC (e.g., depression and schizophrenia). Treatment with an anti-IL-18  
 CC antibody may occur before, concurrent, or after administration of a  
 CC second agent selected from an antibody, or fragment, capable of binding  
 CC human IL-12, methotrexate, anti-tumor necrosis factor, corticosteroids,  
 CC cyclosporin, rapamycin, FK506, and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory  
 CC agents. The present sequence represents an anti-IL-18 antibody 2B1 light  
 CC chain CDR3 fragment.  
 SQ Sequence 11 AA:  
 SO  
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 55; DB 22; Length 11;  
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.00028;  
 Matches 11; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 1 GSRDSSGTHV 11  
 Db 1 gsrdsstghv 11  
 ID AAG62970 standard; peptide: 11 AA.  
 XX AAG62970;  
 XX 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)  
 DE Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G65.  
 XX  
 KW Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
 KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
 KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
 KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.  
 KW  
 KW Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 XX WO200144300-A2.  
 XX  
 XX 21-JUN-2001.  
 XX  
 XX 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.  
 XX  
 XX 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.  
 XX  
 XX (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.  
 XX  
 XX Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;  
 XX  
 XX WPI; 2001-398131/42.  
 XX  
 XX  
 PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
 PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
 PT molecules and treating neurological diseases -  
 XX  
 PS Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.  
 CC AAG62970-AAG63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3)  
 CC of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification  
 CC of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification

CC describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members,  
 CC each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable,  
 CC when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles, or  
 CC in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL  
 CC variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass  
 CC through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for  
 CC the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such  
 CC as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain  
 CC cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB  
 CC breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind  
 CC transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis  
 CC and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases,  
 CC such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia,  
 CC epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving  
 CC inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.  
 XX  
 SQ Sequence 11 AA:  
 SO  
 Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 11;  
 Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 0.097;  
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 2 SRDSSGTHV 11  
 Db 2 srdsstghv 11  
 ID AAG62974 standard; peptide: 11 AA.  
 XX AAG62974;  
 XX 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)  
 DE Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G73.  
 XX  
 KW Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
 KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
 KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
 KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.  
 KW  
 KW Homo sapiens.  
 XX  
 XX WO200144300-A2.  
 XX  
 XX 21-JUN-2001.  
 XX  
 XX 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.  
 XX  
 XX 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.  
 XX  
 XX (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.  
 XX  
 XX Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;  
 XX  
 XX WPI; 2001-398131/42.  
 XX  
 XX  
 PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
 PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
 PT molecules and treating neurological diseases -  
 XX  
 PS Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.  
 CC AAG62970-AAG63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3)  
 CC of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification  
 CC describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members,  
 CC each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable,  
 CC when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles, or  
 CC in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL  
 CC variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass  
 CC through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for

CC the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such  
CC as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain  
CC cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB  
CC breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind  
CC transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis  
CC and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases,  
CC such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia,  
CC epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving  
CC inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 11;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 0.097;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGIHV 11  
| | | | | | | |  
Db 2 srdsqnhv 11

## RESULT 4

AAG62976  
ID AAG62976 standard; peptide; 11 AA.

AC AAG62976;

DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)

DE Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G76.

KW Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200144300-A2.

PD 21-JUN-2001.

PF 27-NOV-2000; 2000MO-GB04501.

PR 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.

PA (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

XX Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

XX WPI; 2001-398131/42.

PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
PT molecules and treating neurological diseases

PS Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.

CC AAG62970-AAG63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3)  
CC of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification  
CC describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members,  
CC each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable,  
CC when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles or  
CC in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL  
CC variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass  
CC through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for  
CC the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such  
CC as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain  
CC cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB  
CC breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind  
CC transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis  
CC and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases,

CC such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia,  
CC epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving  
CC inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 11;  
Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 0.097;  
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGIHV 11  
| | | | | | | |  
Db 2 srdsqnhv 11

## RESULT 5

AAG62980  
ID AAG62980 standard; peptide; 11 AA.

AC AAG62980;

DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)

DE Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G78.

KW Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;  
KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;  
KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;  
KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200144300-A2.

PD 21-JUN-2001.

PF 27-NOV-2000; 2000MO-GB04501.

PR 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.

PA (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

XX Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

XX WPI; 2001-398131/42.

PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members  
PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different  
PT molecules and treating neurological diseases

PS Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.

CC AAG62970-AAG63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3)  
CC of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification  
CC describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members,  
CC each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable,  
CC when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles or  
CC in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL  
CC variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass  
CC through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for  
CC the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such  
CC as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain  
CC cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB  
CC breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind  
CC transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis  
CC and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases,  
CC such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia,  
CC epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving  
CC inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 11;  
 Best Local Similarity 90.0%; Pred. No. 0.097;  
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11  
 ||||| |||  
 Db 2 srdssghv 11

## RESULT 6

AA62984 standard; peptide; 11 AA.

AC AAG62984;

DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)

DE Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G81.

Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier; endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule; transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease; prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200144300-A2.

PD 21-JUN-2001.

PF 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.

PR 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.

PA (CAME-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

PI Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

DR WPI: 2001-398131/42.

PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different molecules and treating neurological diseases

PS Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.

AA62970-AA63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members, each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable, when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles or in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases, such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia, CC epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.

SO Sequence 11 AA;

## Query Match

Best Local Similarity 76.4%; Score 42; DB 22; Length 11;  
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11

Db ||||| |||  
 2 srdssghv 11

## RESULT 7

AA62972 standard; peptide; 11 AA.

AC AAG62972;

DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)

DE Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G67.

Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier; endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule; transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease; prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN WO200144300-A2.

PD 21-JUN-2001.

PF 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.

PR 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.

PA (CAME-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.

PI Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;

DR WPI: 2001-398131/42.

PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different molecules and treating neurological diseases

PS Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.

AA62970-AA63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members, each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable, when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles or in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases, such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia, CC epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.

SO Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 70.9%; Score 39; DB 22; Length 11;

Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 0.37;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 SRDSSGHHV 11

Db 2 srdssghv 11

## RESULT 8

AA62982



```

ID AAG62982 standard; peptide; 11 AA.
XX
AC AAG62982;
XX
DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G79.
XX
KW Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;
KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;
KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;
KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO200144300-A2.
XX
PD 21-JUN-2001.
XX
PE 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.
XX
PF 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.
XX
PA (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.
XX
PI Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-398131/42.
XX
PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members
PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different
PT molecules and treating neurological diseases
XX
PS Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.
XX
CC AAG62970-AAG63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3)
CC of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification
CC describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members,
CC each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable,
CC when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles or
CC in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL
CC variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass
CC through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for
CC the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such
CC as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain
CC cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB
CC breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind
CC transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis
CC and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases,
CC such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia,
CC epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving
CC inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.
CC
XX Sequence 11 AA;
SQ

```

Query Match 70.9%; Score 39; DB 22; Length 11;  
 Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 0.37;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

OY 2 SRDSSGIHV 11
   ||||| 11:
DB 2 srdsghv1 11

```

RESULT 9  
 ID AAG62998 standard; peptide; 11 AA.  
 AC AAG62998;  
 XX  
 DT 01-OCT-2001 (first entry)  
 XX

```

DE Complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3) of VL chain of clone G101.
XX
KW Antibody; light chain; VL; amyloid protein; blood brain barrier;
KW endothelial cell; brain cell antigen; inflammation; adhesion molecule;
KW transferrin receptor; neurological disease; Alzheimer's disease;
KW prion disease; AIDS-related dementia; epilepsy; brain injury.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO200144300-A2.
XX
PD 21-JUN-2001.
XX
PE 27-NOV-2000; 2000WO-GB04501.
XX
PF 13-DEC-1999; 99US-0170599.
XX
PA (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.
XX
PI Webster C, Osbourn J, Ward G, Miller K;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-398131/42.
XX
PT Mixture or panel of antibodies for selecting specific binding members
PT that cross the blood brain barrier, for use in delivering different
PT molecules and treating neurological diseases
XX
PS Claim 1; Page 76; 109pp; English.
XX
CC AAG62970-AAG63005 represent complementarity determining region 3 (CDR3)
CC of VL and VH chains of antibodies of the invention. The specification
CC describes a mixture or panel of 5 different specific binding members,
CC each comprising an antibody VH and/or VL variable domain and capable,
CC when displayed on the surface of filamentous bacteriophage particles or
CC in the case of a specific binding member comprising the D5 VH and/or VL
CC variable domain when bound to human serum amyloid protein, to pass
CC through a mammalian blood brain barrier (BBB). The panel is useful for
CC the selection of specific binding members with a desired property such
CC as ability to cross BBB, ability to bind endothelial cells or other brain
CC cell antigen, ability to bind areas of inflammation in the brain or BBB
CC breakdown or ability to bind intracellular adhesion molecules and to bind
CC transferrin receptor. The antibodies are useful in diagnosis, prophylaxis
CC and treatment of human or animal body, including neurological diseases,
CC such as Alzheimer's disease, prion disease, AIDS-related dementia,
CC epilepsy and traumatic brain injury and any diseases involving
CC inflammation occurring within the brain or central nervous system.
CC
XX Sequence 11 AA;
SQ

```

Query Match 70.9%; Score 39; DB 22; Length 11;  
 Best Local Similarity 80.0%; Pred. No. 0.37;  
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

OY 2 SRDSSGIHV 11
   ||||| 11:
DB 2 srdsghv1 11

```

RESULT 10  
 ID AAU02694 standard; Peptide; 9 AA.  
 AC AAU02694;  
 XX  
 DT 29-AUG-2001 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE CDR region of anti-adipocyte antibody heavy chain, FAT 58.  
 XX  
 KW Antibody; adipocyte; heavy chain; light chain; obesity; fat;  
 KW heart disease; complementarity determining region; CDR.  
 XX  
 OS Homo sapiens.

XX WO200127279-A1.  
 PN 19-APR-2001.  
 PD 11-OCT-2000; 2000WO-GB03900.  
 PF 12-OCT-1999; 99US-0158812.  
 PR (CAMP-) CAMBRIDGE ANTIBODY TECHNOLOGY.  
 PA Edwards BM, Main SH, Vaughan TJ;  
 PI WPI: 2001-282031/29.  
 DR N-PSDB; AAS03470.  
 XX  
 XX Panel of specific binding members of antibody molecules which bind to  
 PT whole adipocytes is used in the treatment of obesity and obesity  
 PT related diseases -

Example 7; Page 78; 182pp; English.

CC AAU02501-AAU02635, and AAU02641-AAU02748 represent the amino acid  
 CC sequences of anti-adipocyte monoclonal antibody heavy chain, light  
 CC chain, and heavy chain complementarity determining regions (CDR) of the  
 CC invention. The antibodies can be used in the treatment of obesity and  
 CC obesity related diseases. The antibodies can be used to deliver drugs or  
 CC pro-drugs directly to the fat mass of an obese patient or the antibody  
 CC can be used as a therapeutic itself. Antibodies binding specifically to  
 CC adipocytes can be used to activate the immune system to destroy the cells  
 CC by complement mediated lysis. The antibodies may be labeled with a  
 CC detectable label such as radiolabel, fluorescent or chemical group and  
 CC used in methods of diagnosis in human subjects e.g. to determine the  
 CC presence of adipocyte antigen on the surface of an adipocyte to detect or  
 CC determine the presence or level of adipocytes in a cell or tissue sample.  
 CC The antibodies can be used as an alternative means of treatment for obese  
 CC patients other than undergoing surgery to remove excess fat. Antibodies  
 CC for different types of fat deposits can also be produced e.g. intra-  
 CC abdominal fat associated with heart disease.

XX Sequence 9 AA;

Query Match 63.6%; Score 35; DB 22; Length 9;  
 Best Local Similarity 75.0%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 6; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Or 3 RDSSGITH 10  
 |||||  
 2 rdsqyhl 9

RESULT 11

AA95197  
 ID AA95197 standard; Peptide: 9 AA.

XX AA95197;

DT 29-AUG-2000 (first entry)

DE Anti-platelet glycoprotein IB human H1b-1 VL CDR3.

XX Variable light chain; single chain antibody; scFv; human; H1b-1;

KW glycoprotein IB alpha; platelet; aggregation; antiaggregant;

KW antithrombotic; thrombus; therapy; diagnostic; CDR3;

KM complementarity determining region.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO200026667-A1.

XX 11-MAY-2000.

PE 29-OCT-1999; 99WO-US25495.  
 PR 30-OCT-1998; 98US-0106275.  
 XX (MILL/) MILLER J L.

PA Miller JL;

PI WPI: 2000-365744/31.

DR Isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding anti-human platelet

PT glycoprotein IB alpha molecule useful for producing antibodies which

PT inhibit platelet aggregation -

PS Claim 21; Fig 5; 89pp; English.

CC The present sequence is that of complementarity determining region  
 CC 3 (CDR3) of the light chain variable region (VL) of human  
 CC single chain antibody (scFv) H1b-1 (see AA95198), which is directed  
 CC against platelet glycoprotein IB (GP1b). The H1b series of scFv  
 CC was isolated from a human synthetic VH and VL scFv library on the  
 CC basis of their binding to platelet GP1b. Whether displayed as  
 CC surface proteins on a phagemid or secreted as free scFv by  
 CC Escherichia coli, the H1b scFv clones are capable of inhibiting  
 CC von Willebrand factor-dependent aggregation of platelets. The scFv  
 CC are composed of native human protein sequences and are therefore  
 CC attractive potential reagents for therapeutic purposes. They  
 CC provide a new class of antithrombotic agents, useful for the  
 CC prevention of platelet-dependent thrombi in diseased arteries,  
 CC bypass grafts, dialysis etc., and can also be used as diagnostic  
 CC reagents. Methods of inhibiting aggregation of platelets, of  
 CC binding human platelet GP1b alpha and of selecting a VH or VL  
 CC region of an antibody that inhibits platelet aggregation are  
 CC claimed. Fragments of the scFv VH or VL chain, including CDR  
 CC fragments, are also claimed.

SQ Sequence 9 AA;

Query Match 61.8%; Score 34; DB 21; Length 9;  
 Best Local Similarity 87.5%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 SRDSSGITH 9  
 |||||  
 2 srdsqnh 9

RESULT 12  
 AA95218  
 ID AA95218 standard; Peptide: 9 AA.

XX AA95218;

DT 29-AUG-2000 (first entry)

DE Anti-platelet glycoprotein IB human H1b-3 VL CDR3.

XX Variable light chain; single chain antibody; scFv; human; H1b-3;

KW glycoprotein IB alpha; platelet; aggregation; antiaggregant;

KW antithrombotic; thrombus; therapy; diagnostic; CDR3;

KM complementarity determining region.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO200026667-A1.

XX 11-MAY-2000.

XX 29-OCT-1999; 99WO-US25495.

XX 30-OCT-1998; 98US-0106275.

PA (MILL.) MILLER J L.  
 XX  
 PI Miller JL;  
 XX  
 DR WPI; 2000-365744/31.  
 XX  
 PT Isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding anti-human platelet  
 PT glycoprotein Ib alpha molecule useful for producing antibodies which  
 PT inhibit platelet aggregation -  
 XX  
 PS Claim 21; Fig 7; 89pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC The present sequence is that of complementarity determining region  
 CC 3 (CDR3) of the light chain variable region (VL) of human  
 CC single chain antibody (scFv) Hib-3 (see AAY95219), which is directed  
 CC against platelet glycoprotein Ib (GPIb). The Hib series of scFv  
 CC was isolated from a human synthetic VH and VL scFv library on the  
 CC basis of their binding to platelet GPIb. Whether displayed as  
 CC surface proteins on a phagemid or secreted as free scFv by  
 CC Escherichia coli, the Hib scFv clones are capable of inhibiting  
 CC von Willebrand factor-dependent aggregation of platelets. The scFv  
 CC are composed of native human protein sequences and are therefore  
 CC attractive potential reagents for therapeutic purposes. They  
 CC provide a new class of antithrombotic agents, useful for the  
 CC prevention of platelet-dependent thrombi in diseased arteries,  
 CC bypass grafts, dialysis etc., and can also be used as diagnostic  
 CC reagents. Methods of inhibiting aggregation of platelets, of  
 CC binding human platelet GPIb alpha and of selecting a VH or VL  
 CC region of an antibody that inhibits platelet aggregation are  
 CC claimed. Fragments of the scFv VH or VL chain, including CDR  
 CC fragments, are also claimed.  
 XX  
 SO Sequence 9 AA;  
 XX  
 Query Match 61.8%; Score 34; DB 21; Length 9;  
 Best Local Similarity 87.5%; Pred. No. 6.4e+05;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 2 SRDSSGIR 9  
 DB 2 srdssgnh 9  
 XX  
 RESULT 13  
 AAR8543  
 ID AAR8543 standard; peptide; 10 AA.  
 XX  
 AAR8543;  
 XX  
 DT 09-SEP-1996 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Varicella zoster GE glycoprotein residues 126-135.  
 XX  
 KW Glycoprotein; GE; VZV; antibody; GB; immunoreactive; immune response;  
 KW infection; diagnosis; therapy.  
 XX  
 OS Varicella-zoster virus.  
 XX  
 PN WO9601900-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 25-JAN-1996.  
 XX  
 PF 03-JUL-1995; 95WO-GB01566.  
 XX  
 PR 07-JUL-1994; 94GB-0013751.  
 XX  
 PA (BRBI-) BRITISH BIOTECH PHARM LTD.  
 XX  
 PI Fowler WJ, Garcia-valcarcel Munoz-repiso M, Harper DR;  
 PI Layton GJ;  
 XX  
 PS WPI; 1996-097630/10.

XX  
 PT New isolated Varicella zoster GE polypeptide(s) - used to develop  
 PT products for use in vaccines, passive immunisation and diagnosis  
 PT involving VZV infection  
 XX  
 PS Claim 3; Page 37; 47pp; English.  
 XX  
 CC AAR8522-R8549 represent fragments of the Varicella-Zoster virus (VZV)  
 CC GE glycoprotein. This sequence represents residues 126-135 of GE.  
 CC These sequences are used to create antibodies against the VZV GE.  
 CC glycoprotein. GE is one of six glycoproteins encoded by the VZV genome.  
 CC From these six proteins, GE and GB are the major immunoreactive  
 CC glycoproteins. These sequences can be used for stimulating an immune  
 CC response against VZV infection. These peptides can also be used for  
 CC determining the presence of anti-VZV GE antibodies in a sample, and in  
 CC the diagnosis of VZV infection. The antibodies against these sequences  
 CC can be used for passive immunisation treatment, and in diagnostic  
 CC applications. This sequence contains the major VZV GE immunodominant  
 CC epitope and allows the development of products which can produce an  
 CC enhanced and broader immune response.  
 XX  
 SO Sequence 10 AA;  
 XX  
 Query Match 58.2%; Score 32; DB 17; Length 10;  
 Best Local Similarity 62.5%; Pred. No. 7.7;  
 Matches 5; Conservative 2; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 4 DSSGIRHV 11  
 DB 3 ddtgihvi 10  
 XX  
 RESULT 14  
 AAU08356  
 ID AAU08356 standard; peptide; 11 AA.  
 XX  
 AC AAU08356;  
 XX  
 DT 17-DEC-2001 (first entry)  
 XX  
 DE Antibody light chain variable region CDR3 #4.  
 XX  
 KW Antibody; light chain; CDR2; complementarity determining region; ORebp;  
 KW osteopathic; osteoprotegrin binding protein; osteoclast formation;  
 KW bone resorption; loss of bone mass; bone tumour; osteoporosis;  
 KW bone cancer; rheumatoid arthritis; hypercalcaemia of malignancy;  
 KW steroid-induced osteoporosis.  
 XX  
 OS Synthetic.  
 XX  
 PN WO200162932-A1.  
 XX  
 PD 30-AUG-2001.  
 XX  
 PF 23-FEB-2001; 2001WO-US05973.  
 XX  
 PR 23-FEB-2000; 2000US-051139.  
 XX  
 PR 22-FEB-2001; 2001US-0791153.  
 XX  
 PA (AMGE-) AMGEN INC.  
 XX  
 PI Deshpande RV, Hiltz A, Boyle WJ, Sullivan JK;  
 PI WPI; 2001-557706/62.  
 XX  
 PT Antibodies that bind antagonistically to osteoprotegrin binding  
 PT protein, useful for treating osteoporosis, metastasis of cancer to  
 PT bone, rheumatoid arthritis, hypercalcaemia of malignancy and  
 PT steroid-induced osteoporosis -  
 XX  
 PS Claim 14; Page 129; 239pp; English.

CC The invention relates to an antibody or antigen binding domain (or  
 CC fragment, variant or derivative), which binds to an osteoprotegerin  
 CC binding protein (OPGbp) and which is an antagonistic antibody.  
 CC The antibody or antigen binding domain may be administered to inhibit  
 CC osteoclast formation or activation, inhibit bone resorption in a mammal,  
 CC prevent or treat loss of bone mass in a mammal and to prevent or treat  
 CC tumour cell growth in bone. The loss of bone mass results from  
 CC osteoporosis, metastasis of cancer to bone, rheumatoid arthritis,  
 CC hypercalcaemia of malignancy and steroid-induced osteoporosis. The  
 CC present sequence is an antibody light chain variable region  
 CC complementarily determining region, CDR3, which can be incorporated into  
 CC an antibody/antigen binding domain of the invention.  
 CC  
 SO Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 58.2%; Score 32; DB 22; Length 11;  
 Best Local Similarity 70.0%; Pred. No. 8.6;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 2 SRDSSGIRHV 11  
 | | | | | : |  
 Db 2 strdssgnyv 11

## RESULT 15

AAW62282  
 ID AAW62282 standard; peptide: 11 AA.

AAW62282;

24-SEP-1998 (first entry)

Synthetic immunoglobulin TVG 405 light chain CDR3 peptide.

XX HPV16; human papilloma virus; epithelial tumour; cervical cancer;  
 KW precancerous cervical lesion; screening; detection; infection; cervix;  
 KW HPV E4; immunoglobulin; antibody.  
 XX

OS Synthetic.

OS Human papillomavirus.

PN WO9825145-A1.

PD 11-JUN-1998.

PF 03-DEC-1997; 97WO-GB03321.

05-SEP-1997; 97GB-0018745.  
 03-DEC-1996; 96GB-0025142.

(MEDI-) MEDICAL RES COUNCIL.

Doorbar J;

WPI; 1998-333497/29.

XX Detecting papilloma virus infection using molecule binding to E4  
 PT protein - useful, e.g. in screening for pre-cancerous cervical  
 PT lesions and to determine type(s) of human papilloma virus infecting  
 PT human patients  
 XX

Example 2; Page 17; 52pp; English.

XX A new method has been developed for detecting a papilloma virus infection  
 CC in an organism. The method comprises: (i) obtaining a sample of cells  
 CC from the potential infection site; (ii) contacting the cells with a  
 CC molecule binding specifically to papilloma virus E4 protein, and (iii)  
 CC monitoring the binding. The method is useful to detect papilloma virus  
 CC infections in organisms (especially mammals) and especially HPV  
 CC infections (e.g. with HPV16, 18, 33, 35, 45, 51, 56, 58 or 61) in humans.  
 CC Papilloma viruses cause epithelial tumours in humans varying in severity  
 CC depending on the infection site and HPV type involved. The method is

CC particularly useful to determine papilloma infection in the mammalian  
 CC cervix and especially to screen for pre-cancerous cervical lesions in  
 CC humans, since over 90% of cervical carcinoma patients show cervical HPV  
 CC infection. It is also useful to determine the type(s) of HPV infection in  
 CC a patient, by using a molecule binding specifically to a subset of HPV E4  
 CC proteins. This is important, since progression to malignant disease (and  
 CC hence clinical prognosis) is dependent on HPV type. Molecules capable of  
 CC binding E4 are also useful to target anticancer/antiviral agents capable  
 CC of destroying papilloma viruses and/or papilloma virus-infected cells.  
 CC The present sequence represents a synthetic immunoglobulin TVG 405 light  
 CC chain CDR3 peptide, from an example of the present invention.  
 CC  
 SO Sequence 11 AA;

Query Match 54.5%; Score 30; DB 19; Length 11;  
 Best Local Similarity 70.0%; Pred. No. 21;  
 Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;  
 QY 2 SRDSSGIRHV 11  
 | | | | | : |  
 Db 2 strdssgnyv 11

Search completed: June 12, 2002, 11:11:06  
 Job time: 227 sec